SEWING MACHINES!

WILCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINES,

ATTACHMENTS, OIL, AND NEEDLES,

MACHINES RENTED,

EXCHANGED AND REPAIRED.

Other Kinds of Machines furnished if Desired.

A COMPETENT INSTRUCTRESS ALWAYS IN THE OFFICE.

CASHIN'S BUILDING,

Garden St., Rondout.

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE and MARINE.

STOW & BENSON,

Representing the following First-Class and Popular Insurance Companies,

WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF OVER

$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.
ROYAL, Liverpool.
INSURANCE CO. of North America, Philadelphia.
PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Philadelphia.
HOME, FIRE, New York.
COMMERCE, New York.
WESTCHESTER, New York.
MERCHANTS, " "
LORILLARD, " "
ATLANTIC, " "
NIAGARA, " "
REPUBLIC, " "
EXCHANGE, " "
MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' MARINE, N. Y.
HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Pay Promptly.

DANIEL B. STOW,
ANTHONY BENSON.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

REAL ESTATE

FIRE, MARINE & LIFE INSURANCE.

Risks taken on all kinds of Property in first-class Companies.

River & Canal Navigation Risks on Hulls and Cargoes.

LIFE INSURANCE ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

OFFICE NEWKIRK BUILDING (2d floor), DIVISION ST., RONDOUT.

GEORGE NORTH, Jr., Agent.

BRINKERHOFF HOUSE,

WOODSTOCK, ULSTER CO., N. Y.

H. S. VAN ETTEN, MANAGER.

This popular summer resort is situated near the foot of Overlook Mountain, in a section unsurpassed for mountain views, fine drives, and general healthfulness. The house has been

NEWLY FURNISHED

And fitted up in first-class style. WARM MEALS will be furnished at all times of the day for guests on their way to the Mountain House, and for travelers generally.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

The few compositions, which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues.—Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvellous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues, never equaled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the Cherry Pectoral has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season.—Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it, and otherwise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

WATCHES,

JEWELRY, &c.

REPAIRED AT

A. RICE'S, Division St., Rondout.

The Daily Freeman.

VOL. 3.—NO. 81. CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT.) FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1874. WHOLE NO. 700.

MORELLE'S FLIRTATION.

Continued.

"'Don't doubt it, Jacky. She is rather a good-looking person.'

"'Good-looking! Dick Cheever. Confound you for the besotted pagan that you are. Good-looking! you booby. She's divine! I'd give a fortune to know who she is. I wonder what her name can be? I'd suffer tortures to find out.'

"'Bring on your tortures, then,' cried Bert, looking not at Morelle, but at Dick.—'I can tell you that I saw the name on her shopping-bag.'

"'O Bertie!' begged Johnny, 'I'll do anything for you. I'll do anything for you.—I'll ——'

"'Bah! Hush up, Ring, and I'll tell you.' 'Ring' was short for 'Ringlets,' a title which Bert had conferred on Johnny by virtue of his curls. These Morelle's sisters were more than suspected of doing up nightly in papers, the three taking the duty on themselves in turn. 'The name was Helena Bristed.'

"Of course Johnny went into raptures over the name, and we all, to do ourselves justice, cheered him on. It was a dull day, and we could think of no better sport that morning, nor, in fact, for many mornings after it, than to stir up Johnny and to draw him out on the subject of the magnificent Miss Bristed. Volumes would not hold the written out details of that fellow's love affair. The toilets that he made, the gloves he ruined, and the jewelry that he bought and was going to buy; the letters he wrote and destroyed; the whispered confidences with Dick and Bertie; and, after all, the fact that the thing was entirely on one side, for, barring two or three meetings on the train, when Johnny picked up her handkerchief or opened a window for her, and received the shortest words of thanks, Miss Bristed herself appeared not to have figured in the proceedings at all. But at length there came a change. One morning Johnny danced in upon us as if on air, all his pink and white face aglow, and his tongue just frantic in the effort to do the work of ten tongues at once. He had sat beside the beautiful creature all the way into town.—'And she talked, and I know where she lives, a gorgeous place, with lawn and greenhouses, and she should have a palace, and O——' Customers stopped Johnny's tongue. Nothing else could have done it, and that afternoon, in the midst of this ecstasy, Satan put it into Bert Fletcher's heart to tempt Johnny to indite some poetry to Miss Bristed. Would you believe it, that goose actually equipped himself with a quire of foolscap, plus a ream of gilt-edge note paper, and went into retirement behind a packing box, and set about it. We agreed to do his work for him, and two hours later the young lover came out with his eyes big and bright, his cheeks burning, his curls like a mouse's nest, and some rhymes about 'love' and 'dove,' and 'croon' and 'moon,' and 'mourn' and 'forlorn,' and no end of stuff, and which we all swore—mercy on us for the perjury—was poetry. It was actually sent. Bert undertaking to convey it to the post himself, and coming back looking wickeder than ever. Only two days afterwards, if it can be credited, Johnny came flying in with a flutter of note paper, a general flutter, in fact, flourishing the tiny sheet aloft, and summoning all hands to an audience, while he read some very smooth little rhymes over the sign manual of Helena Bristed. The poem of Johnny had actually brought an answer. "That woman hadn't written really to him!" exclaimed Mrs. Fred, looking shocked. "Written? You should have seen the piles of poetry and other effusions that passed between them after that. Morelle waxed more sublime than ever, began to take airs as of a family man elect, and consorted chiefly with Dick Cheever, who was known to be engaged. All this while Bert was running over with fun, and, indeed, he himself darkly hinted to me more than once that there would be richer sport by and by.

"'Wright, just you look here.' That was one evening when Johnny had dragged me off to a corner, and whispering mysteriously. If people have got anything to tell, they, you see, always take me to tell it to. Don't know why, I'm sure. It's my phiz, I suppose. I must have a receptive air, I think. Anyhow, I'm always made the victim of secrets. Now, Johnny's was a box as big as your thumb, and in it, on a velvet cushion, a ring. 'What's that for Jacky?' says I. 'Can't you think, Wright?' 'Not if I were to die for it,' I said—I lied, of course." "Fred." "Oh, if I could but show you how that little scamp looked, so portentious and solemn. 'Fred, the time has come. I'm "on the eve of great events." I think I shall have my crisis to-night.' 'To-night?' 'To-night, Frederic.—She has promised to meet me in the Laurel Terrace of her home to-night, and walk with me. She has promised.' 'All right. I wish you joy, Johnny, only it's dark as Egypt, and you'll have to imagine each other's beauties; but that you're equal to, I suppose. You're good at imagining. Good night.' So I left Johnny to flirt with his divine Helena, and that evening I had a telegram from Cousin Dolly in Baltimore that Aunt Nan was dying, and I set off express for her bedside. She didn't die then, and she hasn't died yet, and I have a premonition that she'll live to wear crape for me and my wife and children. But, anyhow I was gone a fortnight, and when I came back there was a great to-do at 780 Broadway. Dyce & Dillon proposed to send some one to Paris. Dick Cheever was the man, so he was to be married, and take madame on the wedding tour, and so 'kill two birds with one stone,' as the saying goes.—Thus, instead of weeping at Aunt Nan's obsequies, I was bidden to dance at Dick's wedding, I and the rest, and we did it with a will. Of course, we all dressed in our best clothes, and our best tempers, and two of us, Johnny and I, as it chanced, were elected to escort the two Varney girls, Dick's Massachusetts cousins. Pretty girls they were, too, with hair like yellow floss silk, and long enough to tread on, but Morelle's heart was elsewhere; I could see that. 'Look, Fred,' he whispered, and spread out that little paw of his with a seal ring on the finger. 'Helena Bristed!' And he gazed at his hand as a mother on her first born. I expected to see him tear down the finger of his lavender kid, that he might devour the ring with his eyes all the while. But he didn't.

To be Continued.

—The President met Susan B. Anthony by accident on the avenue, yesterday, in company with another member of the suffrage convention, and quite a conversation took place. At length the President asked Miss Anthony if there was anything he could do for her. Miss Anthony replied that she thought the request came pretty late. She had stumped New York for the President in the last election, and then, on trying to vote for him, some of his officers had arrested her and put her in jail. She was now at large, without help, and she did not know what there was left to do, but, if the President was really in earnest in desiring to do something for her, he might please nominate Mrs. Cady Stanton for chief-justice. The President laughed, said he would think the matter over and continued his walk.—*Boston Advertiser's Special.*

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—The fight between the Rutland Herald and Globe, just now, is over their respective subscription lists. But there is an urbanity in their recriminations that is highly pleasing, as for instance, this from a Herald editorial: "The most unpleasant task which devolved upon the editor of the Herald during the time the chief of the Globe occupied a desk in this office was to convince him that truth was plenty and could at all times be safely used. His natural disposition was to economize accuracy with such sparing frugality as to inspire in us the constant fear that he would involve us in trouble. We see (and the public see) that he is now loose from all restraint, and that he is saving up a large stock of truth by the simple process of refraining from its daily use."

—Dan Rice, the old clown, has fallen under his evil star. After quite a summer tour he reached Louisville about three weeks ago, rented the exposition building and fitted it up at great expense. The first week turned out badly, and for the second time the price of admission was reduced to fifteen and twenty-five cents; but the show didn't draw. As a consequence the whole concern was attached, and on Saturday last horses, canvas and general paraphernalia were sold at auction, the celebrated blind trick horse bringing only $126. The performers, musicians, and all the employees were minus their wages, Dan not having a dollar left to pay them. During the summer Dan himself, with his blind horse, etc., was traveling with another company in Canada at $1,000 per week, and that, too, went up, leaving him minus $26,000.

—Chaplain Ives, alias Captain Spooner, a rascal who has been swindling the citizens of Minnesota and Wisconsin for some time, under the garb of a navy chaplain, was given a severe lesson, according to the La Crosse Democrat, at Warner's Landing, the other day. Detecting him in some of his villainy, the boys put a rope around his neck and hauled him up to a limb. After choking him a while he was let down, when the following questions were asked and answered: "Are you a liar?"—"Yes!" "Are you a thief?"—"Yes!" "Are you a son of a gun?"—"Yes!" "Will you git if we let you off?"—"Helen Blazes, YES!" The rope was removed, and the fellow "broke brush like an elephant." They think up there that he must be running yet.

—At a prayer meeting in Halifax Dr. Parker spoke of the rescue of the Loch Earn's crew and the Ville du Havre survivors by the British Queen. He said that the Loch Earn's crew knowing that their vessel must sink, had almost given up hope, but were cheered by the prayers and predictions of a clergyman on board, who assured them that relief would come. After they had been taken on board the British Queen the captain of that vessel told them that he had had a most unaccountable feeling that there was something for him to do; that three times during the night he changed the course of his vessel, bearing northward; that he told the watch to keep a sharp look out for a ship, and as soon as he saw the Loch Earn he bore down upon her.—The British Queen is a Nova Scotia vessel.

—Some time ago ex-Senator Charles H. Winfield of Hudson county, N. J., engaged Mrs. Lillian M. Spencer, a Newark portrait painter, to paint a portrait of his wife for a stipend of $1,000. The picture was finished, but the ex-Senator did not like it, and refused to pay the price. The artist sued, and Tuesday the case was decided. The trial drew many artists and connoisseurs. The artists testified that while the portrait was not perfect, it was evidently a good one. At length, that the jury might see for themselves, Mrs. Winfield was placed in position near the picture, which was full-sized, and the experts resumed their criticisms. They then testified that the picture was one of considerable merit. The jury disagreed.

The Sleeping Cars.

Every traveler knows that the sleeping-car deserves great praise. It has been a nerve-composing boon to all sorts of peripatetic folk; and in the enjoyment of its comforts how often have we fitted on an appendix to Sancho's benediction, and have deemed the man who invented sleep only a little higher in our gratitude than the man who invented sleeping-cars. Indeed, for a good many of us wandering Jews and Gentiles, the former inventor would have lived in vain had it not been for the happy device of the latter. Ah, the dear joy (dear in more senses than one) to the haggard wretch on nocturnal travels bent, of stetching his whole weary length on the cushioned expanse of Mr. Pullman's couch, and there reposing and dosing at the rate of forty miles an hour—shot furiously through space, feet foremost, like some crooked bifurcated arrow, and wrapt in slumber all the while! Therefore let no critical expressions that may presently drop from us give the idea that we do not duly appreciate the sleeping-car, and pay all honor to the great Pullman as a man who deserves well of his kind. But there is something quite wrong about the sleeping-car, and it needs reforming. Why should its interior arrangements, which in mechanism and upholstery and ornamentation are so perfect, be so imperfect in its arrangements for propriety and even decency? Why should those delicate personal reserves which civilized society imposes upon ladies and gentlemen outside of the sleeping-car, be made impossible inside of it? Is the sort of decorum which we now speak of a code of beautiful maxims and practices important to all but the people who happen to be on a journey? The truth is that American civilization itself is in danger of disgrace and actual detriment in manners and morals, through the indecorous promiscuousness enforced upon travelers in these public conveyances. Surely a brain so fertile in resources as Mr. Pullman's can provide against this evil, the sight of which is a shock of disgust to all well-bred and right-thinking people. Of course in such cases it is always easier to suggest what should be done, than to suggest how it can be done; yet nothing should hinder us from doing what we can to direct public opinion towards a nuisance that must be abated somehow.—*Christian Union.*

The Humbug Duplex.

The Rochester Express speaks of the humbug duplex as follows: "We do not believe that Commodore Vanderbilt or the majority of the stockholders of the Central Railroad know anything of the workings of the "duplex" system. If they did, we are confident it would not last any length of time. It appears to be impossible for the Conductors, of way trains especially, to carry out their instructions. Many passengers get off before the Conductors get to them. The writer has had several opportunities to witness the operations of the "duplex." He has seen people alight from the trains with their tickets in their pockets, and others laughed in their sleeves because they were not called upon for their fares. The system is a good thing for the inventor. He feathers his nest, but the railroad company, no doubt, lose many fares every day. We do not believe there is a conductor on the way trains who can conform to the regulations, however active he may be."

GO FOR A. RICE'S

FIVE CENT

HAVANA SCRAP SEGARS

CANNOT BE BEAT.

Prospectus for 1874--7th Year.

The Aldine,

An illustrated Monthly Journal, universally admitted to be the Handsomest Periodical in the World. A Representative and Champion of American Taste.

Not for Sale at Book or News Stores.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or *timely* interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light and graceful literature, and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of *THE ALDINE* will be most appreciated after it has been bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of similar class, *THE ALDINE* is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes *for ten times its cost; and then, there are the chromos, besides!*

ART DEPARTMENT, 1873.

The illustrations of *THE ALDINE* have won a world-wide reputation, and in the art centres of Europe it is an admitted fact that its wood cuts are examples of the highest perfection ever attained. The common prejudice in favor of "steel plates" is rapidly yielding to a more educated and discriminating taste which recognizes the advantages of superior artistic quality with greater facility of production. The wood-cuts of *THE ALDINE* possess all the delicacy and elaborate finish of the most costly steel plate, while they afford a better rendering of the artist's original.

To fully realize the wonderful work which *THE ALDINE* is doing for the cause of art culture in America, it is only necessary to consider the cost to the people of any other decent representations of the productions of great painters.

In addition to designs by the members of the National Academy, and other noted American artists, *THE ALDINE* will reproduce examples of the best foreign masters, selected with a view to the highest artistic success and greatest general interest. Thus the subscriber to *THE ALDINE* will, at a trifling cost, enjoy in his own home the pleasures and refining influences of true art.

The quarterly tinted plates for 1874 will be by Thos. Moran and J. D. Woodward.

The Christmas issue for 1874 will contain special designs appropriate to the season, by our best artists, and will surpass in attractions any of its predecessors.

PREMIUM FOR 1874.

Every subscriber to *THE ALDINE* for the year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos. The original pictures were painted in oil for the publishers of *THE ALDINE*, by Thomas Moran, whose great Colorado picture was purchased by Congress for ten thousand dollars. The subjects were chosen to represent "The East" and "The West." One is a view in The White Mountains, New Hampshire; the other gives The Cliffs of Green River, Wyoming Territory. The difference in the nature of the scenes themselves is a pleasing contrast, and affords a good display of the artist's scope and coloring. The chromos are each worked from thirty distinct plates, and are in size (12x16) and appearance exact fac-similes of the originals. The presentation of a worthy example of America's greatest landscape painter to the subscribers of *THE ALDINE* was a bold but peculiarly happy idea, and its successful realization is attested by the following testimonial, over the signature of Mr. Moran himself:

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 20th, 1873.

MESSRS. JAMES SUTTON & CO.

Gentlemen:—I am delighted with the proof in color of your chromos. They are wonderfully successful representations by mechanical process of the original paintings.

Very respectfully,
(Signed,) THOS. MORAN.

These chromos are in every sense American. They are by an original American process, with material of American manufacture, from designs of American scenery by an American painter, and presented to subscribers to the first successful American Art Journal. If no better because of all this, they will certainly possess an interest no foreign production can inspire, and neither are they any the worse if by reason of peculiar facilities of production they cost the publishers only a trifle, *while equal in every respect to other chromos that are sold singly for double the subscription price of THE ALDINE.* Persons of taste will prize these pictures for themselves—not for the price they did or did not cost, and will appreciate the enterprise that renders their distribution possible.

If any subscriber should indicate a preference for a figure subject, the publishers will send "Thoughts of Home," new and beautiful chromo 14x20 inches, representing a little Italian exile whose speaking eyes betray the longings of his heart.

For 50 cents extra, *the chromos will be sent, mounted, varnished, and prepaid by mail.*

THE ALDINE will hereafter, be obtained only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rate; cash for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, *without responsibility to the publishers*, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the *fac-simile* signature of JAMES SUTTON & CO.

Any person wishing to act permanently as local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

JAMES SUTTON & CO., Publishers,
58 Maiden Lane, New York

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly.

THE NEW YORK DAILY TIMES.

IS THE

ONLY REPUBLICAN JOURNAL IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The high character which THE DAILY TIMES has borne in the past is a sufficient guarantee for its conduct in the future. It will continue to advocate the cause of the public, without reference to the interests of individuals. No expense will be spared in the maintenance of its position as the foremost of American journals. It is the best daily family newspaper in the country. It has the latest news, the best foreign correspondence, and the largest staff of home correspondents. All objectionable news and advertisements are rigidly excluded.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

THE DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition.....$12
THE DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition..... 10
The Sunday Edition, per annum..... 2

Semi-Weekly Times.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES contains a very careful epitome of our foreign and home correspondence; an interesting selection of current literature from the best foreign and domestic magazines; a choice variety of agricultural matter, and the very latest news up to the hour of going to press. TERMS—$3 per annum. Club rates—Two copies, one year, $5; Ten copies, one year, $25, and one extra copy free. New names may oe added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

The Weekly Times.

THE WEEKLY TIMES is undoubtedly the best paper for the farmer, for the mechanic, and for all who live in localities which are served only by weekly mails. It contains, in addition to editorial comments on current topics, an excellent condensation of the news of the week; the most important events, both home and foreign, are reviewed at length, and a large quantity of matter is given especially interesting to the farmer and mechanic. Its market reports are the fullest and most accurate in the country. TERMS—$2 per annum.

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post Office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and one extra copy to each club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one Post Office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send money in a *registered* letter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES,
New York City.

KINDLING WOOD FACTORY.

M. H. LARKIN

Has opened a

KINDLING WOOD FACTORY,

Corner of HASBROUCK and FLATBUSH AVENUES, next door to Henry Kolts' Wagon Factory, where he will keep on hand and for sale a large supply of

HARD AND SOFT WOOD

By the BUNCH, BUNDLE or CORD, at reasonable prices. Customers supplied at the shortest notice.

FOR SALE.—A new 1,200 lbs. Fairbanks Platform Scales for sale cheap. Inquire of M. J. MADDEN, Rondout N. Y.

A. A. CROSBY & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CROSBY, MORE & CO.,

CORNER

DIVISION & GARDEN Sts.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Builders', Saddlers', Carriage-Makers' and Fancy Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Tar, Pitch, Oakum.

Carriage and Sleigh Wood-Work,

INCLUDING HUBS, SPOKES FELLOES, SHAFTS AND POLES,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

ALSO

Leather and Rubber Belting, Sporting and Blasting Powder.

GUNS & PISTOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.

AGENTS FOR

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE

AND

Lodi Manufacturing Company's Poudrette.

MECHANICS' TOOLS A SPECIALTY.

WARRANTING ALL GOODS AS RECOMMENDED AND AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

Thanking the general public for their favors and patronage to the old, we solicit a continuance of the same to the new firm.

A. A. CROSBY,
P. S. GALLAGHER.

JUST RECEIVED AT

The Popular Store,

JAMES KERLEY,

No. 4 Mansion House Building,

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS, FLANNELS, BALMORAL AND FELT SKIRTS, BLANKETS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, LADIES' AND MISSES' FANCY KNIT JACKETS, NUBIAS, HOODS AND CAPS.

A full line of Ladies,' Gents,' Misses' and Children's Merino Flannel underwear; also Ladies' and Gents'

BUCKSKIN UNDERWEAR.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF HEAVY BUCKSKIN GLOVES AND MITTS; ALSO FINE KID FUR TOP GLOVES AND MITTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

REAL AND IMITATION

Hair Switches & Braids.

BANNER SHIRTS

CUT AND MADE TO ORDER.

Six White Shirts, Wamsutta muslin, for $15; Six White shirts, New York Mills muslin, for $18.

LADIES' & GENTS' KID GLOVES A SPECIALTY.

GOLD AND GOLD-PLATED JEWELRY, SHIRT-STUDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, BRACELETS, CHAINS, &c.

JAMES KERLEY,
NO. 4 MANSION HOUSE BUILDING.

RONDOUT SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICERS:

THOMAS CORNELL, PRESIDENT.
S. D. COYKENDALL, VICE PRESIDENT
A. BENSON, SECRETARY.

TRUSTEES:

Thomas Cornell, James G. Lindsley, Hiram Schoonmaker, M. J. Madden, Edward Tompkins, Thomas Murray, S. D. Coykendall, William Kelly, John Derrenbacher, Frederick Stephan, Nathaniel Booth, Wm. Lawton, Abel A. Crosby.

Place of business on the Second Floor of Masonic Hall Building.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS will commence on the first day of each month.

Business hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Tuesday evenings 6 to 9 P. M.

EDUCATIONAL HOME.—Select Boarding School for Young Ladies and Little Girls. Mr. & Mrs. D. S. TROWBRIDGE, Greenwich, Conn. D25w4

NEW LUMBER & COAL YARD.

D. C. OVERBAUGH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER & COAL DEALER,

Yard and Office on Union Av., at the junction of the N. Y. K. & S. R. R. and W. Y. & R. R. R.

PINE

Boards, Plank, Flooring, Ceiling, Shelving, Base Boards, Pickets and Siding of every variety always on hand.

SPRUCE

Flooring Ceiling, Sheathing, Plank Boards and Clap Boards.

HEMLOCK

Boards, Joists, Wall Strips, Plank and Timber of any size and length.

SHINGLES

Of Pine, Cedar, Hemlock, Spruce, and a Patent Covered Cemented Shingle

LATH & PICKETS.

All of which are being sold at Ten Per Cent Lower than any other dealer.

COAL! COAL!!

To Coal customers I would say that I am prepared to fill with promptness all orders presented and deliver the same to any part of the city, by the single or hundred tons. My Coal shall be well screened and 2,000 pounds guaranteed to the ton.

DEALERS ON THE LINE OF RAILROADS

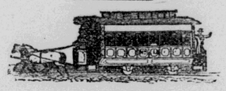
Wishing Coal or Lumber may get what they want by the Car-load or Cargo on very small commission

Kingston, Aug. 21, 1873. Call and see me. D. C. OVERBAUGH

FISHER & STONE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

WALL ST., ADJOINING COURT HOUSE.



Largest and best assortment of Fall and Winter stock in the County, comprising all the latest novelties.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, ETC.,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

BANNER SHIRTS,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE SHIRTS ON HAND. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER AND A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED,

ALSO A FINE ASSORTMENT OF BOYS' SHIRTS.

FISHER & STONE, 35 Wall St., adj. Court House.

RIDENOUR & SLEIGHT,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,

LOOKING GLASSES,

WILLOW GOODS, BRACKETS, WINDOW CORNICES,

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES, &C.,

LARGEST STORES AND LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS IN THEIR LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND ALBANY.

UNDERTAKING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Office and Principal Sale Rooms in Ridenour's Building, No. 21 Wall Street, Kingston. Manufactory and Sales Room at J. D. Sleight's old stand opposite the Kingston Tannery. RIDENOUR & SLEIGHT.

City of Kingston, April 8th, 72. 1581y

LADIES,

CALL AT THE

MILLINERY STORE

OF

ROBINSON & GILMORE

Where you can buy

TRIMMED HATS, $2.00.
OSTRICH PLUMES, $1.00.
OSTRICH TIPS, 25c. & 50c.

Jets 15c., Velveteens 75c. per yd.

AND EVERYTHING IN THE

Millinery line correspondingly Cheap.

ROBINSON & GILMORE,
Division St., near Union.

N. B.—Stamping done to order.

DENTISTRY!!

TEETH.

FRISSELLE & ROSA,

DENTISTS.

Offices in both Kingston and Rondout.

LAUGHING GAS, ETHER & CHLOROFORM administered by a Physician.

Dr. Frisselle will be at the Kingston Office every day except Thursday and Friday, when he will be at the Rondout office. Dr. Rosa will be at the Rondout Office every day except Thursday and Friday, when he will be at the Kingston Office.

KINGSTON OFFICE, corner of Wall and John Streets; RONDOUT OFFICE, over Van Deusen's Drug Store.

VOORHEES' HALL,

Corner of

East Front Street & Albany Ave.

This new hall is now completed and ready for PARTIES, BALLS, SHOWS, etc. A large SUPPER ROOM, also DRESSING and HAT ROOMS connected with the Hall. The Hall is 55 feet square and well lighted and ventilated. P. S. VOORHEES.

TO LET—A large store under the Hall, formerly used as a Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Store.

EDWIN D. BRANDOW,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

OFFICE IN HASBROUCK BLOCK, GARDEN STREET.

Special attention given to collections.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.

VOLUME FOR 1874.

THE CULTIVATOR AND COUNTRY GENTLEMEN, for the past forty years, has ranked, both in this country and abroad, as the Standard Journal of American Agriculture. The Editors and Proprietors, in addition to their own personal labors, are regularly assisted by a very large number of Special Correspondents and Regular Contributors, among whom are included many Leading Agriculturists, in all parts of the country, east and west—and by over *Five Hundred Occasional and Voluntary Writers*, directly in the ranks of the best Farmers and Horticulturists of nearly every state in the Union. With the co-operation of so large a corps of practical men, this journal is intended to possess exceptional value as the chosen *Medium of Intercommunication* among all classes interested in the Products and Fertility of the land—those who cultivate and those who consume—the buyer and shipper, as well as the first owner of the crop—breeders of improved animals and their customers—manufacturers of improved machinery and those who purchase and employ it—nurserymen and fruit raisers—and, especially, to supply fuller and better data as to the progress, prospects and returns of each successive season, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and when to Sell.*

TERMS—THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is published weekly, on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance:—One copy, one year, $2.50; Four copies, $10, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the club; Ten copies, $20, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the club.

Specimen copies free. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Publishers, Albany, N. Y.

C. D. EDMONSTON,

MANUFACTURER OF SEGARS,

Wholesale Dealer in

CHEWING,

SMOKING & PLUG TOBACCO,

BRIAR & CLAY PIPES, &c.

Garden Street, opposite Rhinebeck Ferry.

RONDOUT, N. Y.

NEW MARKET.

I am now fully at home in my NEW MARKET

COR. DIVISION & UNION ST.,

and keep always on hand the finest assortment of

MEATS OF ALL KINDS

in the city. Everything in the meat line, Fresh and corned.

LUIS MELLERT.

LAWTON & STEBBINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

No. 5 Masonic Hall building, second floor,

RONDOUT, N. Y.

The Daily Freeman

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,

Sundays excepted

BY THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

OFFICE:—MADDEN'S NEW BUILDING MILL ST., NEAR DIVISION, *RONDOUT P. O., KINGSTON, N. Y.*

Terms—Mail subscribers, $8 Per Annum in Advance, including postage. Per Carrier in Kingston City or Saugerties, $8 Per Annum in advance. By Carrier 15 cents per week. No papers will be delivered by Carrier unless paid weekly, or paid in advance three, six or twelve months. Our Carriers have orders to stop all papers more than two weeks in arrears.

Advertisements will be displayed as ordered, and charged according to the space occupied, measured down the column.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN, a large, well-filled paper, will be sent to subscribers at $1.50 per anum, payable in advance. Address

THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

JOB PRINTING in all its branches promptly, Cheaply and Neatly done. By the use of STEAM POWER and a large force we are enabled to turn out work at a rate that distances all competition. We have facilities for printing Law Cases unequaled between New York and Albany.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. Rondout, P. O., N. Y.

RESULT OF THE PANIC.

Great Bargains for Cash.

—AT—

TAPPEN, BURHANS & WEBSTER'S.

THEY HAVE OPENED THE FINE LINE OF

WINTER DRESS GOODS

EVER OPENED IN THIS CITY.

THEY BOUGHT THEM AT A FORCED SALE, AT THEIR OWN PRICE.

They are selling them at a little over half their value.

THESE GOODS ARE "LUPIN'S" MAKE IN ALL THE NEW AND DESIRABLE COLORINGS.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Drap-d-ete,	$1.00	worth	$1.50
Cashmeres,	1.00	"	1.40
Serges,	1.00	"	1.25
Baritz,	1.00	"	1.40
Poplains,	.75	"	1.00
Merinos,	.75	"	1.00
Alpacas,	.35	"	.50
Black Silk,	2.00	"	2.50
Sedan Serge,	1.00	"	1.25
French Poplins,	1.00	"	1.25
Shawls,	3.50	"	4.50

DON'T DELAY EXAMINE THE STOCK AND GET A BARGAIN.

STANDARD SHEETINGS 12½ cts. ALL OTHER "DOMESTICS" IN PROPORTION.

TAPPEN, BURHANS & WEBSTER,
Wall St., corner of John.

FURNITURE.

B. P. DECKER & BRO.,

DIVISION STREET,

ON THE LINE OF THE RONDOUT AND KINGSTON R. R.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

LOOKING-GLASSES,

&c., &c., &c.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED

AND AS LOW AS CAN BE SOLD AT AN STORE IN THE CITY FOR CASH.

Thankful for past favors we ask a continuance the same.

STOVE POLISH & VARNISH.

BENJAMIN FRIES,

MANUFACTURES THE

BEST ARTICLE OF STOVE POLISH IN THE MARKET.

THE

HOME STOVE POLISH

AND VARNISH

GIVES A NEAT POLISH WITH LESS LABOR THAN ANY OTHER.

IT WILL MAKE YOUR STOVES LOOK LIKE MIRRORS.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES MURPHY,

DIVISION STREET, RONDOUT.

FRANK M. NESTELL,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

Fair Street, Opposite Music Hall, Kingston.

WROUGHT IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS, GAS AND KEROSENE CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c. CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Old Fixtures Bronzed and Re-Gilt at the Shortest Notice.

Down Town Office, at A. Dodge's Hardware Store, Garden St.

Where all orders left will receive prompt attention. Having had fifteen years' experience in gas fitting in this place all work intrusted to me will be done in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

FOR SALE or EXCHANGE for City property—A Farm containing about 80 acres, situated at Port Jackson, Ulster County, 16 miles from Kingston, on the Delaware & Hudson Canal. There is a large FRONTAGE ON THE CANAL, with ample DOCK ROOM, &c.; also large quantities of Lime and Cement, and 4 Lime-Kilns upon the premises; the Kiln is in profitable operation; also good and suitable tenements for five families, besides that occupied by the farmer; also a Blacksmith Shop, and a Wagon Maker's Shop on the property, all of which is rented, affording a comfortable income, which can be considered a valuable auxiliary to any farm, and as Cement is being sought for everywhere, this location must soon become an important point for that purpose. Terms, &c., easy.

MASTEN & HAYES,
Kingston, N. Y.

SEWING MACHINES!

WILCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINES,

ATTACHMENTS, OIL, AND NEEDLES,

MACHINES RENTED,

EXCHANGED AND REPAIRED.

Other Kinds of Machines furnished if Desired.

A COMPETENT INSTRUCTRESS ALWAYS IN THE OFFICE.

CASHIN'S BUILDING,

Garden St., Rondout.

RONDOUT REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY,

LIFE, FIRE and MARINE.

STOW & BENSON,

Representing the following First-Class and Popular Insurance Companies,

WITH COMBINED CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF OVER

$46,972,000.

LIVERPOOL, London and Globe.
ROYAL, Liverpool.
INSURANCE CO. of North America, Philadelphia.
PENNSYLVANIA FIRE, Philadelphia.
HOME, FIRE, New York.
COMMERCE, New York.
WESTCHESTER, New York.
MERCHANTS, " "
LORILLARD, " "
ATLANTIC, " "
NIAGARA, " "
REPUBLIC, " "
EXCHANGE, " "
MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' MARINE, N. Y.
HOME LIFE, New York.

All of which Adjust Losses Fairly and Pay Promptly.

DANIEL B. STOW,
ANTHONY BENSON.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

REAL ESTATE

FIRE, MARINE & LIFE INSURANCE.

Risks taken on all kinds of Property in first-class Companies.

River & Canal Navigation Risks on Hulls and Cargoes.

LIFE INSURANCE ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

OFFICE NEWKIRK BUILDING (2d floor), DIVISION ST., RONDOUT.

GEORGE NORTH, Jr., Agent.

BRINKERHOFF HOUSE,

WOODSTOCK, ULSTER CO., N. Y.

H. S. VAN ETTEN, MANAGER.

This popular summer resort is situated near the foot of Overlook Mountain, in a section unsurpassed for mountain views, fine drives, and general healthfulness. The house has been

NEWLY FURNISHED

And fitted up in first-class style. WARM MEALS will be furnished at all times of the day for guests on their way to the Mountain House, and for travelers generally.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption.

The few compositions, which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues.—Perhaps no one ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public about forty years, by a long continued series of marvellous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues, never equaled by any other medicine. It still makes the most effectual cures of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the Cherry Pectoral has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and given a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season.—Every family should have it in their closet for the teady and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it, and otherwise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

WATCHES,

JEWELRY, &c.

REPAIRED AT

A. RICE'S, Division St., Rondout.

The Daily Freeman.

VOL. 3.--NO. 81. CITY OF KINGSTON, (RONDOUT,) FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1874. WHOLE NO. 700.

MORELLE'S FLIRTATION.

Continued.

"'Don't doubt it, Jacky. She is rather a good-looking person.'

"'Good-looking! Dick Cheever. Confound you for the besotted pagan that you are. Good-looking! you booby. She's divine! I'd give a fortune to know who she is. I wonder what her name can be? I'd suffer tortures to find out.'

"'Bring on your tortures, then,' cried Bert, looking not at Morelle, but at Dick.—'I can tell you that I saw the name on her shopping-bag.'

"'O Bertie!' begged Johnny, 'I'll do anything for you. I'll do anything for you.—I'll ——'

"'Bah! Hush up, Ring, and I'll tell you.' 'Ring' was short for 'Ringlets,' a title which Bert had conferred on Johnny by virtue of his curls. These Morelle's sisters were more than suspected of doing up nightly in papers, the three taking the duty on themselves in turn. 'The name was Helena Bristed.'

"Of course Johnny went into raptures over the name, and we all, to do ourselves justice, cheered him on. It was a dull day, and we could think of no better sport that morning, nor, in fact, for many mornings after it, than to stir up Johnny and to draw him out on the subject of the magnificent Miss Bristed. Volumes would not hold the written out details of that fellow's love affair. The toilets that he made, the gloves he ruined, and the jewelry that he bought and was going to buy; the letters he wrote and destroyed; the whispered confidences with Dick and Bertie; and, after all, the fact that the thing was entirely on one side, for, barring two or three meetings on the train, when Johnny picked up her handkerchief or opened a window for her, and received the shortest words of thanks, Miss Bristed herself appeared not to have figured in the proceedings at all. But at length there came a change. One morning Johnny danced in upon us as if on air, all his pink and white face aglow, and his tongue just frantic in the effort to do the work of ten tongues at once. He had sat beside the beautiful creature all the way into town.—'And she talked, and I know where she lives, a gorgeous place, with lawn and greenhouses, and she should have a palace, and O——' Customers stopped Johnny's tongue. Nothing else could have done it, and that afternoon, in the midst of this ecstasy, Satan put it into Bert Fletcher's heart to tempt Johnny to indite some poetry to Miss Bristed. Would you believe it, that goose actually equipped himself with a quire of foolscap, plus a ream of gilt-edge note paper, and went into retirement behind a packing box, and set about it. We agreed to do his work for him, and two hours later the young lover came out with his eyes big and bright, his cheeks burning, his curls like a mouse's nest, and some rhymes about 'love' and 'dove,' and 'croon' and 'moon,' and 'mourn' and 'forlorn,' and no end of stuff, and which we all swore—mercy on us for the perjury—was poetry. It was actually sent. Bert undertaking to convey it to the post himself, and coming back looking wickeder than ever. Only two days afterwards, if it can be credited, Johnny came flying in with a flutter of note paper, a general flutter, in fact, flourishing the tiny sheet aloft, and summoning all hands to an audience, while he read some very smooth little rhymes over the sign manual of Helena Bristed. The poem of Johnny had actually brought an answer. "That woman hadn't written really to him!" exclaimed Mrs. Fred, looking shocked. "Written? You should have seen the piles of poetry and other effusions that passed between them after that. Morelle waxed more sublime than ever, began to take airs as of a family man elect, and consorted chiefly with Dick Cheever, who was known to be engaged. All this while Bert was running over with fun, and, indeed, he himself darkly hinted to me more than once that there would be richer sport by and by.

"'Wright, just you look here.' That was one evening when Johnny had dragged me off to a corner, and whispering mysteriously. If people have got anything to tell, they, you see, always take me to tell it to. Don't know why, I'm sure. It's my phiz, I suppose. I must have a receptive air, I think. Anyhow, I'm always made the victim of secrets. Now, Johnny's was a box as big as your thumb, and in it, on a velvet cushion, a ring. 'What's that for Jacky?' says I. 'Can't you think, Wright?' 'Not if I were to die for it,' I said—I lied, of course." "Fred." "Oh, if I could but show you how that little scamp looked, so portentious and solemn. 'Fred, the time has come. I'm "on the eve of great events." I think I shall have my crisis to-night.' 'To-night?' 'To-night, Frederic.—She has promised to meet me in the Laurel Terrace of her home to-night, and walk with me. She has promised.' 'All right. I wish you joy, Johnny, only it's dark as Egypt, and you'll have to imagine each other's beauties; but that you're equal to, I suppose. You're good at imagining. Good night.' So I left Johnny to flirt with his divine Helena, and that evening I had a telegram from Cousin Dolly in Baltimore that Aunt Nan was dying, and I set off express for her bedside. She didn't die then, and she hasn't died yet, and I have a premonition that she'll live to wear crape for me and my wife and children. But, anyhow I was gone a fortnight, and when I came back there was a great to-do at 780 Broadway. Dyce & Dillon proposed to send some one to Paris. Dick Cheever was the man, so he was to be married, and take madame on the wedding tour, and so 'kill two birds with one stone,' as the saying goes.—Thus, instead of weeping at Aunt Nan's obsequies, I was bidden to dance at Dick's wedding. I and the rest, and we did it with a will. Of course, we all dressed in our best clothes, and our best tempers, and two of us, Johnny and I, as it chanced, were elected to escort the two Varney girls, Dick's Massachusetts cousins. Pretty girls they were, too, with hair like yellow floss silk, and long enough to tread on, but Morelle's heart was elsewhere; I could see that. 'Look, Fred,' he whispered, and spread out that little paw of his with a seal ring on the finger. 'Helena Bristed!' And he gazed at his hand as a mother on her first born. I expected to see him tear down the finger of his lavender kid, that he might devour the ring with his eyes all the while. But he didn't.

To be Continued.

—The President met Susan B. Anthony by accident on the avenue, yesterday, in company with another member of the suffrage convention, and quite a conversation took place. At length the President asked Miss Anthony if there was anything he could do for her. Miss Anthony replied that she thought the request came pretty late. She had stumped New York for the President in the last election, and then, on trying to vote for him, some of his officers had arrested her and put her in jail. She was now at large, without help, and she did not know what there was left to do, but, if the President was really in earnest in desiring to do something for her, he might please nominate Mrs. Cady Stanton for chief-justice. The President laughed, said he would think the matter over and continued his walk.—*Boston Advertiser's Special.*

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—The fight between the Rutland Herald and Globe, just now, is over their respective subscription lists. But there is an urbanity in their recriminations that is highly pleasing, as for instance, this from a Herald editorial: "The most unpleasant task which devolved upon the editor of the Herald during the time the chief of the Globe occupied a desk in this office was to convince him that truth was plenty and could at all times be safely used. His natural disposition was to economize accuracy with such sparing frugality as to inspire in us the constant fear that he would involve us in trouble. We see (and the public see) that he is now loose from all restraint, and that he is saving up a large stock of truth by the simple process of refraining from its daily use."

—Dan Rice, the old clown, has fallen under his evil star. After quite a summer tour he reached Louisville about three weeks ago, rented the exposition building and fitted it up at great expense. The first week turned out badly, and for the second time the price of admission was reduced to fifteen and twenty-five cents; but the show didn't draw. As a consequence the whole concern was attached, and on Saturday last horses, canvas and general paraphernalia were sold at auction, the celebrated blind trick horse bringing only $126. The performers, musicians, and all the employees were minus their wages, Dan not having a dollar left to pay them. During the summer Dan himself, with his blind horse, etc., was traveling with another company in Canada at $1,000 per week, and that, too, went up, leaving him minus $26,000.

—Chaplain Ives, alias Captain Spooner, a rascal who has been swindling the citizens of Minnesota and Wisconsin for some time, under the garb of a navy chaplain, was given a severe lesson, according to the La Crosse Democrat, at Warner's Landing, the other day. Detecting him in some of his villainy, the boys put a rope around his neck and hauled him up to a limb. After choking him a while he was let down, when the following questions were asked and answered: "Are you a liar?"—"Yes!" "Are you a thief?"—"Yes!" "Are you a son of a gun?"—"Yes!" "Will you git if we let you off?"—"Helen Blazes, YES!" The rope was removed, and the fellow "broke brush like an elephant." They think up there that he must be running yet.

—At a prayer meeting in Halifax Dr. Parker spoke of the rescue of the Loch Earn's crew and the Ville du Havre survivors by the British Queen. He said that the Loch Earn's crew knowing that their vessel must sink, had almost given up hope, but were cheered by the prayers and predictions of a clergyman on board, who assured them that relief would come. After they had been taken on board the British Queen the captain of that vessel told them that he had had a most unaccountable feeling that there was something for him to do; that three times during the night he changed the course of his vessel, bearing northward; that he told the watch to keep a sharp look out for a ship, and as soon as he saw the Loch Earn he bore down upon her.—The British Queen is a Nova Scotia vessel.

—Some time ago ex-Senator Charles H. Winfield of Hudson county, N. J., engaged Mrs. Lillian M. Spencer, a Newark portrait painter, to paint a portrait of his wife for a stipend of $1,000. The picture was finished, but the ex-Senator did not like it, and refused to pay the price. The artist sued, and Tuesday the case was decided. The trial drew many artists and connoisseurs. The artists testified that while the portrait was not perfect, it was evidently a good one. At length, that the jury might see for themselves, Mrs. Winfield was placed in position near the picture, which was full-sized, and the experts resumed their criticisms. They then testified that the picture was one of considerable merit. The jury disagreed.

The Sleeping Cars.

Every traveler knows that the sleeping-car deserves great praise. It has been a nerve-composing boon to all sorts of peripatetic folk; and in the enjoyment of its comforts how often have we fitted on an appendix to Sancho's benediction, and have deemed the man who invented sleep only a litte higher in our gratitude than the man who invented sleeping-cars. Indeed, for a good many of us wandering Jews and Gentiles, the former inventor would have lived in vain had it not been for the happy device of the latter. Ah, the dear joy (dear in more senses than one) to the haggard wretch on nocturnal travels bent, of stetching his whole weary length on the cushioned expanse of Mr. Pullman's couch, and there reposing and dosing at the rate of forty miles an hour—shot furiously through space, feet foremost, like some crooked bifurcated arrow, and wrapt in slumber all the while! Therefore let no critical expressions that may presently drop from us give the idea that we do not duly appreciate the sleeping-car, and pay all honor to the great Pullman as a man who deserves well of his kind. But there is something quite wrong about the sleeping-car, and it needs reforming. Why should its interior arrangements, which in mechanism and upholstery and ornamentation are so perfect, be so imperfect in its arrangements for propriety and even decency? Why should those delicate personal reserves which civilized society imposes upon ladies and gentlemen outside of the sleeping-car, be made impossible inside of it? Is the sort of decorum which we now speak of a code of beautiful maxims and practices important to all but the people who happen to be on a journey? The truth is that American civilization itself is in danger of disgrace and actual detriment in manners and morals, through the indecorous promiscuousness enforced upon travelers in these public conveyances. Surely a brain so fertile in resources as Mr. Pullman's can provide against this evil, the sight of which is a shock of disgust to all well-bred and right-thinking people. Of course in such cases it is always easier to suggest what should be done, than to suggest how it can be done; yet nothing should hinder us from doing what we can to direct public opinion towards a nuisance that must be abated somehow.—*Christian Union.*

The Humbug Duplex.

The Rochester Express speaks of the humbug duplex as follows: "We do not believe that Commodore Vanderbilt or the majority of the stockholders of the Central Railroad know anything of the workings of the "duplex" system. If they did, we are confident it would not last any length of time. It appears to be impossible for the Conductors, of way trains especially, to carry out their instructions. Many passengers get off before the Conductors get to them. The writer has had several opportunities to witness the operations of the "duplex." He has seen people alight from the trains with their tickets in their pockets, and others laughed in their sleeves because they were not called upon for their fares. The system is a good thing for the inventor. He feathers his nest, but the railroad company, no doubt, lose many fares every day. We do not believe there is a conductor on the way trains who can conform to the regulations, however active he may be."

GO FOR A. RICE'S

FIVE CENT

HAVANA SCRAP SEGARS

CANNOT BE BEAT.

Prospectus for 1874--7th Year.

The Aldine,

An Illustrated Monthly Journal, universally admitted to be the Handsomest Periodical in the World. A Representative and Champion of American Taste.

Not for Sale at Book or News Stores.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the regularity, has none of the temporary or *timely* interest characteristic of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light and graceful literature, and a collection of pictures, the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of *THE ALDINE* will be most appreciated after it has been bound up at the close of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of similar class, *THE ALDINE* is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume cannot duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes *for ten times its cost; and then, there are the chromos, besides!*

ART DEPARTMENT, 1873.

The illustrations of *THE ALDINE* have won a world-wide reputation, and in the art centres of Europe it is an admitted fact that its wood cuts are examples of the highest perfection ever attained. The common prejudice in favor of "steel plates" is rapidly yielding to a more educated and discriminating taste which recognizes the advantages of superior artistic quality with greater facility of production. The woodcuts of *THE ALDINE* possess all the delicacy and elaborate finish of the most costly steel plate, while they afford a better rendering of the artist's original.

To fully realize the wonderful work which *THE ALDINE* is doing for the cause of art culture in America, it is only necessary to consider the cost to the people of any other decent representations of the productions of great painters.

In addition to designs by the members of the National Academy, and other noted American artists, *THE ALDINE* will reproduce examples of the best foreign masters, selected with a view to the highest artistic success and greatest general interest. Thus the subscriber to *THE ALDINE* will, at a trifling cost, enjoy in his own home the pleasures and refining influences of true art.

The quarterly tinted plates for 1874 will be by Thos. Moran and J. D. Woodward.

The Christmas issue for 1874 will contain special designs appropriate to the season, by our best artists, and will surpass in attractions any of its predecessors.

PREMIUM FOR 1874.

Every subscriber to *THE ALDINE* for the year 1874 will receive a pair of chromos. The original pictures were painted in oil for the publishers of *THE ALDINE*, by Thomas Moran, whose great Colorado picture was purchased by Congress for ten thousand dollars. The subjects were chosen to represent "The East" and "The West." One is a view in The White Mountains, New Hampshire; the other gives The Cliffs of Green River, Wyoming Territory. The difference in the nature of the scenes themselves is a pleasing contrast, and affords a good display of the artist's scope and coloring. The chromos are each worked from thirty distinct plates, and are in size (12x16) and appearance exact fac-similes of the originals. The presentation of a worthy example of America's greatest landscape painter to the subscribers of *THE ALDINE* was a bold but peculiarly happy idea, and its successful realization is attested by the following testimonial, over the signature of Mr. Moran himself:

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 20th, 1873.

MESSRS. JAMES SUTTON & CO.

Gentlemen:—I am delighted with the proof in color of your chromos. They are wonderfully successful representations by mechanical process of the original paintings.

Very respectfully,
(Signed,) THOS. MORAN.

These chromos are in every sense American. They are by an original American process, with material of American manufacture, from designs of American scenery by an American painter, and presented to subscribers to the first successful American Art Journal. If no better because of all this, they will certainly possess an interest no foreign production can inspire, and neither are they any the worse if by reason of peculiar facilities of production they cost the publishers only a trifle, *while equal in every respect to other chromos that are sold singly for double the subscription price of THE ALDINE.* Persons of taste will prize these pictures for themselves—not for the price they did or did not cost, and will appreciate the enterprise that renders their distribution possible.

If any subscriber should indicate a preference for a figure subject, the publishers will send "Thoughts of Home," a new and beautiful chromo 14x20 inches, representing a little Italian exile whose speaking eyes betray the longings of his heart.

For 50 cents extra, *the chromos will be sent, mounted, varnished, and prepaid by mail.*

THE ALDINE will hereafter, be obtained only by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rate; cash for subscriptions must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, *without responsibility to the publishers,* except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the *fac-simile* signature of JAMES SUTTON & Co.

Any person wishing to act permanently as local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to

JAMES SUTTON & CO., Publishers,
58 Maiden Lane, New York

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly.

THE NEW YORK DAILY TIMES,
IS THE
ONLY REPUBLICAN JOURNAL IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The high character which THE DAILY TIMES has borne in the past is a sufficient guarantee for its conduct in the future. It will continue to advocate the cause of the public, without reference to the interests of individuals. No expense will be spared in the maintenance of its position as the foremost of American journals. It is the best daily family newspaper in the country. It has the latest news, the best foreign correspondence, and the largest staff of home correspondents. All objectionable news and advertisements are rigidly excluded.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

THE DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition.....$12
THE DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition.....10
The Sunday Edition, per annum.....2

Semi-Weekly Times.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES contains a very careful epitome of our foreign and home correspondence; an interesting selection of current literature from the best foreign and domestic magazines; a choice variety of agricultural matter, and the very latest news up to the hour of going to press. TERMS—$3 per annum. Club rates—Two copies, one year, $5; Ten copies, one year, $25, and one extra copy free. New names may oe added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

The Weekly Times.

THE WEEKLY TIMES is undoubtedly the best paper for the farmer, for the mechanic, and for all who live in localities which are served only by weekly mails. It contains, in addition to editorial comments on current topics, an excellent condensation of the news of the week; the most important events, both home and foreign, are reviewed at length, and a large quantity of matter is given especially interesting to the farmer and mechanic. Its market reports are the fullest and most accurate in the country. TERMS—$2 per annum.

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post Office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and one extra copy to each club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one Post Office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. Remit in drafts on New York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send money in a *registered* letter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES,
New York City.

KINDLING WOOD FACTORY.

M. H. LARKIN

Has opened a

KINDLING WOOD FACTORY,

Corner of HASBROUCK and FLATBUSH AVENUES, next door to Henry Kolts' Wagon Factory, where he will keep on hand and for sale a large supply of

HARD AND SOFT WOOD

By the BUNCH, BUNDLE or CORD, at reasonable prices. Customers supplied at the shortest notice.

FOR SALE.—A new 1,200 lbs. Fairbanks Platform Scales for sale cheap Inquire of M. J. MADDEN, Roudout, N. Y

A. A. CROSBY & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CROSBY, MORE & CO.,

CORNER

DIVISION & GARDEN Sts.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Builders', Saddlers', Carriage-Makers' and Fancy Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Tar, Pitch, Oakum.

Carriage and Sleigh Wood-Work,

INCLUDING HUBS, SPOKES FELLOES, SHAFTS AND POLES,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

ALSO

Leather and Rubber Belting, Sporting and Blasting Powder,

GUNS & PISTOLS,

&c., &c., &c.

CLOVER & TIMOTHY SEEDS.

AGENTS FOR

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE

AND

Lodi Manufacturing Company's Poudrette.

MECHANICS' TOOLS A SPECIALTY.

WARRANTING ALL GOODS AS RECOMMENDED AND AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

Thanking the general public for their favors and patronage to the old, we solicit a continuance of the same to the new firm.

A. A. CROSBY,
P. S. GALLAGHER.

JUST RECEIVED AT

The Popular Store,

JAMES KERLEY,

No. 4 Mansion House Building,

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS, FLANNELS, BALMORAL AND FELT SKIRTS, BLANKETS, CARDIGAN JACKETS, LADIES' AND MISSES' FANCY KNIT JACKETS, NUBIAS, HOODS AND CAPS.

A full line of Ladies,' Gents,' Misses' and Children's Merino Flannel underwear; also Ladies' and Gents'

BUCKSKIN UNDERWEAR.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF HEAVY BUCKSKIN GLOVES AND MITTS; ALSO FINE KID FUR TOP GLOVES AND MITTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

REAL AND IMITATION

Hair Switches & Braids.

BANNER SHIRTS

CUT AND MADE TO ORDER.

Six White Shirts, Wamsutta muslin, for $15; Six White shirts, New York Mills muslin, for $18.

LADIES' & GENTS' KID GLOVES A SPECIALTY.

GOLD AND GOLD-PLATED JEWELRY, SHIRT-STUDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, BRACELETS, CHAINS, &c.

JAMES KERLEY,
NO. 4 MANSION HOUSE BUILDING.

RONDOUT SAVINGS BANK.

OFFICERS:

THOMAS CORNELL, PRESIDENT.
S. D. COYKENDALL, VICE PRESIDENT
A. BENSON, SECRETARY.

TRUSTEES:

Thomas Cornell, S. D. Coykendall,
James G. Lindsley, William Kelly,
Hiram Schoonmaker, John Derrenbacher,
M. J. Madden, Frederick Stephan,
Edward Tompkins, Nathaniel Booth,
Thomas Murray, Wm. Lawton,
Abel A. Crosby.

Place of business on the Second Floor of Masonic Hall Building.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000.

☞INTEREST ON DEPOSITS will commence on the first day of each month.

☞Business hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Tuesday evenings 6 to 9 P. M.

EDUCATIONAL HOME.—Select Boarding School for Young Ladies and Little Girls. Mr. & Mrs. D. S. TROWBRIDGE, Greenwich, Conn. D25w4

NEW LUMBER & COAL YARD.

D. C. OVERBAUGH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER & COAL DEALER,

Yard and Office on Union Av., at the junction of the N. Y. K. & S. R. R. and W. Y. R. R.

PINE

Boards, Plank, Flooring, Ceiling, Shelving, Base Boards, Pickets and Siding of every variety always on hand.

SPRUCE

Flooring Ceiling, Sheathing, Plank Boards and Clap Boards.

HEMLOCK

Boards, Joists, Wall Strips, Plank and Timber of any size and length.

SHINGLES

Of Pine, Cedar, Hemlock, and Spruce, and a Patent Covered Cemented Shingle

LATH & PICKETS.

All of which are being sold at Ten Per Cent Lower than any other dealer.

COAL! COAL!!

To Coal customers I would say that I am prepared to fill with promptness all orders presented and deliver the same to any part of the city, by the single or hundred tons. My Coal shall be well screened and 2,000 pounds guaranteed for the ton.

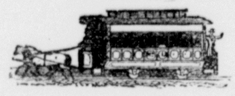
DEALERS ON THE LINE OF RAILROADS

Wishing Coal or Lumber may get what they want by the Car-load or Cargo on very small commission
Kingston, Aug. 21, 1873. Call and see me. D. C. OVERBAUGH

FISHER & STONE

MERCHANT TAILORS,

WALL ST., ADJOINING COURT HOUSE.



Largest and best assortment of Fall and Winter stock in the County, comprising all the latest novelties.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, ETC.,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

BANNER SHIRTS,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINE SHIRTS ON HAND. SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER AND A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED,

ALSO A FINE ASSORTMENT OF BOYS' SHIRTS.

FISHER & STONE, 35 Wall St., adj. Court House.

RIDENOUR & SLEIGHT,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE, UPHOLSTERY,

LOOKING GLASSES,

WILLOW GOODS, BRACKETS, WINDOW CORNICES,

WINDOW SHADES & FIXTURES, &C.,

LARGEST STORES AND LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS IN THEIR LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND ALBANY.

UNDERTAKING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Office and Principal Sale Rooms in Ridenour's Building, No. 21 Wall Street, Kingston. Manufactory and Sales Room at J. D. Sleight's old stand opposite the Kingston Tannery. RIDENOUR & SLEIGHT.
City of Kingston, April 8th, 72. 1581y

LADIES,

CALL AT THE

MILLINERY STORE

OF

ROBINSON & GILMORE

Where you can buy

TRIMMED HATS, $2.00.
OSTRICH PLUMES, $1.00.
OSTRICH TIPS, 25c. & 50c.

Jets 15c., Velveteens 75c. per yd.

AND EVERYTHING IN THE

Millinery line correspondingly Cheap.

ROBINSON & GILMORE,
Division St., near Union.

N. B.—Stamping done to order.

DENTISTRY!!

TEETH.

FRISSELLE & ROSA,

DENTISTS.

Offices in both Kingston and Rondout.

LAUGHING GAS, ETHER & CHLOROFORM administered by a Physician.

Dr. Frisselle will be at the Kingston Office every day except Thursday and Friday, when he will be at the Rondout office. Dr. Rosa will be at the Rondout Office every day except Thursday and Friday, when he will be at the Kingston Office.

KINGSTON OFFICE, corner of Wall and John Streets; RONDOUT OFFICE, over Van Deusen's Drug Store.

VOORHEES' HALL,

Corner of

East Front Street & Albany Ave.

This new hall is now completed and ready for PARTIES, BALLS, SHOWS, etc. A large SUPPER ROOM, also DRESSING and HAT ROOMS connected with the Hall. The Hall is 55 feet square and well lighted and ventilated. P. S. VOORHEES.

TO LET—A large store under the Hall, formerly used as a Wholesale Grocery and Liquor Store.

EDWIN D. BRANDOW,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

OFFICE IN HASBROUCK BLOCK, GARDEN STREET.

☞Special attention given to collections.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN.

VOLUME FOR 1874.

THE CULTIVATOR AND COUNTRY GENTLEMEN, for the past forty years, has ranked, both in this country and abroad, as the Standard Journal of American Agriculture. The Editors and Proprietors, in addition to their own personal labors, are regularly assisted by a very large number of Special Correspondents and Regular Contributors, among whom are included many Leading Agriculturists, in all parts of the country, east and west—and by over *Five Hundred Occasional and Voluntary Writers*, directly in the ranks of the best Farmers and Horticulturists of nearly every state in the Union. With the co-operation of so large a corps of practical men, this Journal is intended to possess exceptional value as the chosen *Medium of Intercommunication* among all classes interested in the Products and Fertility of the land—those who cultivate and those who consume—the buyer and shipper, as well as the first owner of the crop—breeders of improved animals and their customers—manufacturers of improved machinery and those who purchase and employ it—nurserymen and fruit-raisers—and, especially, to supply fuller and better data as to the progress, prospects and returns of each successive season, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and when to Sell.*

TERMS—THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is published weekly, on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance:—One copy, one year, $2.50; Four copies, $10, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the club; Ten copies, $20, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the club.

☞Specimen copies free. Address
LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Publishers, Albany, N. Y.

C. D. EDMONSTON,

MANUFACTURER OF SEGARS,

Wholesale Dealer in

CHEWING,

SMOKING & PLUG TOBACCO,

BRIAR & CLAY PIPES, &c.

Garden Street, opposite Rhinebeck Ferry, RONDOUT, N. Y.

NEW MARKET.

I am now fully at home in my NEW MARKET

COR. DIVISION & UNION ST.,

and keep always on hand the finest assortment of

MEATS OF ALL KINDS

in the city. Everything in the meat line, Fresh and corned. LUIS MELLERT.

LAWTON & STEBBINS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

No. 5 Masonic Hall building, second floor, RONDOUT, N. Y.

The Daily Freeman

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
Sundays excepted,
BY THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

OFFICE:—MADDEN'S NEW BUILDING
MILL ST., NEAR DIVISION,
RONDOUT P. O., KINGSTON, N. Y.

Terms—Mail subscribers, $3 Per Annum in Advance, including postage. Per Carrier in Kingston City or Saugerties, $3 Per Annum in advance. By Carrier 1s cents per week. No papers will be delivered by Carrier unless paid weekly, or paid in advance three, six or twelve months. Our Carriers have orders to stop all papers more than two weeks in arrears.

Advertisements will be displayed as ordered, and charged according to the space occupied, measured down the column.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN, a large, well-filled paper, will be sent to subscribers at $1.50 per anum, payable in advance. Address
THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

JOB PRINTING in all its branches promptly, Cheaply and Neatly done. By the use of STEAM POWER and a large force we are enabled to turn out work at a rate that distances all competition. We have facilities for printing Law Cases unequaled between New York and Albany.

THE FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. Rondout, P. O., N. Y.

RESULT OF THE PANIC.

Great Bargains for Cash.

—AT—

TAPPEN, BURHANS & WEBSTER'S.

THEY HAVE OPENED THE FINE LINE OF

WINTER DRESS GOODS

EVER OPENED IN THIS CITY.

THEY BOUGHT THEM AT A FORCED SALE, AT THEIR OWN PRICE.

They are selling them at a little over half their value.

THESE GOODS ARE "LUPINS" MAKE IN ALL THE NEW AND DESIRABLE COLORINGS.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES.

Drap-d-ete,	$1.00	worth	$1.50
Cashmeres,	1.00	"	1.40
Serges,	1.00	"	1.25
Baritz,	1.00	"	1.40
Poplains,	.75	"	1.00
Merinos,	.75	"	1.00
Alpacas,	.35	"	.50
Black Silk,	2.00	"	2.50
Sedan Serge,	1.00	"	1.25
French Poplins,	1.00	"	1.25
Shawls,	3.50	"	4.50

DON'T DELAY EXAMINE THE STOCK AND GET A BARGAIN.

STANDARD SHEETINGS 12½ cts. ALL OTHER "DOMESTICS" IN PROPORTION.

TAPPEN, BURHANS & WEBSTER,
Wall St., corner of John.

FURNITURE.

B. P. DECKER & BRO.,

DIVISION STREET,

ON THE LINE OF THE RONDOUT AND KINGSTON R. R.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

LOOKING-GLASSES,

&c., &c., &c.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED

AND AS LOW AS CAN BE SOLD AT AN STORE IN THE CITY FOR CASH.

Thankful for past favors we ask a continuance the same.

STOVE POLISH & VARNISH.

BENJAMIN FRIES,

MANUFACTURES THE

BEST ARTICLE OF STOVE POLISH IN THE MARKET.

THE

HOME STOVE POLISH

AND VARNISH

GIVES A NEAT POLISH WITH LESS LABOR THAN ANY OTHER.

IT WILL MAKE YOUR STOVES LOOK LIKE MIRRORS.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES MURPHY,

DIVISION STREET, RONDOUT.

FRANK M. NESTELL,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER,

Fair Street, Opposite Music Hall, Kingston.

WROUGHT IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS, GAS AND KEROSENE CHANDELIERS, PENDANTS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c. CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Old Fixtures Bronzed and Re-Gilt at the Shortest Notice.

Down Town Office, at A. Dodge's Hardware Store, Garden St.

Where all orders left will receive prompt attention. Having had fifteen years' experience in gas fitting in this place all work entrusted to me will be done in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

FOR SALE or EXCHANGE for City property—A Farm containing about 80 acres, situated at Port Jackson, Ulster County, 16 miles from Kingston, on the Delaware & Hudson Canal. There is a large FRONTAGE ON THE CANAL, with ample DOCK ROOM, &c.; also large quantities of Lime and Cement, and a Lime-Kiln upon the premises; the Kiln is in profitable operation; also good and suitable tenements for five families, besides that occupied by the farmer; also a Blacksmith Shop, and a Wagon Maker's Shop on the property, all of which is rented, affording a comfortable income, which can be considered a valuable auxiliary to any farm, and as Cement is being sought for everywhere, this location must soon become an important point for that purpose. Terms, &c., easy.

MASTEN & HAYES,
Kingston, N. Y.

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Friday Morning, Jan. 23.

Many a heart that has been thrilled with the matchless music of the great prima donna will be saddened this morning by the news of the death of Madame Parepa Rosa, which comes to us from London. Nothing is said of the nature her sickness or its duration, though a brief despatch had told of her serious illness. In her the world loses one of its finest song artists.

We are glad when we have the opportunity to heartily and sincerely award credit to Congress for a good act, and therefore it is with pleasure we notice the prompt action of the Senate in passing Anthony's resolution forbidding the publication of any speech or part of a speech not actually delivered on the floor. Thousands of dollars have been wasted in the publication of speeches purporting to have been made by members who not only never did but never could deliver them. Such a scandalous leak should be securely plugged.

The strike on the New Jersey Southern Railroad is conducted in [the most amicable style of any we ever heard of. The good-natured strikers carefully guard the company's property, keeping it in good order, while the company send the strikers provisions and other pleasant remembrances of their good-will —everything, indeed, except the money they owe them for several months' work, and that's all the cause of difference. If the company would only pay the men one month's wages the men would be satisfied, but the company can't do it, and the men won't work for nothing any longer. So the two parties agree to disagree and spend their time exchanging pleasant little courtesies as related above. Truly, Jersey is a land like no other under the sun.

There seems to be no longer a question that the majority of the House are bent on inflation of the currency. Dawes has reported the bill legalizing the issue of the $44,000,000 reserve and adding it to the permanent circulation of the country, and it will undoubtedly be passed, and the only surmise is whether this will be the full extent of the "ballooning" proposed. In the Senate there appears to be a great diversity of views on the finance question, with odds apparently in favor of inflation. The financial question is very much mixed, and couldn't be more so if Richardson should take it into his head to suddenly resign and leave us to grapple with this great problem alone, as it were.

There seems to be a prospect of better days for Louisiana in the near future. The President, whether a conviction of the injustice of the case has seized upon him, or whether he is wearied with the long-continued worry and strife, has emphatically announced his intention to no longer interfere in the affairs of that state. And yesterday a dispatch was published stating that a new election bill had been agreed upon by Senator Carpenter and Gen. Butler and would soon be introduced in both houses. This bill, if passed, will of course end the Kellogg regime, and if drawn with a conscientious regard for the welfare of the state, leaving the proper power in the hands of its people, must result in great and immediate benefit to them. Give them an honest government, with the power to keep it so, and there are magnificent possibilities for that unfortunate state and a glorious commercial future before it.

An instance of what may happen very frequently when Commodore Vanderbilt's 4th avenue improvements are completed was the accident which occurred at 92d street on Wednesday. A Morrisania train stopped in the tunnel and the conductor omitted to hang out a light at the rear end; a New Haven express train dashed in shortly after, the engineer paying no attention to the danger signals at the mouth of the tunnel, and not seeing a light on the train ahead, of course there was a collision. Fortunately no one was fatally injured, the main damage being to the cars. But the accident is suggestive of horrors that may come hereafter if similar recklessness be permitted to go unpunished. The great railroad entrance to New York will be a fine example of enterprise and a grand engineering work, but the traveling public want to know if it is going to be a rapid transit route to eternity. The Commodore must make rules that will secure safety and see that they are enforced.

A paragraph is going the round of the papers about Rev. Samuel Scoville, a son-in-law of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who has recently been elected Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of Norwich, Conn., and who has for a long time been Foreman of Rescue Hook & Ladder Company of that city. The item is thus generally copied, of course, because it intimates that it is an anomaly for a minister of the gospel to thus conduct himself. But we see no inconsistency or unsuitableness in it. Why a minister shouldn't make a good fireman we can't understand, any more than why he shouldn't be able to chop wood in an emergency, hoe corn or dig potatoes. But then considered in another light, so to speak, it is eminently appropriate that he should be a Chief Engineer. Isn't it his duty to do everything possible to prevent the "eternal burning," and how could he begin better than by squirting out terrestrial fires? We honor Scoville—as Scotty said to the clergyman, "we like you." So go to the Rescue with your temporal fire engines and your spiritual hooks and ladders. Run out "wid der masheen" till her work is done and the angel Gabriel blows his (fire) trumpet and issues the final orders to "take up."

The New Dix Party.

The new Dix party, which has suddenly made its appearance in the minds at least of many politicians at Albany, and was warmly backed by Alvord, seems not to suit the regular organs. The Albany Argus, after having previously argued that Dix was a Democrat and no mistake, now finds many reasons for opposing the movement. On the other hand the Custom House wing of the Republican party is already considerably exercised in its mind as to the Governor, and has quite made up its mind, it is said, to run another man for Governor next time. This does not necessarily interfere with Dix's plan, as the old gentleman is reported to have acquired aspirations for the presidency. It is unfortunate, however, for the Republican party that it chief officials now in office have been old Democrats, and the party is necessarily under a constant dread lest the men it elected to office lead off its masses upon a new political adventure. It is too early, however, to tell what the new Dix party is or what it will amount to, or indeed if it be a party at all.

Not a Leader.

The Sun is of the opinion that the New York Times elected Grant, and further that if it join with the Sun it can overthrow his power and elect another for president in his place. It seems to consider that the Times is all powerful and the Republican party would be without strength if it should leave it. In which it is quite in error. The strength of the Republican party of 1872 lay in its discipline and the fear of the ascendancy of the Democratic party. The strength of the Times lay in its partisan fidelity, and it wouldn't amount to a row of pins outside of party lines. The Times is not a leader in ideas, never has been, and never will be. Under Raymond, which were its best days, it represented the commercial estimate of high moral ideas. When they got up to a paying point the Times embraced them. On the other hand the Republican papers that went into the Greeley movement were those to which the party looked for its ideas. If they who had led the party for years could not lead the masses away from it, what could a paper do that has no political ideas? The Republican party will step off the stage when it thinks its work is done, but no newspaper like the Times will affect it.

Jacks-of-All-Trades.

Somebody in Springfield wants a situation. He is only twenty-five years old, and yet he has run a printing press a year, has been in the boot and shoe trade, and is willing to work at any respectable business, thereby seeming to imply that he can work at almost anything.

Such an advertisement naturally excites amusement, until we come to reflect that the advertiser is a representative man in this country. It is a distinguishing trait of Americans that as a class they drop one trade before they half learn it, and are equally ready to cobble shoes, plough corn, tend grocery or start a newspaper. To have the thorough knowledge of a trade acquired in other countries through the discipline of adequate apprenticeship, is here considered of the slightest possible consequence. In this country we have masters of business who have never learned the first rudiments of it, foremen whose knowledge is about equal to an apprentice of about two years' experience, and journeymen of twelve months' service.

This all comes from such people as this advertiser. The country is full of young men who do not pretend to select a calling or trade or profession as a life-work, but dive into this as a makeshift until something else turns up, and at last when fortune is at its ebb they have no skilled labor to turn into dollars. It is time Americans learned their trades as thoroughly as Englishmen or Germans.

CURRENT TOPICS.

—Gen. Butler and G. F. Hoar seem to be getting on wonderfully good terms with each other. Queer, really.

—The doctors are going to cut up the Siamese twins to examine the internal mysteries of their bond of union.

—The conventions of the Grangers show a great and rapid increase in their numbers. Let the politicians put this in their pipes and smoke it.

—The Sun has been seized with a wonderful admiration for the Times, which it quotes as an "independent paper." Sauh was the prophets, indeed!

—There is said to be one Senator at Washington above suspicion. He is Jones of Nevada, who has more money than he knows how to use.

—Twain and Warner's new book, "The Gilded Age," is pretty roughly criticised by some of the papers. Well, the book deserves a little criticism.

—It superinduces mournful reflections on the depravity of human nature to read the vile puns that the President's nominations for Chief Justice called out.

—What longing glances the Congressmen are casting at the franking privilege. But the country don't want any more swindling of that kind.

—The New York Times has its dander up because Mayor Havemeyer in his message called a certain paper a "mendacious mouthpiece," which indulged in "insane mutterings and harmless howls."

—T. E. Gleason of New York put a little advertisement in the Sun for a dog, and had a chance to pick a pup out of eight hundred that called on him. Mr. Gleason is now a firm believer in the efficacy of advertising.

—The college oarsmen have decided to row at Saratoga next summer. This moves the Springfield Republican to warn them not to become a "side-show to John Morrissey." We hope our college boys have too much honor and sense to disgrace themselves.

—It is said that the newly-elected City Treasurer of Holyoke, Mass., in addition to the regular oath of office, swore that if he saw any more stealing going on he would expose it. This would be a very good oath for other latitudes also.

—There seems to be no question that there is considerable lack of harmony in the Cabinet. The President wants Richardson to resign, and Richardson don't want to, but the indications are that the great specie payer will have to go. But will the next man be an improvement?

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—Watseka, Illinois, has over twenty artesian wells, all flowing.

—Ex-U. S. Senator Harlan, of Illinois, is engaged in wood cutting and hauling.

—A portion of the schools at Booneville, Ind., have suspended to give the children a chance to work in the tobacco stemmeries.

—The Christianizing of the Apaches continues. Lieut. W. S. Schuyler killed twenty-seven in a twenty-five days' scout.

—The Rev. Fanny Roberts of Kittery, Maine, recently performed the marriage ceremony for her son and his sweetheart.

—Shortly before his death, Chief Justice Chase spoke of Mr. Waite as the ablest lawyer at the Ohio bar. So the Norwich Bulletin says.

—Mr. Waite's grandfather reached ninety. His father was over eighty at the time of his death. Both were judges. It runs in the family.

—A Dubuque young lady gave up the man she loved, and took the one her parents favored, in consideration of the sum of three dollars and a sky-blue merino dress.

—A Pittsburg editor, who recently enlisted in the army of Mark Twain's defamers, had occasion last week to flog his son for surprising him in the act of laughing over "The Innocents Abroad."

—Louisville Courier-Journal: "It costs only $101,000 for a year's sweeping out and watching the Treasury building at Washington. Was ever such an astounding exhibit heard of in any country before?" This is the "besom" of destruction.

—Bazaine, before leaving for St. Marguerite, entrusted to political friends, among other papers, a memoir containing an account of the efforts of the Imperial party to negotiate with Prussia, to be published when circumstances permit.

—The proprietor of a well-known grocery house in New York has become an advocate of the temperance cause in a new way. He employs nearly 100 men, and on the evening of the 17th he compelled every man who wished to retain his place to "swear off" for the remainder of the year.

—The Glasgow, Ky., Times is responsible for the following: "An old darkey was riding a blind horse the other day with his wife behind him; a fellow on the roadside sung out, 'Hallo, old fellow, I see you have got your aunty up.' 'Yes; I've done more'n dat—I've straddled the blind,' said the old sportsman, with a clever grin."

—The old arm-chair which was used by Horace Greeley in his sanctum in the Tribune office, seated in which he wrote his last published utterances, is now in the possession of Mr. Thomas N. Rooker, Secretary of the Tribune Association. The chair is battered with age and hard service, but it is cherished as an interesting relic.

—The members of a little church at South Bridgeton, Me., dispense with the afternoon services, Sundays, in order to engage in active mission work. Going out by twos and threes into the surrounding region, they visit the sick or the irreligious in true apostolic fashion, and then, returning in the evening, lend a double interest to the prayer meeting by narrating the afternoon's experiences and adventures.

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Royal Marriage To-Day.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The London journals this morning are filled with articles and programmes of ceremonies on the occasion of the Duke of Edinburgh's marriage, which will take place at 12.30 P. M. to-day in St. Petersburgh.

CANADA.

Nominations for Parliament.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 22.—The nominations of candidates for the Dominion Parliament took place to-day in Ontario and Quebec. Thirty-five ministerialists, five opposition and one independent were nominated by acclamation. Among those unopposed were Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Premier, and Hon. R. J. Cartwright, Finance Minister. The elections take place Thursday next.

A SWEET SINGER GONE.

Death of Parepa Rosa.

LONDON, Jan. 23—6 A. M.—Parepa Rosa died last night.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Protest from Indians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—There was presented in the House of Representatives to-day a protest of the General Indian Council of the Indian country, organized under the treaties of 1866, against the establishment of a territorial government in that country.

THE FIRST INFLATION BILL.

The following is the text of the bill reported to-day by Dawes from the Committee on Ways and Means:

Whereas, the existing uncertainty as to whether the amount of legal tender notes now authorized by law to be kept in general circulation is $356,000,000 or $400,000,000 is calculated to derange the business of the country and unsettle values, therefore be it enacted, that the provisions of the law existing prior to the passage of the act approved April 12th, 1866, entitled "An act to amend an act to provide ways and means to support the government, approved March 3d, 1865," be and the same are hereby declared to be in force so far as to authorize an amount of legal tender notes of the United States to the amount of $400,000,000 to be kept in circulation, and the total amount of United States notes issued shall never exceed $400,000,000.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE TARIFF LAWS.

Secretary Richardson has written to the Senate Commerce Committee recommending the revision and consolidation of the tariff laws; the substitution as far as possible of specific instead of ad valorem duties, the abolition of the moiety system, except in cases of detection of smuggling; that informers receive pay direct from the Treasury; the alteration of the laws regarding seizure of books and papers so as to afford due protection to private rights; that no compromise of suits for infraction of the revenue laws be made until judicial investigation is had; that the compensation of customs officers be graduated according to their responsibility and importance of their positions.

THE COAL STRIKE.

The Miners Thoroughly Organizing.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 22.—Between three and four hundred men of the Pittston & Elmira Coal Company quit work yesterday on account of non-payment of wages due them since October last. The Wilkesbarre Coal & Iron Company posted notices to-day that they would pay on Saturday of this week and there will not be any difficulty with the men on that score, as was threatened yesterday. Miners are rapidly organizing in all parts of the anthracite region. In a few days the organization will be more complete than ever before.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 22.—A meeting of coal operators is called for to-morrow. The object is unknown. The prevailing opinion in the city to-night among business men is that the strike is about over and that the miners will either accept the $2.25 basis or will signify their willingness to compromise.

THE WOMAN QUESTION.

Susan B. & Co. at Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Blake and Mrs. Gage had a hearing before the Assembly Judiciary Committee in the Assembly Chamber to-night on woman's suffrage and taxation without representation. The Chamber was crowded in all parts with ladies and gentlemen. The hearing lasted two hours and a half. The ladies were frequently applauded. Miss Anthony declared that the newly-chosen Chief Justice Waite was a woman's rights man, as was also Benj. F. Butler, and she prophesied that the time was not far distant when justice would be done to woman.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A Collision Caused by the Fog.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—At six o'clock this evening a passenger train from New York on the New Jersey Central Railroad was run into while standing at Claremont by a freight train. The fog was so dense the engineer of the freight train could not see the lights at the rear of the passenger train till too late to prevent a collision. The freight locomotive and one passenger car were wrecked. Wm. Mead, the brakeman, was killed, and several other persons injured, some seriously.

VIRGINIA.

The Trial of W. Page McCarty, the Duellist.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 22.—The trial of W. Page McCarty for the murder of John B. Mordecai began to-day. A jury was obtained and the prosecution opened. This is the famous duel case. McCarty appeared in court on crutches, still suffering from his wounds. The case excites much interest.

THE WEATHER.

To-Day's Probabilities.

For New England and the Middle Atlantic States less cloudiness with fresh and brisk southeasterly and southwesterly winds will prevail, followed by lower temperature and winds gradually shifting to northwesterly.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Discussing the Next State Fair.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society to-day discussed the question of locating the next state fair, but arrived at no conclusion. A sub-committee was appointed to visit various places and report on the subject. They go to Rochester next week.

THE ACHINESE WAR.

Making It Lively for the Dutch.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Dispatches from Penang report that the Achinese continue to make a desperate resistance to the occupation of their country by the Dutch. They recently attacked the principal position held by the invaders, but met with a repulse. The Dutch army has been reinforced.

A HORROR OF THE SEA.

Wreck of a Vessel and Loss of All on Board.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The ship Panther from Naraimo, Washington Territory, for San Francisco with 1,700 tons of coal, was blown on the rocks off Tilly Point in the Georgian Bay on Saturday last, wrecked and all on board, twenty-three persons, lost.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. ROBERTSON, authorizing aliens to acquire, hold and dispose of property in like manner with citizens.

Mr. BOOTH, consolidating the government of the city and county of New York.

Mr. GROSS, permitting verdicts by a majority of jurors in civil actions.

Further amending act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. JOHNSON—That the petition of Wm. Youmans, Jr., for the seat of the Hon. James G. Thompson, be printed. Adopted.

Mr. WOODIN—A concurrent resolution to print 5,000 extra copies of the report of the State Assessors, for distribution among the supervisors and assessors of the various towns, cities and villages of the State; and 3,000 copies for the use of the Legislature. Tabled for printing.

Mr. JOHNSON—That when the Senate adjourn to-morrow, it adjourn to meet on Monday evening, at half-past seven o'clock.

Mr. KING said that he felt obliged to renew the objection which he made last week when a similar motion was made. The Senate had now plenty of business demanding its attention, and could not afford to take the recess proposed.

The motion was lost. Ayes 11, nays 17, as follows:

AYES—Messrs. Abbott, Coe, Dickinson, Gross, Jacobs, Johnson, Ledwith, Ray, Tobey, Wagner, Woodin—11.

NOES—Messrs. Booth, Cole, Connelly, Dayton, Dow, Fox, Ganson, King, Lord, Lowery, McGowan, Middleton, Robertson, Selkreg, Thompson, Wellman, Wood—17.

Mr. JOHNSON moved that the adjournment be until quarter past seven Monday evening. Lost.

Mr. JOHNSON moved that the adjournment be until seven o'clock Monday evening. Lost.

Mr. BOOTH presented the annual report of the Commissioners of Emigration. Tabled for printing.

Adjourned until eleven A. M. to-morrow.

ASSEMBLY.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. C. S. SPENCER in the chair, on the following bills:

To amend an act concerning the printing of the bills, journals and documents of the Legislature. Provides for their distribution to surrogates. Third reading.

To amend the Revised Statutes in relation to the drawing of jurors. Third reading.

In relation to the payment of certain bonds of the city and county of New York. Third reading.

Mr. BEEBE in the chair.

Providing for additional compensation to assessors in towns in certain cases. Progress.

To reimburse purchasers of lands to which title has failed. Third reading.

Mr. ALBERGER in the chair.

Appropriating moneys for the building of the New Capitol.

Mr. VEDDER moved to strike out the first section.

Mr. ALVORD explained the bill, stating that the Commissioners have on hand an amount of undressed stone sufficient to keep the workmen employed for three months. The work which would be accomplished during the present winter months would enable the Commissioners to get the main walls up to the roof by the end of the year. The Comptroller had taken a new departure in refusing to take the $200 000 asked for from the Sinking Fund, and it has been deemed best to borrow the amount necessary at this time. This, he said, was all there was of the bill, and there was no reason why it should not pass.

Mr. BATCHELLER also explained the bill, saying that the Ways and Means Committee has unanimously decided that this appropriation would be for the best interests of the state and in the interest of economy. A large amount of stone is lying under cover and paid for, and 400 men are lying idle, the Commissioners having asked them to remain until the Legislature should take some action. A large amount of necessary interior work can also be done during the winter months. If this work is performed it is the opinion of the Commissioners that the new Capitol can be enclosed during the next two years, and the great work speedily completed. The committee had considered the matter carefully, and believed they were acting for the best interests of the state in recommending this appropriation. (Applause.)

Mr. C. S. SPENCER also made an appeal for the immediate passage of the bill, as well for the interests of the state as for the relief of the hundreds of men now standing idle, whose families were suffering. (Applause.)

The motion was withdrawn, and the bill was ordered to be reported for a third reading by the unanimous vote of the committee.

To amend the act in relation to the powers and duties of the Department of Public Parks of New York.

After some discussion the bill, amended in some particulars, was reported for a third reading.

In the House, the bill was recommitted and ordered to be immediately printed properly amended, and placed on the files of members to-morrow morning.

On motion of Mr. ALVORD, the bill was made a special order for to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. BATCHELLER moved that the bill appropriating moneys for the new Capitol now have its third reading. There was no reason, he said, why there should be any further delay in the matter. Agreed to.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

The SPEAKER announced the appointment of Joseph Hastings as reporter for the Albany Knickerbocker.

A number of petitions were presented and referred.

A petition was presented from the Prohibition Convention at Poughkeepsie, asking for an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the sale of liquor, the passage of a prohibitory law, and the repeal of the act incorporating the Wine and Liquor Dealers' Association of the United States.

THIRD READING OF BILLS.

The question being on the final passage of the bill for the relief of John George Milburn, Mr. LINCOLN cited precedents in favor of the action proposed by the bill, and favored its passage.

After considerable discussion the motion was lost.

The bill was then read a third time and lost, 61 to 43.

A motion to reconsider was tabled.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. PRINCE called up his resolution requesting the Attorney General to give his opinion relative to the insertion of the Black River Canal in the proposed Constitutional amendments, and it was adopted.

Mr. SHATTUCK, that the Comptroller be requested to report to this House the amount of claims adjudicated by the Commissioners appointed under chapter 176, laws of 1859, for the appointment of Commissioners to adjust certain claims for services of the militia of this state in the war of 1812, and what amount of such claims have been paid. Adopted.

Mr. W. MILLER, directing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill relative to the qualifications for admission to practice in the Supreme Court of this state.

Pending its consideration the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Printing Committee, reported favorably a resolution making it unlawful for the Congressional printer to print in the Congressional Record a speech or part of a speech not actually delivered in the Senate or House. Passed.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a resolution to inquiry into the expediency of suspending the expenditure of the appropriations for all public buildings upon which work has not yet commenced and cover such unexpended appropriations into the Treasury. Agreed to.

Mr. CLAYTON of Arkansas rose to a personal explanation. He sent to the Clerk's desk and had read articles from the Boston Advertiser and Baltimore Sun concerning the controversy between himself and the Postmaster General. He characterized all the statements therein contained as false, and explained the nature of the controversy.

Mr. MORTON submitted the following resolution, which was laid on the table and ordered printed:

Resolved, That the Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard be instructed to consider and report a bill creating a commission of five eminent and skilled persons, to be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall examine and report to Congress what legislation is necessary and practicable in regard to inter-state railroads, to promote the following object: Speedy transportation at reasonable rates for freight and passengers, safety and comfort of passengers by providing for inspection of bridges, tracks, locomotives and cars and reform of any abuses that may exist in consequence of extortions or unjust discriminations in transportation of freight and passengers, and in general what regulations are necessary to promote the efficiency of railroads, the interests of commerce and the convenience and safety of the traveling public.

Mr. MORTON said that on Tuesday next he would express his views on the subjet.

The morning hour having expired the consideration of the finance resolution was resumed and Mr. BOUTWEEL addressed the Senate, replying first to Senator Schurz' remarks concerning himself in the latter's recent speech. He said the business men of the country are in a substantial condition and prepared to go on with their business.—The laboring classes alone have suffered and they alone are the persons entitled to consideration, and to their interests he thought Congress should now address itself. He hoped to be able to show that an inflation of the paper currency would inflict standing and lasting evils upon laboring men. He contended that there was frequently an inflation of currency in New York and its evils were disastrous.—There is a natural process by which currency, whether paper or coin, used for purposes of business, will accumulate in a particular place. When every power of legislation should have been exhausted for the purpose of distributing the currency over the country the result would be failure. The currency will flow where it belongs, and therefore naturally accumulates in the city of New York. The banks of the city of New York, acting upon a practice almost universal, pay interest on deposits, and the result is that money, instead of remaining in Chicago, St. Louis and other points, flows into New York, fifty, sixty or seventy millions of dollars often being held there subject to call. The accumulation of currency in New York by artificial means leads to inflation of the currency in that city and to speculations, followed by disaster and ruin. An inflation of the currency of the country would in time produce the same results. He was therefore opposed to any increase in the volume of the paper money of the country, and on the other hand was opposed to any contraction of the currency. He did not think a depreciated currency in itself a great evil; by that he meant to say that if the currency be depreciated and the prices and products of labor become accommodated to that state of things there are no substantial evils affecting the general prosperity of the country.

The authority of the Treasury Department to use the forty-four millions legal tender reserve ought never to have been questioned, but he trusted that this debate would settle the legal right of the Treasury to use that reserve. The department had acted upon the idea that it had a right to use it whenever an emergency occurred, bearing in mind always that it was not to be added to the volume of currency when issued, but to be restored to the Treasury as soon as practicable. He argued that the issue of the $44,000,000, in his judgment, was consistent with public interest in the highest degree and the Secretary of the Treasury could not sit silent and inactive while ruin and disaster to the country were apparent. But to permanently increase the currency he was opposed to. He favored a return to specie payments, with such limitations as were set forth in the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury of 1872. Statements had been made here that during the past four years no progress had been made towards a return to specie payment. This he denied. In 1869 the average price of gold was 132½ per cent., in 1870 it was less than fifteen; in 1871 less than twelve; in 1872 it was 112 4-10 and in 1873 it was 113 84-100. Did not these facts, by themselves considered, demonstrate that in those four years we had made progress? He looked for an ultimate and not for a distant equalization of our paper currency and coin and until that time arrived any policy looking to the resumption of specie payment would be fraught with the greatest danger.

He opposed a free banking system. Under it the currency of the country would be vastly increased and when the time came to resume specie payment these banks would be unable to respond. He was also opposed to the proposition of his colleague (Sumner) for convertible bonds and expressed the opinion that it would result in contraction and hoarding of money, to the detriment of the business interests of the country. If the currency was to be contracted as a means to resume specie payment let it be done openly, so that every business man could see what was going to be and shape his business accordingly. He argued the impossibility of our going into the markets of the world to purchase coin with which to redeem legal tenders. All the money markets of the world would be arrayed against us. It was possible for men in New York to mass for the purpose of speculation and control ten, twenty or even thirty millions of dollars, and if the plan proposed by his colleague (Mr. Sumner) should be adopted those men would work ruin to the Treasury by putting their money into these convertible bonds when money was plentiful, hold their bonds until a scarcity of money occurred, when they would have them redeemed and precipitate an additional volume of currency on the country, inflating the prices and doing great damage. The plan of returning to specie payment a year from now also was very objectionable, as he had shown. The government could not get gold to do it and if the time for return should be fixed at a year from now the government could not stand the shock. After redeeming fifty or a hundred millions the Treasury would have to close its doors. Enough coin could not be accumulated in the Treasury in a year to pay our notes, and it was impossible to get it from Europe. The only escape is to allow the Secretary of the Treasuty to go into the markets of the country and buy our six per cent. bonds at a market price with the proceeds derived from the sale of five per cent. bonds.

Schurz, Sumner and Gordon interrupted Boutwell frequently and the discussion lasted until 4:05, when the Senate adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE.

Mr. DAWES, from the Ways and Means, reported back adversely the bills to repeal all taxation on bank checks and friction matches and moved a reference to the Committee of the Whole and make them the special order for Wednesday next. Agreed to.

Mr. DAWES also reported a bill to fix the amount of legal tenders at four hundred millions and moved to make the bill the special order in Committee of the Whole Thursday next.

Mr. COX wanted to see a little more definiteness in this matter. The bill settled nothing as to future policy. The bill, properly interpreted, legalized the issue of the reserve, was a step away from resumption and people would so regard it. The tendency was towards inflation.

Mr. Dawes' motion was agreed to.

Mr. KASSON, from the Ways and Means, reported a bill concerning deposits in savings banks, construing existing laws. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

After a number of petitions and memorials were presented and referred the House resumed consideration of the West Virginia contested election case. Without coming to a vote the House at half-past four took a recess till half-past seven. The evening session is to be for the consideration of the bill for revising and consolidating the statutes.

TRAGIC END OF AN OLD QUARREL.

One of the Disputants Fatally Stabbed.

CINCINNATI, Jad. 22.—An old quarrel between a druggist named Herman Koch, of the firm of Koch & Markel, and Andrew Miller, agent of the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, culminated to-day in a stabbing affray. Miller was instantly killed.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE.

His Birthplace Doing Him Honor.

LYNNE, Conn., Jan. 22.—At Old Lynne, the birth place of Judge Waite, the citizens to-day fired a salute in honor of his appointment and confirmation as Chief Justice.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

A Distinguished Visitor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro via St. Thomas, brought as a passenger ex-President Baez of San Domingo.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

FLOUR—Quiet and in buyer's favor. Receipts 13,000 bbls. Sales 8,000 bbls. at $5.65@6.10 for superfine State and Western; $6.55@7.20 for common to choice extra; $6.45@7.20 for common to choice extra Western; $6.60@8.00 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio.—Rye Flour steady. Sales 400 bbls. at $5.75@5.90 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and without decided change. Receipts 50,000 bu. Sales 29,000 bu. at $1 58 @1.59 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.60@1.61 for No. 2 Milwaukee. Rye scarce and firm. Rec'ts 800 bu. Sales —— bushels. Corn firm. Receipts 29,000 bushels. Sales 81,000 bu. at 86@90 for new Western mixed afloat. Barley scarce and advancing. Receipts 6,000 bushels. Sales —— bushels. Oats quiet. Receipts 33,000 bu. Sales 24,000 at 60@61 for mixed Western; 61@62 for White Western.

PROVISIONS—Pork heavy. Rec'ts 200 bbls. Sales at $16.00 for new Mess. Beef firm.—Cut Meats firm at 9@10 for dry salted short cut Hams; 6¼@6¾ for dry salted Shoulders. Lard heavy. Rec'ts 200 tierces. Sales at 9¾ for steam; 9¾ for kettle rendered. Butter 32@47 for State and Pennsylvania. Cheese firm at 9¾@15 for common to prime. Sugar heavy. Eggs 25@26 for State and Pennsylvania.

STOCK and MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

Customs receipts $295,000. Treasury disbursements $242,000. The day has been very quiet in Wall street except as to sterling, which was strong and higher, closing at $4.83¾ for 60 days, $4.86¾@4.87 sight. Money easy at 5@6. Gold ranged 111¾ @11¾, closed 111¾. Carrying rates 4@5¾. Clearings $45,000,000. State bonds quiet and nominal. Governments firm. Stocks weaker; declined in early part of the day ½@1¼, but afterwards made a general recovery of ¼@1¼, closed steady. The principal dealings were in Western Union, Pacific, Lake Shore, New York Central, Wabash and Pacific Mail. The sales between 10 and 3 o'clock were 120,000 shares, of which 28,500 were Western Union, 26,400 Union Pacific, 5,200 Wabash, 9,000 Pacific Mail, 22,000 Lake Shore, 8,400 New York Central. Money 5.

STOCKS.

U. S. 6's '81 reg.	117¾	Un. Pacific stock	34¾
U. S. 6's '81 coup.	118¾	L. S. & Mich. Sou.	79¾
U. S. 5-20's '62, reg.	113¾	Ill. Central	100¼
U. S. 5-20's '62 coup.	114¾	Clev. & Pitts.	88¾
U. S. 6's '64 coup.	116¾	Chi. & N. West	60¾
U. S. 6's '65 old.	117¼	Chi. & N. W. pref.	72¾
U. S. 6's '65 new	116¾	Clev., Col. & Chi.	77½
U. S. 6's '67	117½	New Jersey Cen.	99¾
U. S. 6's '68	117½	Chi. & R. I.	104¾
U. S. new fives	112¾	Mil. & St. Paul	47½
U. S. 10-40's, reg.,	112¾	Mil. & St. P. pref.	72¾
U. S. 10-40's, coup.	114	Tol. Wab. & W.	53¾
Currency Sixes	114½	Do. pref.	70
Del. & Hud Canal	114	Ft. Wayne	91¾
Canton	72	Alton & T. H.	13
Consolid Coal Co	44¾	Do. pref.	31
Cumberland	20	Chicago & Alton	108
West Union Tel.	75¾	Do. pref.	110
Quicksilver	26	Ohio & Miss.	34½
Do. pref.	52	Del. L. & West	101¾
Pacific Mail	41¾	Bost. Har. & Erie	2¾
Boston Water P.	18	Col. Chi. & In. Cen	31¾
Adams' Express	94½	Chi. B. & Q.	104¾
Wells, F. & Co. Ex.	69½	Hannibal & St. Jo.	32¾
Am. Mer. Un. Ex.	61	Cen. Pacific	95¾
United States Ex.	68¾	Union Pacific Bonds	85½
N. Y. Cen. & H. R.	104¼	Tenn. 6's	80
Erie	47	Tenn. 6's new	79¾
Erie pref.	74	Va. 6's	42
Harlem	125	Va. 6's new	50
Harlem pref.	118	Mo. 6's	93
Mich. Cen.	85	Gold—111¾.	

The Siamese Twins—Their Life and Death.

The Siamese twins, Chang and Eng, died at their residence in Mount Airy, Surrey county, N. C., January 17th. Chang was partially paralyzed last fall, since which time he has been fretful, very much debilitated, and strongly addicted to drinking liquor as a means of alleviating his suffering. He had been quite feeble for several days—indeed so much so as to confine both the brothers to bed, but the illness was not so severe as to excite alarm. On Friday night they retired to bed as usual, but during the night Chang became worse, and expired suddenly about 4 o'clock on Saturday morning. As soon as it was discovered that he was dead, Eng became so terribly shocked that he raved wildly for a while, at times exhibiting signs of great mental aberration. This attack was followed by what seemed to be a deadly stupor, and in two hours from the death of Chang, Eng breathed his last.

The twins were born at a small village on the coast of Siam, in the year 1811. Their parents got their living by fishing, and, until 1829, when Eng and Chang were brought to the United States, they made their living by selling shell-fish. Their mother bore seventeen children.—At one time she gave birth to three and never less than two. But none of these children were deformed. The twins were united at the anterior part of the chest by a prolongation of a kind of fleshy band the size of the hand. This band of flesh was about two inches broad and four inches thick. The whole mass was tough and capable of being considerably extended. One could whisper in the ear of one of them without the other hearing; while volatile salts applied to the nostrils of one had no effect on the other; and while pinching the arm of one excited no sensation in the other, still if one but stuck a pin in the exact vertical centre of this connecting link both would flinch from the hurt. The twins were seldom observed to converse with each other. They played a good game of draughts, made pretty much the same moves, and at the same time, and frequently played against each other.

After attracting a vast amount of attention among scientists and physiologists in the old world, they married two sisters, and settled down near Salisbury, N. C., on a well stocked plantation. In addition they had at one period ample funds invested through their agent in New York. During the war they continued to reside on their plantation, and lived in the same quiet and harmony as ever, until some years afterward. Of course, no one ever thought of drafting them, and their progress prospered, except, when out of temper from any cause, it was apt to work itself off in striking the first one that came to hand, from which the best escape was to keep out of the way. The brothers probably never would have had any difficulty, but that their wives, though sisters, turned away their hearts, and children were the cause of this estrangement. Up to the period that each had five children all prospered well enough, but one of them had a sixth, and this awoke envy and jealousy to such a degree that the twin-sisters, not being bound together like the twin-brothers, would no longer live under the same roof.

The brothers were about fifty-four years of age, but one, the smaller and feebler of the two, looked about ten years older than the other. They could turn either back to back or face to face, but that is as far as the remarkable bond that united them permitted. It has always been considered almost certain that, should either die, the other could not long survive, as there was an artery as large as the femoral artery connecting them. A few years since, they corresponded with some of the leading surgical operators in London, as to the possibility of the umbilicus being cut, so that, in case of the death of one the life of the other might be saved. At the request of the London surgeon, they visited that city, and many experiments were tried to determine the safety of such an operation. Among other things, a ligature was tied firmly for a few minutes around the connection between them, so as to prevent the circulation of blood through the artery. But it seemed as if each would expire if this were persisted in. The smaller of the two fainted away and lost all consciousness, and there were symptoms that the same effect would follow to the other, but the process could not be continued long enough without endangering the life of him who was the first to faint. Since the breaking out of the rebellion, the twins both dressed in the confederate gray

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Friday Morning, Jan. 23.

☞ Correspondents will please direct their letters to Rondout Post Office, N. Y.

☞ The uptown office of THE FREEMAN can be found on John street, in the new office of Mr D. Van Wagenen. Engineers and agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there or at the General office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

To-Night—Common Council at Fireman's Hall. Minnehaha Division, S. of T., in Odd Fellows' Hall.

CITY NOTES.

—The only place where the ice men can find comfort is in the dictionary.

—The snow disappeared on Thursday about as rapidly as it accumulated on Wednesday.

—Mike Madden has been hunting deer in Tennessee, and was nearly killed by a buck. It wasn't our Alderman, though.

—The office of the American Express in the lower part of this city is now in the O'Reilly building on Mill street, opposite The Freeman office.

—Now doth the sportive hoodlum admonish his fellow, and eke older persons, with the missive made of snow, and when inquired of why is this thus he answereth, "The snow packs so nice."

—We estimate we have heard of about "a hundred men or more" who are just aching to take up "Hipe" Van Steenburgh's wager of $100 that before the 15th of February the ice in the Hudson at Catskill and north of it will be ten inches thick, but none of them have shown any stamps.

—The new billiard rooms uptown were opened Wednesday evening, and the rush of visitors was immense. These rooms are handsomely furnished with a Brussels carpet and the finest tables the market affords. Everything is neat and tidy, and as no liquors are sold on the premises, those who wish a quiet game can try their skill at this place without fear of being disturbed by the orgies of some Bacchanalian crew, that can always be found where stimulant abounds.

—One of the peculiarities of the schools uptown is, that if a teacher makes a mistake she must apologize to the parent. A few days ago one of the students in No. 8 school, a small boy, in some manner broke over the rules of the school, and the teacher suspended him. It seems, however, there is a new law, which says a teacher must not suspend a scholar without first informing the parent of the child's disobedience, and that teacher was actually forced to write a letter to the boy's mother, stating that she had done wrong and was very sorry for it, etc., etc. We say forced, because she must either write the letter or lose her situation. What a farce is this, to force a teacher to lie in black and white!

Personal.

Mr. James O. Merritt and wife will probably make a trip to Florida soon. Mr. Merritt is not fully restored, but is recovering, and the physicians think a change of air will be productive of good.

The Lumber Market.

The Troy Times says the year 1873 was an unprofitable one to lumber dealers in all sections of the country, and dealers in Troy and West Troy have been no exception to the rule. The amount of lumber purchased by them during the year was $3,877,881, and the sales $3,797,955. Amount of lumber on hand 325,589 feet. The Times says the prospects for the coming season are good, stocks are lighter, and a fair demand is anticipated at home and abroad.

The Overlook.

People who want a splendid view can get it now by going to the Overlook. The air is much clearer than in summer, and the range of vision far greater. Mr. Lasher tells us the White Mountains can now be seen, and if the Fishkill Mountains were out of the way he thinks he could look into New York. By a little stretch of imagination a man may also look into the middle of next week, which in these panic times is a great blessing.

Another Attempt at Robbery.

The following communication was found on our desk on Thursday morning, and for the purpose of endenvoring to prevent more such daring attempts to rob our solid citizens while on business cares intent, we copy it verbatim:

"On the morning of the 21th, Boyd and salif was going to the post office with the male and on our return we met 3 young men coming down the side walk on the right hand Side as we were coming and one of them said what are you plouting along about at that minute they caught hold of us and they said give us your money and the other said give us your watch we told them we had no watch and the wanted us to give them whatever we had and I looked at one of the fellows and I thought I knowed him and I said let loose of me Joseph Higgins and with that he let me go.

BOYD & SALIF,
Daily Freeman carrier."

Accident.

On Thursday forenoon Mr. John Hutton, who resides on Division street in the lower portion of this city, went to Wiltwyck for the purpose of requesting his daughter to come home to assist in nursing her mother, who was severely injured by a fall on Wednesday. On Mr. Hutton's return home, and while alighting from a sleigh, he fell to the ground, injuring himself very severely. The wife and husband are now both injured by falls, and as they are old people the accidents are serious ones to say the least.

Temperance Rally.

It will be seen by the advertisement in another column that a grand temperance rally will be held at Music Hall on Sunday evening under the auspices of St. Joseph's Temperance Society. The meeting will be addressed by Robert A. Wilson of New York and Edward Caffrey of Greenpoint. Both gentlemen are well known temperance speakers, and Mr. Wilson is a fine singer, and will during the meeting sing a couple of fine songs, entitled "The Drunkard's Dream" and "Trotting Decay." The Society invites all temperance men to participate with them in the meeting, and we hope there will be a large meeting.

The New Train.

The Newburgh Journal of Wednesday evening contains the following: "For several days the new Ulster County and Newburgh Express has been behind the time, the engine not being powerful enough to do the work of hauling so large a train over the steep grades on time. Through the efforts of Special Agent John Baldwin, a more powerful engine—No. 20, Beattie, engineer, formerly of the Wallkill Valley road—has been assigned to the work, going on to-day. It is expected that with this change the train will be run to the minute on the time table. The displaced engine takes the place of No. 20 on the Wallkill Valley.

Pecunious Printers.

Now we do rejoice in the prosperity of any member of the craft to which Benjamin Franklin belonged, and as it is rare that we have cause to rejoice we copy the following from the Po'keepsie Eagle, and remark there are two chaps to whom the term "poor devil of a printer" cannot be applied: "Mr. George A. Graham, of this office, is building himself a fine residence in Carroll street, alongside of his present residence. Jacob Monfort has the contract. Mr. Dewitt C. De Golier, also of this office, is building a fine French roof residence in Lent street. U. P. Eshleman is the builder." Bully for you, George and Dewitt! May you do so some more.

Quite the Style—and not.

It has become quite the style for ladies who during the summer and autumn months drove pony phaetons to now, in sleighing times, sport a Portland; and it is by no means an unusual sight when on the road to see two ladies in a sleigh, one of them driving, giving some good stepping nag, driven by a man, a right lively brush. Occasionally an establishment driven by a female, accompanied by another, will pull up at some "wayside hotel," get ont, give orders about the care of their horse, and then go to the public parlor, where, soon after, goes a server on which are two goblets containing a light colored mixture which is hot, for it smokes. It must be hot lemonade, because it has a small piece of lemon peel, a cracker, and some grated nutmeg floating on its surface. We *have* known the server to also carry at the same time two segars, but *that* must have been when there were men up-stairs somewhere.

During one of the sleighing spells this fall or winter, there drove up in front of a certain hotel some miles from this city a fancy establishment in which were two handsome young women, *very* fashionably dressed, who alighted and after attending to giving instructions, and something else from a port monnaie, to the holster, they entered the house and public parlor, whence proceeded the landlord to blandly enquire "What would the ladies wish?" "Can we have a private room, with fire, for about an hour?" "Oh, certainly." "Show us, and then send up two hot——lemonades and some segars." "How many segars, Miss?" "Oh, a handful, and charge us for what we use." The landlord obeyed orders literally. After the hot lemonades and segars had been consumed "a bottle o'wine" was ordered and disposed of, and some while after two hours had elapsed the horse was ordered to the door and the bill paid (it included *all* the segars.) While descending the steps leading from the porch to the ground, one of the young women slipped, fell, and rolled to the bottom like a bundle of dry-goods. Picking herself up and giving an indignant stamp with one foot, she exclaimed, "——that ice; why don't they pour hot Scotch on in an' thaw t'oil?" She then seated herself in the sleigh, gathered up the reins crossed, which the bolster rectified, and said to her companion "Come on now——, but go easy or you'll slip on that ice, too." Number two got seated in the sleigh without accident, when the pair drove off. We would remark that there wasn't a particle of ice on the steps or porch. Further comment, beyond saying this is not quite the proper style, is unnecessary.

The Erie Short Cut.

It has heretofore been announced that the Erie Railway Company has been contemplating a re-survey of some portions of their road in order to see if certain heavy grades in the vicinity of Port Jervis could not, in a measure, be done away with, and distances at the same time reduced. The result of snrveys recently made by the engineers show that a short cut can be made which will effect both the desired results, and it is probable the road will be shortened twenty miles by the adoption of a new route. On leaving Port Jervis the engineers passed around the Shawangunk mountains, near Hainesville, crossed Big Flat Brook and located a tunnel through the Blue mountain 5,000 feet long, with a maximum grade of only 35 feet. They passed thence to Deckertown, and northward crossing the Walkill three miles below Unionville. The line was then run through the town of Warwick to Bellevale mountain, where they located another tunnel a mile long, coming out at the head of Greenwood lake. The heaviest grade encountered in this survey was only fifty feet Another route was also surveyed by the same party, as follows: Commencing at the west side of Bellevale mountain, they ran to a point a quarter of a mile west of Hampton. They intersect the Midland at Crawford Junction and thence parallel with that road to Bloomingburgh, at a maximum grade of fifty feet. At Bloomingburgh they located a tunnel two miles long through the Shawangunk mountain, running southwest at two hundred feet less elevation than the Midland tunnel, the direction of which is northwest. The route thence extended to Ellenville, and down the Neversink valley to Port Jervis. One of these proposed routes will no doubt be adopted by the road and will constitute what is to be called the "Erie Short Cut."

Inhuman Treatment of a Child—Another Verdict against the Palmers.

The readers will remember that at a term of court held in Newburgh a few months ago a little girl named Rachael Ann Gardiner, by her guardian, instituted proceedings against Spencer Palmer, formerly of the town of Wawayanda, and with whom she lived, to recover damages for cruel treatment. The testimony showed that the little girl had been subjected to terrible suffering caused by the inhuman treatment she had received at the hands of Palmer and his wife. The case was tried before a jury and the jury rendered a verdict in favor of the little girl for two hundred and fifty dollars.

This, it seems, did not satisfy the little girl and her friends. Another suit was brought against Palmer's wife and it came on at the term of the Supreme Court of Oyer and Terminer held in Goshen this week. It was tried on Wednesday and, as in the first trial, the testimony plainly exhibited the heathenish treatment the girl had received while in the Palmer family. It was tried before a jury and the defendant was beaten, the jury rendering this time a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for one thousand dollars.—*Newburgh Telegraph.*

Exit Sleighing.

The mild temperature of Wednesday night, accompanied by some rain, and the fogs of Thursday used up the late snow-fall, so far as sleighing purposes are concerned, most effectually. During the forenoon of Thursday most persons who used vehicles rode in sleighs, although a few very sensible people brought out their wagons. Afternoon wagons were the rule and sleighs the exception, particularly for carrying heavy loads. Many light sleighs were dodging about until far into the evening, though the sleighing was but little better than it was last August. There was an almost total lack of pleasure parties on the road on Thursday afternoon, which was proof positive that the snow on the roads had become among the things that were. One party we wot of started out in search of sleighing in the suburbs of the city, but finding it not, and coming within the one hundredth part of an inch of a most dire mishap, they scratched their way homeward before the light of the young moon permitted the girls to lean upon the boy's arms and whisper soft nothings in their ears. And so the sleighing carnival so fondly anticipated on Wednesday is closed on Thursday—and it was a weak carnival while it lasted.

Somnambulism Extraordinary.

The Middletown Press says: "A singular freak of somnambulism occurred in Goshen, Sunday night. A Mr. James Madden, a cattle drover and butcher from Jersey City, was stopping at the Erie House, kept by Mr. Jas. Thompsen, and had retired to bed at a seasonable hour in his usual good health. At about three o'clock A. M. Mr. Madden, in a fit of somnambulism, thinking he was driving some sheep at the time, arose, dressed himself and sprang out of the third-story window to the ground in the back yard. As he lescended past the second-story window his boot-heel struck the window sill and tore the heel off the boot. He struck the ground and was unable to give any alarm save a groan, which was heard by the people in the hotel, who came to his aid and carried him inside. Dr. J. H. Thompson was called in and prescribed for Mr. Madden, and was surprised to find no bones broken, but still is somewhat apprehensive of internal injuries."

OUR ALBANY CORRESPONDENCE.

ALBANY, January 22, 1874.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—A legislature is like a heavy steamboat, it takes quite a number of strokes, considerable steam and a good many orders before the machine gets in motion. Now that committees are organizing and at work; now that the last "swearing train" has left Albany and the minor officials of the House are sworn in, and now that a good feeling exists generally among members, we may hope for a pleasant session. The sharp address of the Speaker to officials on Tuesday was ostensibly intended to make them all walk the crack this winter, and unless the Speaker slips round quietly and undoes his work, we may hope for good order and courteous attention, which four and five dollar a day men should extend toward the people, toward members and others. I believe about the only man along the river counties who remains here to secure a crumb is the irresistible would-be-member from Woodstock. As a stayer Brinckerhoff is a decided success, and if he be as fortunate this session as he was last he will get the position of messenger on some committee—whose double-headed duties shall require a man late in the term. His case is decidedly worse than many others, although young Atkyns secured a position through Senator Lowery and will hold it pending good behavior—he must not be heard to swear. The trouble with Mr. Brinckerhoff is that he "goes for" too big cabbage early in the session, and failing, stands ready to accept anything that's "loose" when he finds he is beaten. And he don't find out that he's whipped until all the little holes in the bagatelle board are filled. Men around the capital are like the sand dogs you read of. They all have a little mound with a hole in it. If they get to the mound first they claim it as their own and always guard the hole like a mastiff until they get leave to go in

I've been looking round the chamber to find out who would be most likely to be the clown of the House this winter, but can't point him out as yet. I reckon we've got a pretty sensible lot of men this winter. Last winter we had "Prof." Clark, and fun from "Denny" Burns and others. The year previous we had I. D. Brown from Ki-yu-ga, but where, O! where is the man or men who shall say "I am the man?" The oilers have gone below to grease the machinery and I reckon by next week we shall commence work in earnest. This week has been skirmish week. The disappointed place-hunters about all went home on Tuesday morning, and I learn that the engineer who run the "swearing train" down kept brakes on the entire run, the power of sulphurous propulsion in the rear of the engine being enough to draw the train.

Among the list of appointments I find the name of DeWitt Griffin, son of Hon. Matthew Griffin, of Delaware county. The Hon "Matt" was inclined to storm a little because he wasn't better cared for on committees, and talked so long and earnestly about it that the Speaker whispered words of consolation to him, and out pops DeWitt—a full fledged assistant Sergeant-at-Arms. DeWitt, as I have already learned to call him—we all get familiar in a day or two here—is about six feet two inches, good looking and well made, and I reckon Fiske and he will run the machine on about as high keys as the darned old boiler permit will allow. It's business with them—and they know how to transact it. If any of your people have a hankering to hear the subject of "canals" discussed at any time, come up and I'll pilot them round to a room in the Delavan where Fiske, Canal Commissioner Stroud, and "Gov." Alvord love to sit at times. Don't come up on Thursday, that being what is known as "cheese" night.

By the way, "Old Salt's" speech on the Governor's message took our straight-laced Republican friends by surprise. The "Gov." has evidently tied up his old clothes and sent them oft with instructions to bestow them as a gift upon the poor. He then ordered a new suit off the same pattern purchased by Governor Dix. I'm sorry Jefferson, Marcy and Silas Wright are dead—for the "Gov.'s" sake. He'd be so happy in their company just now. However I guess the Dix Canal Superintendent string being pulled by the "Gov." will hold him for a while—at least until the people shall say what they will do with the proposed amendments to our state constitution. Alvord's bills relative to County Treasurers paying over monies as fast as collected to the State Controller is a good one. It will prevent defalcations. If it pass, all we shall have to do is to watch the State Controller. Watching one man is easier than keeping your eye on fifty or sixty, you know. A general bill to extend the time for the collection of taxes has passed the House. We are expecting Lillie Blake & Co., the female suffragists, up to-day, and I doubt not Mr. Prince will serve them—in every honorable way. I'm in favor of allowing every woman who is twenty years old and pays taxes to vote—and I won't take it back e-i-t-h-er.

There seems to be a hitch in the passage of those concurrent resolutions or proposed amendments to the Constitution, so much so that the Attorney General is requested to furnish his opinion. By the way, wonder what pressure secured the retention of that "Black River Canal" in that proposed amendment to article VII? Tweed is'nt here, nor has he been here recently.

Holden of Warren has introduced a bill to repeal the excise law of 1857, but as yet the temperance interest remains quiet. Perhaps "quiet" was the consideration Clerk O'Donnell paid for his position. And then too we have a compulsory education bill here which requires parents to send all children over seven and under twenty-one to school. Had it been limited to children over seven and under fourteen it would be more practical.

Mr. Connelly has introduced a bill for the election of but one Overseer of the Poor for the town of Kingston, whose salary shall be but $300, and who shall not be interested in any contract for supplies. The committee took it up on Tuesday last, thought it was special legislation, and laid it over for future action.

The meeting of the alumni of the Albany Medical college on Tuesday brought Dr. Loughran up here, and he was one of the active members in forming an organization of the Union University or Albany Medical College. Mr. Hermance of Ellenville and Supervisor Myers have also been here, and "Dan." Elting sticks well. The State Aricultural Society met here yesterday, and I reckon "Jakey" Cuyler & Co., on behalf of Albany, would like to run the machine. Among the graduates at the Medical College on Tuesday evening were Mr. O. Quentel of Kingston, and G. L. Van Allen of Blooming Grove delivered the essay in true sophomore style. Mr. C. D. Hasbrouck of Alligerville was also a graduate.

CYRUS.

Sent Back.

The locomotive E. C. Litchfield on the N. Y., K. & S. Railroad was last week shipped back to Paterson by Superintendent Hecker, in compliance with the request of the manufacturers. The engine was purchased by the late managers of the road and only a small amount paid upon it, over $14,000 remaining due.

Sociable.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Rondout M. E. Church will hold a sociable on Wednesday evening, January 28. As this society relieves whatever poor come within their reach it should be abundantly remembered.

—The Port Jervis chief of police had to decide between two women who each claimed the child as her own. He happily hit upon the right one.

—Eli Perkins is still lecturing in the vicinity. It is a marvel that in this age of violence nobody has ever attempted to shoot or strangle or poison Perkins.

Circuit Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer.

JUDGE CHARLES R. INGALLS, Presiding.

[For some cause unknown to us the first part of yesterday's court report failed to reach us, and we are unable to give it this morning.]

No. 32. *Clifford Coddington vs. Robert Hood*, was then tried. The attorneys are Bernard & Fiero for plaintiff, M. Schoonmaker for defendent. The plaintiff complains that defendant, claiming to be an engineer in the employment of the New York & Chicago West Shore Railroad Company, came upon his property situated on the west bank of the Hudson River, in 1872, and cut down and destroyed a number of shade trees that were growing there. Hood, the defendant, acted as counsel in his own case and examined the witnesses.

The defendant claims he was authorized to make the survey, and do the acts complained of, by an act of the Legislature in regard to the said railroad. That if unnecessary damage was done the company and not the agent is liable.

After the case had been closed the court adjourned until nine o'clock Friday morning.

VICINITY.

—Port Jervis has two brass bands.

—Real estate is lively in Goshen.

—A new colored church has been organized in Goshen.

—The Masons of Middletown propose to put up a new hall.

—A Cuban concert troupe is performing along the Harlem Railroad.

—The steamer Boardman is being furnished with new boilers.

—The Chief Engineer of the Port Jervis Fire Department is paid $100 per annum.

—The Troy soup-house gives out 230 quarts of soup daily.

—A farmer in Otselic has raised 102 bushels of potatoes from a quarter of an acre.

—West Troy wants to be a city, embracing Green Island in its limits.

—A Jeffersonville farmer took advantage of the mild weather to dig his potatoes. He found four bushels of them in good condition.

—Peter Shields has been appointed resident agent at Poughkeepsie of the Commissioners of Emigration.

—The Orange County Musical Convention holds its next session at Port Jervis on the 4th of February.

—We begin to suspect Davids of the Eagle has political aspirations. Bless us! what is this world coming to?

—The American Paper Car-Wheel Co. of Hudson has made another call of ten per cent. upon its stockholders. It has $102,762.75 paid in so far.

—Judge Bush, a Democrat, charged the grand jury of Sullivan county to inquire into the recent throwing out of two election districts in the interest of Abbott.

—The temperance men in Luzerne county are having a hard time enforcing the law. A temperance justice has had his house sprinkled with kerosene, and anattempt was made to set it on fire. Another was dragged from his doorstep, but he broke away and three shots were fired at him.

—The Mendelssohn Society gave a concert at Poughkeepsie on Wednesday night on a novel plan. They sent free tickets to whomsoever would receive them, selling no admission tickets. Then they announced that whoever didn't want to run the risk of the rush could buy reserved seats. They made a good thing.

—Most of our readers will remember A. B. Morrison, a former prominent business man of Oneonta, who left that place rather unexpectedly some two years ago. Morrison's life since that period has been an eventful one. While he was traveling in foreign lands his wife obtained a divorce and married again. In the meantime Morrison lost his entire fortune, some $25,000, by the failure of a bank, and was compelled to pawn his watch to obtain means with which to return to this country. Suffice it to say that he came back, courted and married a widow with $75,000, and is now living in peace and plenty in the old Bay State. The story reads like fiction, but it is nevertheless true.—*Saturday Review.*

Mr. Fanning's Private Dancing Academy, Voorhees' Hall, Kingston. Pupils having taken lessons will be received for the LAST HALF TERM on Friday at 7 P. M. No beginners received, and no visitors admitted. Terms Five Dollars. The German will be a specialty. *Pupils and Parents must present cards for admission.* School not open to the public.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is "a combination and a form indeed" for healing and curing diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. It cures a cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation; thus removing the cause, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the disease behind.

Grapes.

A fine stock of Grapes at the Huguenot saloon.

Soreness of the flesh, tenderness of the scalp, are cured by using Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil, This is excellent also for sore throat, pain in the joints, and people say "It works like a charm."

Sold by R. Deyo and all other druggists in Rondout and Kingston.

Kingston Coal Depot.

All those wishing nice, clean, dry coal will save money by calling at D. C. Overbaugh's Coal Yard, at the railroad junction, Union avenue. Special inducements are offered to those who draw it themselves. A man will always be found in attendance to help load up.

D. C. OVERBAUGH,
KINGSTON COAL DEPOT, Jan. 1st, 1874.

DIED.

KEATOR—In Rondout (City of Kingston), on Thursday, January 22d, 1874, of inflammation of the lungs, Rosa, infant daughter of Jacob and Jennie Keator, aged 1 year, 1 month and 2 days.

TO LET.—THE TWO STORY and basement house on Green St., head of Main, containing nine rooms, also wash-house and coal-house. Possession given first of March. Apply on the premises to M. TRUMBOUR.
Kingston, January 22nd, 1874.

BLACKSMITHING.—D. L. DECKER respectfully informs the public that he has opened a Blacksmith Shop on Columbus Avenue near Cedar St., Ponchockie, where he is prepared to shoe horses and mules in the best style of the art. Jobbing done in all its branches, boat work, &c. Wagons and sleighs ironed.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that all the relations heretofore existing between the undersigned by virtue of any agreement between them as co-partners or otherwise, have been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business in which they have been interested will hereafter be conducted by Stephen M. Hyatt and Martin J. Hyatt, under the name of S. M. Hyatt & Co. Dated Dec. 22, 1873.

S. M. HYATT,
M. J. HYATT,
E. DREYFUS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the New York Cement Company for the election of Four (4) Trustees will be held on Monday, the second day of February, 1874, at their office, No. 5 Dey Street, New York. Polls open from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
By order ALEXANDER McGUIRE, Treasurer.

SALE.—THE POSTPONED SALE to the highest bidder of FIVE SHEEP, in the bankruptcy sale of the Ostrander Bros., will be held on Friday, January 23rd, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of their market on Garden street, in the city of Kingston, N. Y. By order of
EGBERT WHITAKER, Register.
January 22, 1874.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, St. James street, Kingston, N. Y. The first term will open Tuesday, February 3, and close Friday, June 26. Boys prepared either for business or College. For terms and full information apply at the school-room, St. James Street, (between Fair and Pine,) from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., daily.
FREDERICK THOMPSON, Principal.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a new dwelling 2 stories and basement, good cellar, water in the kitchen, a small barn and a small or large lot to suit the purchaser, situated in the town of Kingston, one and a quarter miles north of the Plank Road. Address HENRY A. STONE, Box No. 2 Rondout P. O., or call at my residence opposite the above described property.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXchange.—A farm located at West Park, Ulster county, is offered for sale or for exchange for property in the city of Kingston. Inquire of A. M. CROSBY, on the premises, or of A. A. CROSBY, Rondout, N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—ONE 12x24 STEAM ENGINE, NEW.
HERMANCE, NEWTON & CO.,
Upper Kingston.

VALUABLE
HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.
At Lafayetteville, Dutchess County. If not sold before the First of April it will be let, or would exchange for city property. The hotel is 40 x 60, and has a splendid Barn, Stables, Shed &c.
D. C. REID.

WANTED.—PUPILS TO RECEIVE lessons in
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.
Lessons will be given at the residence of the Misses Tootill, No. 35 North Front street.
Applications made at R. Tootill's, No. 18 Wall street will be promptly attended to.

O. HERMANCE HAS JUST RECEIVED at his saloon in Music Hall a cargo of sauces, pickles and canned fruits. It would be impossible for us to describe the different kinds, for they are even superior to the fresh ones; green peas canned that will make one think of the gardens of spring time; strawberries large and luscious, and so natural; cherries that taste as fresh as when just ripened on the tree, and pickles that will suit the taste of the most capricious gourmand.

TO LET.—A LARGE AND COMmodious store with MARBLE FRONT and PLATE GLASS WINDOWS, No. 15 Lackawanna street. Inquire on the premises.

NOW READY.—NEW HALL.—The undersigned has just finished a handsome new Hall that will seat five hundred people. This Hall is well calculated for concerts, minstrels or other shows, lectures, public meetings, &c., and will be let for such purposes at reasonable rates.
ABRAM SAMMONS, Rosendale.

FOR SALE—BY H. F. LEAK, IN the village of New Salem, town of Esopus, a house one story and a half, and barn with half an acre of land, for $850, part cash the balance to remain on bond and mortgage if required to suit the purchaser. Any mechanic or laboring man can obtain a comfortable home by this purchase within a short distance of two ship yards and two cement mills, where abundance of labor is always obtainable. For further information inquire at the ship yard of H. F. LEAK, Eddyville.

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a house and two acres of land situated on Flatbush avenue in the city of Kingston, N. Y. The house has lately been remodeled by a first-class builder and of the best materials. It contains six bed-rooms, a large parlor, sitting room, kitchen, &c. The lot has a young bearing apple orchard, pear, cherry and plum trees, asparagus, strawberry and antwerp beds. There is a well of good soft water and a cistern on the premises. Call and examine. Terms to suit.
W. B. ASKAM.

TO LET.—A STORE & DWELLing on Wall Street. Dwelling consists of six rooms attached to the store. Also a barn and half a large garden connected with the dwelling. Inquire of
HIRAM YOUNG,
At the State of N. Y. Bank.

DENTISTRY.—DR. V. SHERWOOD, having recovered from his recent illness and having resumed his practice, most respectfully invites his friends and the public to call at his rooms in Newkirk building, on Division street, nearly opposite the Mansion House, and over A. Dunn's Watch and Jewelry Store, Rondout.

TO LET.—A DESIRABLE STORE on Garden street. Enquire at this office.

TO LET.—TWO STORES IN Hirch's new building now occupied by G. N. Stoddard and two offices on the first floor.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—I would state that there are three heirs of Dr. John Neamans of the town of Olive still living; that Clara N. Neamans, one of them, is residing in the city of Kingston. Any one wishing to know of her whereabouts will please call at Mr. Charles Wurtz's, Van Buren street.
Ulster County papers please copy.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale the House and Lot occupied by him and situated on Adams street.
G. N. STODDARD.

HOUSE TO LET.—MY RESIdence, a two-story and basement brick building, with a large garden and barn, on Chester street, one block from the new City Hall. For further particulars address ADOLPH EICHLER, Kingston, N. Y.

AUGUSTUS SCHEPMOES,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
OFFICE IN JOHN ST., OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL.
☞ Special attention paid to the collection of accounts

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—A first class modern house, with barn, situated in a fair street. The house contains ten rooms with plenty of closets, is built in the best manner and is in thorough repair throughout. The building is warmed by an improved heater and supplied with gas. Price low and terms to suit. For further particulars inquire of M. M. FRISSELLE or WM. H. FREDENBERGH.
Kingston, Jan. 9th, 1874.

FOR SALE.—A SMALL NEW House and Lot (25x100—price $900) situated in Jacob's Valley. The lot is level and pleasantly located. Also a cottage house and 4½ acres of land in a high state of cultivation, good soil, pasture and meadow lands, fruit, grapes, apples, &c., (in the city.)
ABIJAH SMITH.
Kingston, January 21, 1874.

TO LET.—THE COTTAGE House opposite the W. V. Railway on Union avenue, containing a large basement. Rooms suitable for offices or a small genteel family. Also a two-story house adjoining the above, five rooms and a shed attached, 10x20, on Greenkill avenue.
Kingston, January 21, 1874. ABIJAH SMITH.

STORE TO LET.—ON UNION Ave., corner of Flatbush avenue, with stock.—A first-class place for business. Dwelling connected. Inquire of JOSEPH GASSEN,
On opposite corner.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INdebted to the New York, Kingston & Syracuse Railroad Company are hereby notified to pay such indebtedness to Elisha M. Brigham, who is duly authorized and empowered to collect and receive the same by authority from the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, who are the Trustees of the bondholders of the bonds issued and secured by the First Mortgage of the Rondout & Oswego Railroad Company, and that pay ment to any other person or persons will not be recognized as valid.
Dated Kingston, Nov. 26th, 1873.
ELISHA M. BRIGHAM,
For Farmers' Loan & Trust Company.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of Gasson & Ellsworth, heretofore carrying on the grocery and dry goods business at Wiltwyck, City of Kingston, is hereby dissolved. All persons owing said firm will please call promptly and settle their accounts with the undersigned. And all persons having claims against said firm will please present their bills to the undersigned. JOSEPH GASSON.
Dated December 18th, 1873.
I, James Ellsworth, of the co-partnership of Gasson & Ellsworth, hereby approve and ratify the above notice of dissolution.
December 20th, 1873. JAMES ELLSWORTH.

WANTED.—TWENTY-FIVE barrels of nice CAKE TALLOW. The highest cash price will be paid for the same in large or small lots at the store of D. & A. McMILLAN, on the dock, near the Coal Company's Office.

CASH PAID FOR
OLD GOLD
AND SILVER JEWELRY,
AT
A. RICE'S,
Division St., Rondout.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of VAN VORIS & KNAPP, carrying on the stone business in upper Kingston, on Fair street, near the Wilbur road, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
WM. F. VAN VORIS,
JEROME B. KNAPP.

All persons indebted to the above firm will pay the same to the undersigned, and all parties having claims against said firm will please present the same to the undersigned, who contemplates carrying on the business as usual at the old stand until further notice, where he will be most happy to wait upon any who may desire anything in his line, such as curbing, flagging, or stone cutting in all its branches. Liberal terms, and satisfaction guaranteed to all.
WM. F. VAN VORIS.
Dated Kingston, Jan. 10, 1874.

HAIR SWITCHES, FRONTS, CURLS, FRISSETTS, MOUSTACHES, Wigs, Whiskers, etc. Combings made up to the best advantage at A. PEREZ' old stand; Mansion House building.

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS.—Fastest selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents. J. BRIDE, 767 Broadway, N. Y. Jewa

GRAND
TEMPERANCE RALLY
AT
MUSIC HALL,
Sunday Ev'g, Jan. 25th,
Under the auspices of
ST. JOSEPH'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.
The meeting will be addressed by
Robert A. Wilson of N. Y. City,
Ex-Vice President of the Catholic Temperance Union of America, a celebrated advocate of Temperance, and character singer,
AND
Edward Caffrey of Greenpoint.
ADMISSION FREE. DOORS OPEN at 7 o'clock.
A cordial invitation to participate is extended to all temperance organizations, and to the Public generally.
By order of Committee.

UNION SUNDAY SCHOOL.
HOME LECTURE COURSE,
1873 & 1874.
AT THE
CHILDREN'S CHURCH,
PONCKHOCKIE.
ORGAN CONCERT every night by Prof. JOHN HUBER and others. Proceeds for the benefit of the School. Let all interested in the Sabbath School cause give us their hearty support.
LECTURERS.
6. REV. J. J. DEAN.
7. REV. W. H. MICKLE.
ADMISSION.....25
SEASON TICKETS.....$1.00
Doors open at 7. Concert 7.15. Lecture at 8. Season Tickets for sale at Winter's. Due notice of each Lecture, Speaker and Subject will be given through the Press.
D. B. ABBEY, Superintendent.
E. A. JAQUES, Secretary.

THE RONDOUT
LECTURE ASSOCIATION,
—AT—
WASHINGTON HALL.
THE FOLLOWING ENGAGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR THE COMING SEASON.
6. Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth,
FRIDAY, JANUARY 30.
Subject—"Our American Homes."
7. Hon. Daniel Dougherty,
FEBRUARY, 13.
Subject—"The People and Politics."
8. HAMPTON SINGERS,
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY—
TICKETS - - - - - 50 CENTS.
For sale at Winter's. No reserved seats.
F. H. GRIFFITHS, Sec'y.

CORPORATION NOTICE—Special Assessments.—The City Assessors having delivered their corrected certificates (and duplicates thereof) of the special assessments of seventy-five per cents. of the expense of grading that part of St. Mary's street lying between Hasbrouck Avenue and Chambers street; of grading Pierpont street between Wurts street and Division street; of paving that part of Hasbrouck avenue lying between the northerly side of the bridge which crosses the railroad track at the Junction of the Kingston Point road and Hasbrouck avenue and Prince street, respectively, to the Common Council, at the last regular meeting thereof, and the same having been laid over until the next regular meeting of the Common Council, to be held at Fireman's Hall, Friday evening, January 23d, 1874, notice is therefore hereby given, that at said meeting, which will be the first regular meeting after the delivery of said certificates as aforesaid, any person considering himself aggrieved by any or either of said assessments, shall have an opportunity to be heard in relation thereto before the Common Council, either orally or in writing.
Date 1 January 13th, 1874.
JAMES G. LINDSLEY, Mayor.
AUG. SCHEPMOES, City Clerk.

DENTISTRY.
DR. V. SHERWOOD
Has removed his dental establishment from his old stand in Garden Street to
The Newkirk Building,
DIVISION STREET,
Nearly opposite the Mansion House, over Andrew Dunn's extensive Watch and Jewelry Store.

LEWIS I. PATCHIN,
MILL ST., RONDOUT, N. Y.
LIVERY STABLE,
☞ Good Horses and Rigs of every description constantly on hand.

A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS
PROPERTY FOR SALE
VALUABLE
The subscriber offers for sale the property on Chester street. Centrally located near the City Hall and but a few minutes walk from both the W. V. and N. Y. K. & S. R. R. depots. Being the residence of the late Wm. H. Hall. Title perfect. Apply to W. L. HALL, Union avenue.

FOR SALE
AN ELEGANT BUILDING LOT,
Situated on the corner of Hunter and West Ravine Street, formerly occupied by the German Lutheran Church, recently burned. The lot is very desirably located. It will be sold in one or several parcels. Also, the very fine
BRICK PARSONAGE,
which is one of the best constructed buildings in the city. It is of two stories, with good basement and garret, with rooms. The lot is extra large, and is located on the northeast corner of Hunter and Ravine streets.
No more desirable property than this has been offered for many years.
Apply to any of the following Trustees: George L. Wachmeyer, George Draulz, Jacob Freliewch, John M. Mayer, Wm. Seitz, Wm. Thomas, F. Alles.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.
JOHN T. BOND,
Formerly with J. Cottier, N. Y.
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
DIVISION ST., ABOVE UNION, RONDOUT.
Special attention given to the repairing of fine American, English and Swiss watches.
All kinds of Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the est manner.

A NEW LOT OF
GERMAN ACCORDEONS,
Just Received. The best out.
A. RICE.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—An ordinance in relation to the FIRE DEPARTMENT of the City of Kingston. Adopted December twenty-third, 1873.

The Common Council of the city of Kingston do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. The city of Kingston shall be divided into two fire department districts—the 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th Wards to comprise the Eastern Fire District, and the 1st, 2d, 8th and 9th Wards to comprise the Western Fire District.

CHIEF ENGINEER AND ASSISTANTS.

SECTION 1. Each of said departments shall consist of a Chief Engineer, two Assistant Engineers, and as many engines, hose and hook and ladder companies as the Common Council shall from time to

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Friday Morning, Jan. 23.

Many a heart that has been thrilled with the matchless music of the great prima donna will be saddened this morning by the news of the death of Madame Parepa Rosa, which comes to us from London. Nothing is said of the nature her sickness or its duration, though a brief despatch had told of her serious illness. In her the world loses one of its finest song artists.

We are glad when we have the opportunity to heartily and sincerely award credit to Congress for a good act, and therefore it is with pleasure we notice the prompt action of the Senate in passing Anthony's resolution forbidding the publication of any speech or part of a speech not actually delivered on the floor. Thousands of dollars have been wasted in the publication of speeches purporting to have been made by members who not only never did but never could deliver them. Such a scandalous leak should be securely plugged.

The strike on the New Jersey Southern Railroad is conducted in [the most amicable style of any we ever heard of. The good-natured strikers carefully guard the company's property, keeping it in good order, while the company send the strikers provisions and other pleasant remembrances of their good-will —everything, indeed, except the money they owe them for several months' work, and that's all the cause of difference. If the company would only pay the men one month's wages the men would be satisfied, but the company can't do it, and the men won't work for nothing any longer. So the two parties agree to disagree and spend their time exchanging pleasant little courtesies as related above. Truly, Jersey is a land like no other under the sun.

There seems to be no longer a question that the majority of the House are bent on inflation of the currency. Dawes has reported the bill legalizing the issue of the $44,000,000 reserve and adding it to the permanent circulation of the country, and it will undoubtedly be passed, and the only surmise is whether this will be the full extent of the "ballooning" proposed. In the Senate there appears to be a great diversity of views on the finance question, with odds apparently in favor of inflation. The financial question is very much mixed, and couldn't be more so if Richardson should take it into his head to suddenly resign and leave us to grapple with this great problem alone, as it were.

There seems to be a prospect of better days for Louisiana in the near future. The President, whether a conviction of the injustice of the case has seized upon him, or whether he is wearied with the long-continued worry and strife, has emphatically announced his intention to no longer interfere in the affairs of that state. And yesterday a dispatch was published stating that a new election bill had been agreed upon by Senator Carpenter and Gen. Butler and would soon be introduced in both houses. This bill, if passed, will of course end the Kellogg regime, and if drawn with a conscientious regard for the welfare of the state, leaving the proper power in the hands of its people, must result in great and immediate benefit to them. Give them an honest government, with the power to keep it so, and there are magnificent possibilities for that unfortunate state and a glorious commercial future before it.

An instance of what may happen very frequently when Commodore Vanderbilt's 4th avenue improvements are completed was the accident which occurred at 92d street on Wednesday. A Morrisania train stopped in the tunnel and the conductor omitted to hang out a light at the rear end; a New Haven express train dashed in shortly after, the engineer paying no attention to the danger signals at the mouth of the tunnel, and not seeing a light on the train ahead, of course there was a collision. Fortunately no one was fatally injured, the main damage being to the cars. But the accident is suggestive of horrors that may come hereafter if similar recklessness be permitted to go unpunished. The great railroad entrance to New York will be a fine example of enterprise and a grand engineering work, but the traveling public want to know if it is going to be a rapid transit route to eternity. The Commodore must make rules that will secure safety and see that they are enforced.

A paragraph is going the round of the papers about Rev. Samuel Scoville, a son-in-law of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who has recently been elected Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of Norwich, Conn., and who has for a long time been Foreman of Rescue Hook & Ladder Company of that city. The item is thus generally copied, of course, because it intimates that it is an anomaly for a minister of the gospel to thus conduct himself. But we see no inconsistency or unsuitableness in it. Why a minister shouldn't make a good fireman we can't understand, any more than why he shouldn't be able to chop wood in an emergency, hoe corn or dig potatoes. But then considered in another light, so to speak, it is eminently appropriate that he should be a Chief Engineer. Isn't it his duty to do everything possible to prevent the "eternal burning," and how could he begin better than by squirting out terrestrial fires? We honor Scoville—as Scotty said to the clergyman, "we like you." So go to the Rescue with your temporal fire engines and your spiritual hooks and ladders. Run out "wid der masheen" till her work is done and the angel Gabriel blows his (fire) trumpet and issues the final orders to "take up."

The New Dix Party.

The new Dix party, which has suddenly made its appearance in the minds at least of many politicians at Albany, and was warmly backed by Alvord, seems not to suit the regular organs. The Albany Argus, after having previously argued that Dix was a Democrat and no mistake, now finds many reasons for opposing the movement. On the other hand the Custom House wing of the Republican party is already considerably exercised in its mind as to the Governor, and has quite made up its mind, it is said, to run another man for Governor next time. This does not necessarily interfere with Dix's plan, as the old gentleman is reported to have acquired aspirations for the presidency. It is unfortunate, however, for the Republican party that it chief officials now in office have been old Democrats, and the party is necessarily under a constant dread lest the men it elected to office lead off its masses upon a new political adventure. It is too early, however, to tell what the new Dix party is or what it will amount to, or indeed if it be a party at all.

Not a Leader.

The Sun is of the opinion that the New York Times elected Grant, and further that if it join with the Sun it can overthrow his power and elect another for president in his place. It seems to consider that the Times is all powerful and the Republican party would be without strength if it should leave it. In which it is quite in error. The strength of the Republican party of 1872 lay in its discipline and the fear of the ascendancy of the Democratic party. The strength of the Times lay in its partisan fidelity, and it wouldn't amount to a row of pins outside of party lines. The Times is not a leader in ideas, never has been, and never will be. Under Raymond, which were its best days, it represented the commercial estimate of high moral ideas. When they got up to a paying point the Times embraced them. On the other hand the Republican papers that went into the Greeley movement were those to which the party looked for its ideas. If they who had led the party for years could not lead the masses away from it, what could a paper do that has no political ideas? The Republican party will step off the stage when it thinks its work is done, but no newspaper like the Times will affect it.

Jacks-of-All-Trades.

Somebody in Springfield wants a situation. He is only twenty-five years old, and yet he has run a printing press a year, has been salesman in a grocery two years, been in the boot and shoe trade, and is willing to work at any respectable business, thereby seeming to imply that he can work at almost anything.

Such an advertisement naturally excites amusement, until we come to reflect that the advertiser is a representative man in this country. It is a distinguishing trait of Americans that as a class they drop one trade before they half learn it, and are equally ready to cobble shoes, plough corn, tend grocery or start a newspaper. To have the thorough knowledge of a trade acquired in other countries through the discipline of adequate apprenticeship, is here considered of the slightest possible consequence. In this country we have masters of business who have never learned the first rudiments of it, foremen whose knowledge is about equal to an apprentice of about two years' experience, and journeymen of twelve months' service.

This all comes from such people as this advertiser. The country is full of young men who do not pretend to select a calling or trade or profession as a life-work, but dive into this as a makeshift until something else turns up, and at last when fortune is at its ebb they have no skilled labor to turn into dollars. It is time Americans learned their trades as thoroughly as Englishmen or Germans.

CURRENT TOPICS.

—Gen. Butler and G. F. Hoar seem to be getting on wonderfully good terms with each other. Queer, really.

—The doctors are going to cut up the Siamese twins to examine the internal mysteries of their bond of union.

—The conventions of the Grangers show a great and rapid increase in their numbers. Let the politicians put this in their pipes and smoke it.

—The Sun has been seized with a wonderful admiration for the Times, which it quotes as an "independent paper." Saul among the prophets, indeed!

—There is said to be one Senator at Washington above suspicion. He is Jones of Nevada, who has more money than he knows how to use.

—Twain and Warner's new book, "The Gilded Age," is pretty roughly criticised by some of the papers. Well, the book deserves a little criticism.

—It superinduces mournful reflections on the depravity of human nature to read the vile puns that the President's nominations for Chief Justice called out.

—What longing glances the Congressmen are casting at the franking privilege. But the country don't want any more swindling of that kind.

—The New York Times has its dander up because Mayor Havemeyer in his message called a certain paper a "mendacious mouthpiece," which indulged in "insane mutterings and harmless howls."

—T. E. Gleason of New York put a little advertisement in the Sun for a dog, and had a chance to pick a pup out of eight hundred that called on him. Mr. Gleason is now a firm believer in the efficacy of advertising.

—The college oarsmen have decided to row at Saratoga next summer. This moves the Springfield Republican to warn them not to become a "side-show to John Morrissey." We hope our college boys have too much honor and sense to disgrace themselves.

—It is said that the newly-elected City Treasurer of Holyoke, Mass., in addition to the regular oath of office, swore that if he saw any more stealing going on he would expose it. This would be a very good oath for other latitudes also.

—There seems to be no question that there is considerable lack of harmony in the Cabinet. The President wants Richardson to resign, and Richardson don't want to, but the indications are that the great specie payer will have to go. But will the next man be an improvement?

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—Watseka, Illinois, has over twenty artesian wells, all flowing.

—Ex-U. S. Senator Harlan, of Illinois, is engaged in wood cutting and hauling.

—A portion of the schools at Booneville, Ind., have suspended to give the children a chance to work in the tobacco stemmeries.

—The Christianizing of the Apaches continues. Lieut. W. S. Schuyler killed twenty-seven in a twenty-five days' scout.

—The Rev. Fanny Roberts of Kittery, Maine, recently performed the marriage ceremony for her son and his sweetheart.

—Shortly before his death, Chief Justice Chase spoke of Mr. Waite as the ablest lawyer at the Ohio bar. So the Norwich Bulletin says.

—Mr. Waite's grandfather reached ninety. His father was over eighty at the time of his death. Both were judges. It runs in the family.

—A Dubuque young lady gave up the man she loved, and took the one her parents favored, in consideration of the sum of three dollars and a sky-blue merino dress.

—A Pittsburg editor, who recently enlisted in the army of Mark Twain's defamers, had occasion last week to flog his son for surprising him in the act of laughing over "The Innocents Abroad."

—Louisville Courier-Journal: "It costs only $101,000 for a year's sweeping out and watching the Treasury building at Washington. Was ever such an astounding exhibit heard of in any country before?" This is the "besom" of destruction.

—Bazaine, before leaving for St. Marguerite, entrusted to political friends, among other papers, a memoir containing an account of the efforts of the Imperial party to negotiate with Prussia, to be published when circumstances permit.

—The proprietor of a well-known grocery house in New York has become an advocate of the temperance cause in a new way. He employs nearly 100 men, and on the evening of the 17th he compelled every man who wished to retain his place to "swear off" for the remainder of the year.

—The Glasgow, Ky., Times is responsible for the following: "An old darkey was riding a blind horse the other day with his wife behind him; a fellow on the roadside sung out, 'Hallo, old fellow, I see you have got your aunty up.' 'Yes; I've done more'n dat—I've straddled the blind,' said the old sportsman, with a clever grin."

—The old arm-chair which was used by Horace Greeley in his sanctum in the Tribune office, seated in which he wrote his last published utterances, is now in the possession of Mr. Thomas N. Rooker, Secretary of the Tribune Association. The chair is battered with age and hard service, but it is cherished as an interesting relic.

—The members of a little church at South Bridgeton, Me., dispense with the afternoon services, Sundays, in order to engage in active mission work. Going out by twos and threes into the surrounding region, they visit the sick or the irreligious in true apostolic fashion, and then, returning in the evening, lend a double interest to the prayer meeting by narrating the afternoon's experiences and adventures.

TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR DISPATCHES TO DAILY FREEMAN

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Royal Marriage To-Day.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The London journals this morning are filled with articles and programmes of ceremonies on the occasion of the Duke of Edinburgh's marriage, which will take place at 12.30 P. M. to-day in St. Petersburgh.

CANADA.

Nominations for Parliament.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 22.—The nominations of candidates for the Dominion Parliament took place to-day in Ontario and Quebec. Thirty-five ministerialists, five opposition and one independent were nominated by acclamation. Among those unopposed were Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Premier, and Hon. R. J. Cartwright, Finance Minister. The elections take place Thursday next.

A SWEET SINGER GONE.

Death of Parepa Rosa.

LONDON, Jan. 23—6 A. M.—Parepa Rosa died last night.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Protest from Indians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—There was presented in the House of Representatives to-day a protest of the General Indian Council of the Indian country, organized under the treaties of 1866, against the establishment of a territorial government in that country.

THE FIRST INFLATION BILL.

The following is the text of the bill reported to-day by Dawes from the Committee on Ways and Means:

Whereas, the existing uncertainty as to whether the amount of legal tender notes now authorized by law to be kept in general circulation is $356,000,000 or $400,000,000 is calculated to derange the business of the country and unsettle values, therefore be it enacted, that the provisions of the law existing prior to the passage of the act approved April 12th, 1866, entitled "An act to amend an act to provide ways and means to support the government, approved March 3d, 1865," be and the same are hereby declared to be in force so far as to authorize an amount of legal tender notes of the United States to the amount of $400,000,000 to be kept in circulation, and the total amount of United States notes issued shall never exceed $400,000,000.

PROPOSED CHANGE IN THE TARIFF LAWS.

Secretary Richardson has written to the Senate Commerce Committee recommending the revision and consolidation of the tariff laws; the substitution as far as possible of specific instead of ad valorem duties, the abolition of the moiety system, except in cases of detection of smuggling; that informers receive pay direct from the Treasury; the alteration of the laws regarding seizure of books and papers so as to afford due protection to private rights; that no compromise of suits for infraction of the revenue laws be made until judicial investigation is had; that the compensation of customs officers be graduated according to their responsibility and importance of their positions.

THE COAL STRIKE.

The Miners Thoroughly Organizing.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 22.—Between three and four hundred men of the Pittston & Elmira Coal Company quit work yesterday on account of non-payment of wages due them since October last. The Wilkesbarre Coal & Iron Company posted notices to-day that they would pay on Saturday of this week and there will not be any difficulty with the men on that score, as was threatened yesterday. Miners are rapidly organizing in all parts of the anthracite region. In a few days the organization will be more complete than ever before.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Jan. 22.—A meeting of coal operators is called for to-morrow. The object is unknown. The prevailing opinion in the city to-night among business men is that the strike is about over and that the miners will either accept the $2.25 basis or will signify their willingness to compromise.

THE WOMAN QUESTION.

Susan B. & Co. at Albany.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Blake and Mrs. Gage had a hearing before the Assembly Judiciary Committee in the Assembly Chamber to-night on woman's suffrage and taxation without representation. The Chamber was crowded in all parts with ladies and gentlemen. The hearing lasted two hours and a half. The ladies were frequently applauded. Miss Anthony declared that the newly-chosen Chief Justice Waite was a woman's rights man, as was also Benj. F. Butler, and she prophesied that the time was not far distant when justice would be done to woman.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A Collision Caused by the Fog.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—At six o'clock this evening a passenger train from New York on the New Jersey Central Railroad was run into while standing at Claremont by a freight train. The fog was so dense the engineer of the freight train could not see the lights at the rear of the passenger train till too late to prevent a collision. The freight locomotive and one passenger car were wrecked. Wm. Mead, the brakeman, was killed, and several other persons injured, some seriously.

VIRGINIA.

The Trial of W. Page McCarty, the Duellist.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 22.—The trial of W. Page McCarty for the murder of John B. Mordecai began to-day. A jury was obtained and the prosecution opened. This is the famous duel case. McCarty appeared in court on crutches, still suffering from his wounds. The case excites much interest.

THE WEATHER.

To-Day's Probabilities.

For New England and the Middle Atlantic States less cloudiness with fresh and brisk southeasterly and southwesterly winds will prevail, followed by lower temperature and winds gradually shifting to northwesterly.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Discussing the Next State Fair.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society to-day discussed the question of locating the next state fair, but arrived at no conclusion. A sub-committee was appointed to visit various places and report on the subject. They go to Rochester next week.

THE ACHINESE WAR.

Making It Lively for the Dutch.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Dispatches from Penang report that the Achinese continue to make a desperate resistance to the occupation of their country by the Dutch. They recently attacked the principal position held by the invaders, but met with a repulse. The Dutch army has been reinforced.

A HORROR OF THE SEA.

Wreck of a Vessel and Loss of All on Board.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The ship Panther from Naraimo, Washington Territory, for San Francisco with 1,700 tons of coal, was blown on the rocks off Tilly Point in the Georgian Bay on Saturday last, wrecked and all on board, twenty-three persons, lost.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. ROBERTSON, authorizing aliens to acquire, hold and dispose of property in like manner with citizens.

Mr. BOOTH, consolidating the government of the city and county of New York.

Mr. GROSS, permitting verdicts by a majority of jurors in civil actions.

Further amending act requiring compensation for causing death by wrongful act, neglect or default.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. JOHNSON—That the petition of Wm. Youmans, Jr., for the seat of the Hon. James G. Thompson, be printed. Adopted.

Mr. WOODIN—A concurrent resolution to print 5,000 extra copies of the report of the State Assessors, for distribution among the supervisors and assessors of the various towns, cities and villages of the State; and 3,000 copies for the use of the Legislature. Tabled for printing.

Mr. JOHNSON—That when the Senate adjourns to-morrow, it adjourn to meet on Monday evening, at half-past seven o'clock.

Mr. KING said that he felt obliged to renew the objection which he made last week when a similar motion was made. The Senate had now plenty of business demanding its attention, and could not afford to take the recess proposed.

The motion was lost. Ayes 11, nays 17, as follows:

AYES—Messrs. Abbott, Coe, Dickinson, Gross, Jacobs, Johnson, Ledwith, Ray, Tobey, Wagner, Woodin—11.

NOES—Messrs. Booth, Cole, Connelly, Dayton, Dow, Fox, Ganson, King, Lord, Lowery, McGowan, Middleton, Robertson, Selkreg, Thompson, Wellman, Wood—17.

Mr. JOHNSON moved that the adjournment be until quarter past seven Monday evening. Lost.

Mr. JOHNSON moved that the adjournment be until seven o'clock Monday evening. Lost.

Mr. BOOTH presented the annual report of the Commissioners of Emigration. Tabled for printing.

Adjourned until eleven A. M. to-morrow.

ASSEMBLY.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. C. S. SPENCER in the chair, on the following bills:

To amend an act concerning the printing of the bills, journals and documents of the Legislature. Provides for their distribution to surrogates. Third reading.

To amend the Revised Statutes in relation to the drawing of jurors. Third reading.

In relation to the payment of certain bonds of the city and county of New York. Third reading.

Mr. BEEBE in the chair.

Providing for additional compensation to assessors in towns in certain cases. Progress.

To reimburse purchasers of lands to which title has failed. Third reading.

Mr. ALBERGER in the chair.

Appropriating moneys for the building of the New Capitol.

Mr. VEDDER moved to strike out the first section.

Mr. ALVORD explained the bill, stating that the Commissioners have on hand an amount of undressed stone sufficient to keep the workmen employed for three months. The work which would be accomplished during the present winter months would enable the Commissioners to get the main walls up to the roof by the end of the year. The Comptroller had taken a new departure in refusing to take the $200 000 asked for from the Sinking Fund, and it has been deemed best to borrow the amount necessary at this time. This, he said, was all there was of the bill, and there was no reason why it should not pass.

Mr. BATCHELLER also explained the bill, saying that the Ways and Means Committee has unanimously decided that this appropriation would be for the best interests of the state and in the interest of economy. A large amount of stone is lying under cover and paid for, and 400 men are lying idle, the Commissioners having asked them to remain until the Legislature should take some action. A large amount of necessary interior work can also be done during the winter months. If this work is performed it is the opinion of the Commissioners that the new Capitol can be enclosed during the next two years, and the great work speedily completed. The committee had considered the matter carefully, and believed they were acting for the best interests of the state in recommending this appropriation. (Applause.)

Mr. C. S. SPENCER also made an appeal for the immediate passage of the bill, as well for the interests of the state as for the relief of the hundreds of men now standing idle, whose families were suffering. (Applause.)

The motion was withdrawn, and the bill was ordered to be reported for a third reading by the unanimous vote of the committee.

To amend the act in relation to the powers and duties of the Department of Public Parks of New York.

After some discussion the bill, amended in some particulars, was reported for a third reading.

In the House, the bill was recommitted and ordered to be immediately printed properly amended, and placed on the files of members to-morrow morning.

On motion of Mr. ALVORD, the bill was made a special order for to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. BATCHELLER moved that the bill appropriating moneys for the new Capitol now have its third reading. There was no reason, he said, why there should be any further delay in the matter. Agreed to.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

The SPEAKER announced the appointment of Joseph Hastings as reporter for the Albany Knickerbocker.

A number of petitions were presented and referred.

A petition was presented from the Prohibition Convention at Poughkeepsie, asking for an amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the sale of liquor, the passage of a prohibitory law, and the repeal of the act incorporating the Wine and Liquor Dealers' Association of the United States.

THIRD READING OF BILLS.

The question being on the final passage of the bill for the relief of John George Milburn, Mr. LINCOLN cited precedents in favor of the action proposed by the bill, and favored its passage.

After considerable discussion the motion was lost.

The bill was then read a third time and lost, 61 to 43.

A motion to reconsider was tabled.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. PRINCE called up his resolution requesting the Attorney General to give his opinion relative to the insertion of the Black River Canal in the proposed Constitutional amendments, and it was adopted.

Mr. SHATTUCK, that the Comptroller be requested to report to this House the amount of claims adjudicated by the Commissioners appointed under chapter 176, laws of 1859, for the appointment of Commissioners to adjust certain claims for services of the militia of this state in the war of 1812, and what amount of such claims have been paid. Adopted.

Mr. W. MILLER, directing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill relative to the qualifications for admission to practice in the Supreme Court of this state.

Pending its consideration the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.

Mr. ANTHONY, from the Printing Committee, reported favorably a resolution making it unlawful for the Congressional printer to print in the Congressional Record a speech or part of a speech not actually delivered in the Senate or House. Passed.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a resolution to inquiry into the expediency of suspending the expenditure of the appropriations for all public buildings upon which work has not yet commenced and cover such unexpended appropriations into the Treasury. Agreed to.

Mr. CLAYTON of Arkansas rose to a personal explanation. He sent to the Clerk's desk and had read articles from the Boston Advertiser and Baltimore Sun concerning the controversy between himself and the Postmaster General. He characterized all the statements therein contained as false, and explained the nature of the controversy.

Mr. MORTON submitted the following resolution, which was laid on the table and ordered printed:

Resolved, That the Committee on Transportation Routes to the Seaboard be instructed to consider and report a bill creating a commission of five eminent and skilled persons, to be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall examine and report to Congress what legislation is necessary and practicable in regard to inter-state railroads, to promote the following object: Speedy transportation at reasonable rates for freight and passengers, safety and comfort of passengers by providing for inspection of bridges, tracks, locomotives and cars and reform of any abuses that may exist in consequence of extortions or unjust discriminations in transportation of freight and passengers, and in general what regulations are necessary to promote the efficiency of railroads, the interests of commerce and the convenience and safety of the traveling public.

Mr. MORTON said that on Tuesday next he would express his views on the subject.

The morning hour having expired the consideration of the finance resolution was resumed and Mr. BOUTWEEL addressed the Senate, replying first to Senator Schurz' remarks concerning himself in the latter's recent speech. He said the business men of the country are in a substantial condition and prepared to go on with their business.—The laboring classes alone have suffered and they alone are the persons entitled to consideration, and to their interests he thought Congress should now address itself. He hoped to be able to show that an inflation of the paper currency would inflict standing and lasting evils upon laboring men. He contended that there was frequently an inflation of currency in New York and its evils were disastrous.—There is a natural process by which currency, whether paper or coin, used for purposes of business, will accumulate in a particular place. When every power of legislation should have been exhausted for the purpose of distributing the currency over the country the result would be failure. The currency will flow where it belongs, and therefore naturally accumulates in the city of New York. The banks of the city of New York, acting upon a practice almost universal, pay interest on deposits, and the result is that money, instead of remaining in Chicago, St. Louis and other points, flows into New York, fifty, sixty or seventy millions of dollars often being held there subject to call. The accumulation of currency in New York by artificial means leads to inflation of the currency in that city and to speculations, followed by disaster and ruin. An inflation of the currency of the country would in time produce the same results. He was therefore opposed to any increase in the volume of the paper money of the country, and on the other hand was opposed to any contraction of the currency. He did not think a depreciated currency in itself a great evil;—by that he meant to say that if the currency be depreciated and the prices and products of labor become accommodated to that state of things there are no substantial evils affecting the general prosperity of the country.

The authority of the Treasury Department to use the forty-four millions legal tender reserve ought never to have been questioned, but he trusted that this debate would settle the legal right of the Treasury to use that reserve. The department had acted upon the idea that it had a right to use it whenever an emergency occurred, bearing in mind always that it was not to be added to the volume of currency when issued, but to be restored to the Treasury as soon as practicable. He argued that the issue of the $44,000,000, in his judgment, was consistent with public interest in the highest degree and the Secretary of the Treasury could not sit silent and inactive while ruin and disaster to the country were apparent. But to permanently increase the currency he was opposed to. He favored a return to specie payments, with such limitations as were set forth in the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury of 1872. Statements had been made here that during the past four years no progress had been made towards a return to specie payment. This he denied. In 1869 the average price of gold was 132¼ per cent., in 1870 it was less than fifteen; in 1871 less than twelve; in 1872 it was 112 4-10 and in 1873 it was 113 84-100. Did not these facts, by themselves considered, demonstrate that in those four years we had made progress? He looked for an ultimate and not for a distant equalization of our paper currency and coin and until that time arrived any policy looking to the resumption of specie payment would be fraught with the greatest danger.

He opposed a free banking system. Under it the currency of the country would be vastly increased and when the time came to resume specie payment these banks would be unable to respond. He was also opposed to the proposition of his colleague (Sumner) for convertible bonds and expressed the opinion that it would result in contraction and hoarding of money, to the detriment of the business interests of the country. If the currency was to be contracted as a means to resume specie payment let it be done openly, so that every business man could see what was going to be and shape his business accordingly. He argued the impossibility of our going into the markets of the world to purchase coin with which to redeem legal tenders. All the money markets of the world would be arrayed against us. It was possible for men in New York to mass for the purpose of speculation and control ten, twenty or even thirty millions of dollars, and if the plan proposed by his colleague (Mr. Sumner) should be adopted those men would work ruin to the Treasury by putting their money into these convertible bonds when money was plentiful, hold their bonds until a scarcity of money occurred, when they would have them redeemed and precipitate an additional volume of currency on the country, inflating the prices and doing great damage. The plan of returning to specie payment a year from now also was very objectionable, as he had shown. The government could not get gold to do it and if the time for return should be fixed at a year from now the government could not stand the shock. After redeeming fifty or a hundred millions the Treasury would have to close its doors. Enough coin could not be accumulated in the Treasury in a year to pay our notes, and it was impossible to get it from Europe. The only escape is to allow the Secretary of the Treasuty to go into the markets of the country and buy our six per cent. bonds at a market price with the proceeds derived from the sale of five per cent. bonds.

Schurz, Sumner and Gordon interrupted Boutwell frequently and the discussion lasted until 4:05, when the Senate adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE.

Mr. DAWES, from the Ways and Means, reported back adversely the bills to repeal all taxation on bank checks and friction matches and moved a reference to the Committee of the Whole and make them the special order for Wednesday next. Agreed to.

Mr. DAWES also reported a bill to fix the amount of legal tenders at four hundred millions and moved to make the bill the special order in Committee of the Whole Thursday next.

Mr. COX wanted to see a little more definiteness in this matter. The bill settled nothing as to future policy. The bill, properly interpreted, legalized the issue of the reserve, was a step away from resumption and people would so regard it. The tendency was towards inflation.

Mr. Dawes' motion was agreed to.

Mr. KASSON, from the Ways and Means, reported a bill concerning deposits in savings banks, construing existing laws. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

After a number of petitions and memorials were presented and referred the House resumed consideration of the West Virginia contested election case. Without coming to a vote the House at half-past four took a recess till half-past seven. The evening session is to be for the consideration of the bill for revising and consolidating the statutes.

TRAGIC END OF AN OLD QUARREL.

One of the Disputants Fatally Stabbed.

CINCINNATI, Jad. 22.—An old quarrel between a druggist named Herman Koch, of the firm of Koch & Markel, and Andrew Miller, agent of the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, culminated to-day in a stabbing affray. Miller was instantly killed.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE.

His Birthplace Doing Him Honor.

LYNNE, Conn., Jan. 22.—At Old Lynne, the birth place of Judge Waite, the citizens to-day fired a salute in honor of his appointment and confirmation as Chief Justice.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

A Distinguished Visitor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The steamer South America, from Rio Janeiro via St. Thomas, brought as a passenger ex-President Baez of San Domingo.

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

FLOUR—Quiet and in buyer's favor. Receipts 13,000 bbls. Sales 8,000 bbls. at $5.65@6.10 for superfine State and Western; $6.35@7.20 for common to choice extra; $6.45@7.20 for common to choice extra Western; $6.60@8.00 for common to good shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio.—Rye Flour steady. Sales 400 bbls. at $4.75@5.50 ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and without decided change. Receipts 50,000 bu. Sales 29,000 bu. at $1 58 @1.59 for No. 2 Chicago; $1.60@1.61 for No. 2 Milwaukee. Rye scarce and firm. Rec'ts 300 bu. Sales —— bushels. Corn firm. Receipts 29,000 bushels. Sales 21,000 bu. at 56@99 for new Western mixed afloat. Barley scarce and advancing. Receipts 6,000 bushels. Sales —— bushels. Oats quiet. Receipts 33,000 bu. Sales 24,000 at 60@61 for mixed Western; 61@62 for White Western.

PROVISIONS—Pork heavy. Rec'ts 200 bbl's. Sales at $16.00 for new Mess. Beef firm.—Cut Meats firm at 9@10 for dry salted short cut Hams; 6½@6¾ for dry salted Shoulders. Lard heavy. Rec'ts 200 tierces. Sales at 9¾ for steam; 9¾ for kettle rendered. Butter 32@47 for State and Pennsylvania. Cheese firm at 9½@15 for common to prime. Sugar heavy. Eggs 25@26 for State and Pennsylvania.

STOCK and MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

Customs receipts $295,000. Treasury disbursements $142,000. The day has been very quiet in Wall street except as to sterling, which was strong and higher, closing at $4.83½ for 60 days, $4.88½@@4.87 sight. Money easy at 5@6. Gold ranged 111¾@¾, closed 111¾. Carrying rates 4@5¾. Clearings $45,000,000. State bonds quiet and nominal. Governments firm. Stocks weaker; declined in early part of the day ¼@1¼, but afterwards made a general recovery of ⅛@⅜; closed steady. The principal dealings were in Western Union, Pacific, Lake Shore, New York Central, Wabash and Pacific Mail. The sales between 10 and 2 o'clock were 129,000 shares, of which 28,500 were Western Union, 26,400 Union Pacific, 5,200 Wabash, 9,000 Pacific Mail, 22,000 Lake Shore, 8,400 New York Central. Money 5.

STOCKS.

U. S. 6's '81 reg.	117⅝	Un. Pacific stock	34⅞
U. S. 6's '81 coup.	118⅛	L. S. & Mich. Sou.	79⅝
U. S. 5-20's '62, reg.	113½	Ill. Central	100⅜
U. S. 5-20's '62 coup.	114½	Clev. & Pitts.	88⅛
U. S. 6's '64 coup.	116⅛	Chi. & N. West	60¾
U. S. 6's '65 old.	117⅛	Chi. & N. W. pref.	72¾
U. S. 6's '65 new	116⅝	Clev., Col. & Cin.	77½
U. S. 6's '67	117½	New Jersey Cen.	99½
U. S. 6's '68	117½	Chi. & R. I.	104¾
U. S. new 5's	112½	Mil. & St. Paul	47¾
U. S. 10-40's, reg.	112¾	Mil. & St. P. pref.	72¾
U. S. 10-40's, coup.	114	Tol. Wab. & W.	53¾
Currency Sixes	114½	Do. pref.	70
Del. & Hud Canal	114	Ft. Wayne	91¾
Canton	72	Atl. & T. H.	13
Consol'd Coal Co	44⅜	Do. pref.	31
Cumberland	50	Chicago & Alton	108
West Union Tel.	75½	Do. pref.	110
Quicksilver	28	Ohio & Miss.	34½
Do. pref.	32	Del. L. & West	101¾
Pacific Mail	41¾	Bost. Har. & Erie	2¾
Boston Water P.	18	Col. Chi. & In. Cen	31½
Adams' Express	94¾	Chi., B. & Q.	104⅜
Wells, F. & Co. Ex.	69½	Hannibal & St. Jo.	32¾
Am. Merc. Un. Ex.	68	Cen. Pacific	95¾
United States Ex.	68⅜	Union Pacific Bonds	85½
N. Y. Cen. & H. R.	104¼	Tenn. 6's	80
Erie	47	Tenn. 6's new	79½
Erie pref.	74	Va. 6's	42
Harlem	125	Va. 6's new	50
Harlem pref	118	Mo. 6's	93
Mich. Cen.	85	Gold—111⅜.	

The Siamese Twins—Their Life and Death.

The Siamese twins, Chang and Eng, died at their residence in Mount Airy, Surrey county, N. C., January 17th. Chang was partially paralyzed last fall, since which time he has been fretful, very much debilitated, and strongly addicted to drinking liquor as a means of alleviating his suffering. He had been quite feeble for several days—indeed so much so as to confine both the brothers to bed, but the illness was not so severe as to excite alarm. On Friday night they retired to bed as usual, but during the night Chang became worse, and expired suddenly about 4 o'clock on Saturday morning. As soon as it was discovered that he was dead, Eng became so terribly shocked that he raved wildly for a while, at times exhibiting signs of great mental aberration. This attack was followed by what seemed to be a deadly stupor, and in two hours from the death of Chang, Eng breathed his last.

The twins were born at a small village on the coast of Siam, in the year 1811. Their parents got their living by fishing, and, until 1829, when Eng and Chang were brought to the United States, they made their living by selling shell-fish. Their mother bore seventeen children.—At one time she gave birth to three and never less than two. But none of these children were deformed. The twins were united at the anterior part of the chest by a prolongation of a kind of fleshy band the size of the hand. This band of flesh was about two inches broad and four inches thick. The whole mass was tough and capable of being considerably extended. One could whisper in the ear of one of them without the other hearing; while volatile salts applied to the nostrils of one had no effect on the other; and while pinching the arm of one excited no sensation in the other, still if one but stuck a pin in the exact vertical centre of this connecting link both would flinch from the hurt. The twins were seldom observed to converse with each other. They played a good game of draughts, made pretty much the same moves, and at the same time, and frequently played against each other.

After attracting a vast amount of attention among scientists and physiologists in the old world, they married two sisters, and settled down near Salisbury, N. C., on a well stocked plantation. In addition they had at one period ample funds invested through their agent in New York. During the war they continued to reside on their plantation, and lived in the same quiet and harmony as ever, until some few years afterward. Of course, no one ever thought of drafting them, and their negroes prospered, except, when out of temper from any cause, it was apt to work itself off in striking the first one that came to hand, from which the best escape was to keep out of the way. The brothers probably never would have had any difficulty, but that their wives, though sisters, turned away their hearts, and children were the cause of this estrangement. Up to the period that each had five children all prospered well enough, but one of them had a sixth, and this awoke envy and jealousy to such a degree that the twin-sisters, not being bound together like the twin-brothers, would no longer live under the same roof.

The brothers were about fifty-four years of age, but one, the smaller and feebler of the two, looked about ten years older than the other. They could turn either back to back or face to face, but that is as far as the remarkable bond that united them permitted. It has always been considered almost certain that, should either die, the other could not long survive, as there was an artery as large as the femoral artery connecting them. A few years since, they corresponded with some of the leading surgical operators in London, as to the possibility of the umbilicus being cut, so that, in case of the death of one the life of the other might be saved. At the request of the London surgeon, they visited that city, and many experiments were tried to determine the safety of such an operation. Among other things, a ligature was tied firmly for a few minutes around the connection between them, so as to prevent the circulation of blood through the artery. But it seemed as if each would expire if this were persisted in. The smaller of the two fainted away and lost all consciousness, and there were symptoms that the same effect would follow to the other, but the process could not be continued long enough without endangering the life of him who was the first to faint. Since the brea

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1874.

A year ago the editor of The Tribune promised to make this journal during 1873 a much more valuable and complete newspaper than it had ever been before. Its facilities for the collection and transmission of intelligence from all parts of the world had been largely increased; its staff of editors, correspondents, and reporters had been strengthened by the engagement of some of the ablest men in the profession; and the editor was resolved to spare neither pains nor money in the effort to make The Tribune the very first newspaper in the world.

It points to the achievements of the past twelve months with pardonable pride. While The Tribune has retained all the excellent features that made it such a favorite in its former days, it has exhibited an enterprise and acuteness in its news department which have been the wonder of all its old friends. Remembering that the chief function of a daily journal is to give its readers the fullest, the best arranged, the most attractive, and the most readable history of the occurrences of the time, it has devoted its best energies to the business, and its success has been universally recognized and applauded. The year has been fruitful of startling events, and every incident has found in The Tribune its promptest, most accurate, and most perfectly equipped historian. A Tribune correspondent was the only civilian who witnessed the surrender of the Virginius, and his picturesque description of that transaction, transmitted by telegraph, is the only account the public has yet seen of an incident upon which depended for many weeks the question of peace or war. The Tribune published the only full and exhaustive account by Atlantic telegraph of the terrible Ville du Havre disaster, giving all the incidents of that catastrophe ten days before other journals received them by the slow course of mails. It distanced all competitors in its thrilling story by cable of the adventures of the Polaris castaways. It anticipated every other paper in the country and even the Government itself, by its graphic narratives of Custer's battles on the Yellowstone. The elaborate and deeply interesting letters of its special correspondent in the West gave the only complete account of the Farmers' Movement ever published in an Eastern paper. The reports of The Tribune presented the important proceedings of the Evangelical Alliance in this city with a fullness and accuracy everywhere the subject of enthusiastic praise. During the panic its daily history of Wall street made it absolutely indispensable to business men; and its special correspondents afterward described the condition of affairs in the manufacturing districts with an ability which no other paper seriously rivaled.

These are mere instances of the uniform success in the most important branch of journalism which has steadily attended The Tribune throughout the year, and may therefore be fairly taken as an earnest of what The Tribune is likely to do hereafter. Its purpose in 1874 is to surpass its previous record, constantly increasing the efficiency of its organization, adding to its resources, and keeping up its ancient celebrity as an organ of cultivated and thoughtful men, and a high authority in literature, science, and the arts. It will continue to devote especial attention to the proceedings of learned bodies, to education, to scientific discoveries and explorations, to new inventions, to agriculture, to the promotion of American industry, and to books, pictures, music, and the drama. Its financial articles have won a peculiarly high reputation, and will still be a prominent feature in its columns. Its reports of the markets have long been distinguished for fullness and accuracy, and its quotations have been accepted as standards in the cattle, produce, and provision trades for many years. Its reports of local affairs are acknowledged to be the most accurate, intelligent and complete; its domestic correspondence is always fresh and valuable; and abroad it is served by the ablest writers and keenest observers engaged upon any American periodical.

While it never can be a neutral in politics, The Tribune is entirely independent of all parties and all partisans. It believes that the mere organ of a clique cannot be a thoroughly good newspaper, and cannot be trusted for impartial and just comment upon current events. It maintains with the old fervor and will always defend the Republican principles of equality and justice with which, under the control of its illustrious founder, Horace Greeley, it was for over thirty years identified. But it values parties solely as means for procuring honest government on sound principles. For the partisans who deplore exposures of corruption or imbecility in high places as likely to hurt the party and hinder their success in holding on to the offices—who insist that a journal of their faith must follow their lead, execute their plans, and defend their acts, it has no feeling save contempt. Standing by its old landmarks, it defends the constitutional guarantees to the liberty of the citizen and the sacredness of the nation's faith with its creditors, insists on the duty of Protection to American Industry, champions all proper measures for developing the material resources of the country, urges wise measures for restricting the evils of intemperance, seeks sedulously to foster the commanding interests of Manufactures and Agriculture. But it holds itself aloof from all entangling alliances, waits on no Caucus or Convention for its opinions, aims to judge every political act of whatever party, separately as it arises, on its own merits, and maintains the liberty of candid and impartial criticism. During the present session of Congress its telegraphic reports from Washington, where it maintains the strongest force of experienced correspondents ever assembled there in the interests of a single journal, will be found incomparably more valuable and more interesting than those of any of its cotemporaries. And finally, in the editorial discussion of public affairs, The Tribune endeavors to combine the utmost frankness of expression and independence of thought with a strict impartiality of judgment and that dignity and refinement of language which befit a family newspaper. It wastes no space in wrangling with other papers, pays no attention to personal abuse, and reserves its columns for its readers' interests, not the editor's grievances.

That there is a popular appreciation of that sort of independent, vigorous, enterprising, and high-toned journalism of which The Tribune is now the chief representative in this or any other country, is sufficiently proved by the results of the past twelve months. The close of 1873 finds this paper more prosperous than it has been at any previous period of its history, and the new year opens for it with the most brilliant prospects. In a short time its mechanical facilities will surpass those of any other journal in the world; and on the completion of its new and magnificent building it will be enabled to introduce various improvements of the most important character.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune has grown very rapidly in public favor of late. In addition to a careful summary of the news it contains all the best of the foreign and domestic correspondence and leading articles of the Daily;—it gives specially the scientific intelligence (including the proceedings of all American scientific societies), with the best of the book reviews, and the miscellaneous matter relating to education, the arts, religion, &c. It has all the commercial news and market reports; all the agricultural articles of the Weekly; and gives, moreover, regularly a serial work of fiction, presenting in the course of the year three or four of the latest productions of the most popular novelists. As it takes only a few select advertisements, it is enabled to give an unusually large proportion of reading matter, and may be called, considering the extent and variety of its contents, the cheapest newspaper in the world. It is published every Tuesday and Friday, and reaches nearly every post office east of the Mississippi within one or two days of its issue.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

The Weekly Tribune has been for the space of a generation the Farmer's favorite paper. Besides a complete condensation of the news of the week, a selection of literary and miscellaneous reading, and a full page of the best editorials from the Daily, it contains in every number a greater amount of agricultural matter than is furnished by any distinctively agricultural paper. This is prepared expressly for its columns by the best agricultural writers and practical farmers in the United States; and as its contributors are in every part of the country it will be found equally valuable in New England, in the South, on the Pacific slope, or in the Mississippi Valley. Great attention is paid to all subjects connected with the Farm, the Garden, and the Household, and some of the original articles every week are illustrated with wood-cuts. The market quotations of farm produce, cattle, provisions, breadstuffs, dry goods, and all kinds of merchandise, are exceedingly full and scrupulously accurate. The utmost care is bestowed on the typographical arrangement of the paper, and the print is always clear and legible, and generally larger than that of any other New York paper

THE TRIBUNE EXTRAS.

A new feature has been added to American journalism by the valuable Tribune Extra sheets, which have attained such an extraordinary popularity during the past year. They present the fresh fruit of the best intellects of this and other countries, the most remarkable lectures, the most valuable scientific and geographical researches, at a merely nominal price. In the series of 14 Extras already published will be found, reprinted for the most part from the columns of the Daily Tribune, some of the latest lectures of Agassiz, Tyndall and Beecher; the explorations of Prof. Hayden, the full history and description of the Farmers' Movement, the best lessons of the great Vienna Exposition, and the complete report of the proceedings of the Evangelical Alliance. Half a million of the Extras have already been sold, and the demand for them is steadily increasing.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

Daily (by mail) 1 year	$10 00
Semi-Weekly, 1 year	3 00
Five copies, 1 year	12 50
Ten copies (and one extra), 1 year	25 00
Weekly, 1 year	2 00
Five copies, 1 year	7 50
Ten copies, 1 year	12 50
Twenty copies, 1 year	22 00
Thirty copies, 1 year	30 00

Each person procuring a club of ten or more subscribers is entitled to one extra Weekly, and of fifty or more to a Semi-Weekly.

Papers addressed separately to each member of Clubs will be charged ten cents additional to the above rates.

☞ Specimen copies of either edition of The Tribune, and circulars giving full details of the contents of each Extra sheet, sent free to any address in the United States.

☞ All remittances at sender's risk, unless by draft on New York, postal order, or in registered letter.

Address THE TRIBUNE, New York.

DRY GOODS!

HEAVY WOOLENS, DOMESTICS OF ALL KINDS, OIL CLOTHS, MATS, FEATHERS, &C., &C.

FRANK LESLIE'S CUT PAPER PATTERNS A SPECIALTY.

R. STEBBINS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS IN EVERY VARIETY, CARPETS,

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In the matter of the application of George Bruyn, the Administrator of the goods &c., of Cornelius T. Bruyn, late of the town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, deceased, intestate, for authority to mortgage, lease or sell the real estate of the said deceased, for the payment of his debts,

WHEREAS, At a Surrogate's Court, held in and for the County of Ulster, at the Surrogate's office in the City of Kingston, on the 23d day of December, 1873, before Peter Cantine, Surrogate of said County, an order was duly made by said Surrogate in the above matter or proceeding, giving authority to the said Administrator to sell at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, the real estate in said order described, and hereinafter mentioned, for the purpose of paying the debts of the said deceased: Now, therefore, by virtue of said order, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given, that the lands and premises in said order mentioned, and hereinafter described, and of which the said Cornelius T. Bruyn died seized and possessed at the time of his decease, will be sold to the highest bidder therefor, at the Hotel of James Green, in the Town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, on the TWELFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Said real estate and premises to be sold are described as follows, viz:

"All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the Town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, and is bounded and described as follows, viz: On the northeast by lands of Robert Lewis and Daniel McElhone, on the east by lands of Charles L. Marten, on the south by the Shawangunk Kill and the lands of George Bruyn, and on the southwest by lands of William Little, and on the northwest by lands of Theron Miller and Robert Lewis, containing about one hundred and twenty-eight acres of land, be the same more or less."

Dated December 22d, 1873.

GEORGE BRUYN, Administrator.

USE

Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.

"It Works Like a Charm."

Why swallow "Humbugs" as young birds do food, When something's offered "said to be as good?"

Look out for Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Look out or you'll get cheated with something else.
Look out for counterfeit Magic Oil.
Look out for imitation of Renne's Magic Oil.
Look out for and buy genuine Magic Oil.
Look out for and buy clean and safe Magic Oil.
Look out for "It works like a charm."

Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.

Its use will make you hear better.
Its use will make you see better.
Its use will make you taste better.
Its use will make you smell better.
Its use will make you feel better.
Its use will make you look better.
Its use will make you act better.

Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil is put up in three sizes, and called Trial, Medium and Family Size Bottles. WM. RENNE & SONS, Pittsfield, Mass. Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers. Reader, call for it where you trade. Sold by all our druggists.

EVERYBODY'S OWN PHYSICIAN.

By C. W. GLEASON, M. D. A magnificent volume. Over 250 Engravings. LOW PRICE. One Agent took 100 ORDERS IN ONE WEEK. Agents wanted. Circulars free. M. N. McKINNEY & Co., D23w4 16 N. 7th Street, Phila.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — DR. WALKER'S — CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL — VINEGAR BITTERS — EUREKA

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

TEETH!

Colton Dental Association

Originated the use of LAUGHING GAS for painless extraction of teeth in 1863, and have given it to over 67,500 patients without a failure or accident.—Do not judge us by the failure of others.

COME TO HEAD-QUARTERS!
N12w12 19 Cooper Institute, New York.

$3 BRINGS YOU FREE BY mail the very best

"ELASTIC TRUSS"

Write at once to POMEROY & Co., 744 Broadway, N. Y. Dec10w4

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

FACTS SWORN TO

DR. J. F. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1833, and after 30 years' experience, perfected **Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup.** I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.
F. A. OSBOURN, *Notary Public, Phila.*

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. J. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Beggs, Falls Church, Phila., &c. A fflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists. J20w4

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness,

AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Put up only in BLUE Boxes.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists. J20w4

$1,500 Made yearly by agents in their spare moments, selling our 12 new articles.—samples for 25c. Catalogues free. Nettinger & Co., 302 Broadway, N. Y. D10w4

R. H. MACY & CO.

MERRY CHRISTMAS
—AND—
HAPPY NEW YEAR.

WE ARE NOW READY.

FIFTEENTH GRAND ANNUAL OPENING OF HOLIDAY GOODS.

AT THE GRAND CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW YORK CITY FOR

TOYS, DOLLS AND FANCY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO.,

The Largest Toy and Fancy Goods House in the World.

It will pay you to go there every day, and stay all day. It is a day's entertainment to look thro' the stocks of this immense establishment. There is not its equal, of its kind, in the world. For the extent and variety of Fancy Goods, Toys and Dolls it stands unrivalled, Shopping at Macy's, you have the advantage of

SIXTEEN COMPLETE STOCKS TO SELECT FROM,

which consumes infinitely less time than looking over the whole city for the goods which are here brought together in one establishment. This fact, added to the certainty of the price being lower than the same goods can be purchased elsewhere, accounts for the daily throng which no panic can turn from R. H. Macy & Co.

The Departments Contain as Follows:

Department 1—Toys, Dolls, Bon Bon Boxes, Games and Dolls' Furnishing Goods.
Department 2—Toilet Articles, Leather, Bronze and China Goods, Fans, Silverware and Jewelry.
Department 3—Small Wares, Notions, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Scotch Goods, Belts, &c.
Department 4—Laces, Embroideries, Handkerch'fs Corsets, Bustles and Hoop-skirts.
Department 5—Housekeeping Linen and White Goods, Curtains, Flannels, Woolen Skirts, &c.
Department 6—Kid Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Furnishing Goods.
Department 7—Ladies' Ties and Neck Ruffings, Cravats, &c.
Department 8—Ribbons and Millinery Goods of every description.
Department 9—Books, Magazines, Stationery, Velvet Frames, Medallions and Gold Pens.
Department 10—Trimmings, Fringes, Buttons, Worsteds and Worsted Embroidery Patterns.
Department 11—Ladies', Gents' and Children's, Furs.
Department 12—Trimmed Hats and made-up Millinery.
Department 13—Made-up Underclothing.
Department 14—Wooden, Tin, Iron and Glass Ware, Table Cutlery, Blacking and Polishing Compounds.
Department 15—Canned Meats and Fruits, Pickles, Oils, Spices, Fancy Groceries, Chocolates, &c.
Department 16—Confectionery and Soda Water.

Also, attractive lines of

Opera Glasses, Carved Wood Goods, Inlaid Tables and Stands, China and Parian Vases, and Glove, Handkerchief and Jewel Boxes.

Owing to the unsettled state of business, this firm has decided to continue the

CASH DISCOUNT OF TEN PER CENT.

On all sales of goods in Department 1, consisting of

Toys, Dolls, Bon Bon Boxes and Doll Furnishing Goods.

Also, on the BRONZE, CHINA and LEATHER GOODS in Department 2. The prices are marked in plain figures, and any one purchasing to the extent of 50 cents or more, will have ten per cent. of the value returned in cash. To country merchants and parties buying to sell again, committees purchasing for Sunday Schools and Fairs, or Patriotic Celebrations, special and extra discounts will be made on all purchases of Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods, and our prices will be found the Lowest in the City.

TRY THEIR LAST SPECIALTY, THE 'LA FORGE' GLOVE.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. D10w4

R. H. MACY & CO.,
Fourteenth St. and Sixth Ave., N. Y.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Pursuant to the requirements of the 7th section of chapter 480 of the Laws of 1870, the undersigned, Justices of the Supreme Court, resident in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

CIRCUIT COURTS AND COURTS OF OYER AND TERMINER.

ALBANY.

Fourth Monday in January,	Learned.
First Monday in May,	Westbrook.
First Monday in October,	Westbrook.
First Monday in December,	Ingalls.

COLUMBIA.

Fourth Monday in January,	Westbrook.
Fourth Monday in March,	Learned.
First Monday in October,	Ingalls.

GREENE.

Third Monday in February,	Westbrook.
First Monday in June,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in December,	Learned.

SCHOHARIE.

Second Monday in January,	Westbrook.
Third Monday in April,	Ingalls.
Third Monday in October,	Learned.

SULLIVAN.

Fourth Monday in May,	Learned.
Fourth Monday in October,	Ingalls.

RENSSELAER.

Second Monday in February,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in May,	Learned.
Second Monday in November,	Westbrook.

ULSTER.

Second Monday in January,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in April,	Westbrook.
First Monday in October,	Learned.

Special Term for Motions only, at City Hall, Albany.

Last Tuesday of January,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of February,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of March,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of April,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of May,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of June,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of July,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of August,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of September,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of October,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of November,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of December,	Ingalls.

Special Terms for Motions and Argument of Demurrers and Chambers.

First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalls.
Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Learned.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Hudson—Miller.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Westbrook.

When Judges are not otherwise engaged such terms are only for motions in the Third Judicial District and always open for *ex parte* business.

C. R. INGALLS,
W. L. LEARNED,
T. R. WESTBROOK,
Justices of the Supreme Court.

---

200 PIANOS & ORGANS

New and Second-hand, of First-class Makers, will be sold at lower prices for cash, or on instalments, in city or country, during this financial crisis and the holidays, by Horace Waters & Son, No. 481 Broadway, (3rd door officer in New York. Agents wanted for the sale of Water's celebrated Pianos, Concerto and Orchestral Organs. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Great inducements to the Trade. A large discount to ministers, churches, sunday-schools, etc. D10w4

"CAMPHORINE"

The Greatest Discovery of the Age for the relief and cure of Rheumatism, chronic and acute, Sprains, Bruises, Pain in Chest, Back, or Limbs, Stiff Joints, Strains, Glandular Swellings, Inflammation, Neuralgia, Bunions, Catarrh, &c. Will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Try it and be convinced of its great merit. Price per bottle, 25 cents. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r, 203 Greenwich St., N. Y. J5w4

$2,500 A YEAR

made with our splendid COMBINATION PROSPECTUS. It represents Sample Pages and Style of Binding of 50 intensely interesting and useful books, that SELL in every Family. Best things ever tried by Canvassers. **Agents Wanted** to make a permanent business on these works. Send $1.50 for Prospectus, the only outfit needed, choose territory and commence at once. For Illustrated Circulars and Liberal Terms, address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. Jan5w4

"PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirt, &c. A queer book.—Address T. WILLIAM & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia. J20w4

Thompson's Business College,

18 AND 20 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

Bookkeeping, Writing, English Branches and Languages, Instruction day and evening; terms low; Ladies department separate. Telegraphy taught to men, womens', boys and girls practically; a great demand for operators, J5w13

THE HOLIDAYS

ARE OVER

AND THE

USUAL DULLNESS IN TRADE

WILL PREVAIL

FOR A SHORT SEASON

UNLESS SOME IMPETUS

IS INFUSED INTO IT.

MERCHANTS

Should consider whether it is better to convert their stock into cash and bridge over this period, or remain idle.

THE DAILY FREEMAN

OFFERS THE

VERY BEST ADVANTAGES

For Building up a

LARGE AND LIVELY TRADE

TRY IT

AND

BE CONVINCED.

AMUSEMENTS.

MUSIC HALL.

CRANE'S LYCEUM ENTERTAINMENTS.

—14th YEAR.—

MR. H. M. CRANE

ANNOUNCES THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIONS:

CONCERT EVERY NIGHT

BY THE ORCHESTRA UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

Mr. Albert Burger

This interval of 45 minutes of musical and social enjoyment has come to be an attractive and popular feature.

EXTRA!

THE HAMPTON SINGERS

Will give one of their unique concerts on

Wednesday Ev'g, Feb. 11,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW PROGRAMME.

ADMISSION, - - - - - 50 CENTS.

No half prices. No Free List. Tickets may be secured at Winter's, Down Town and Up-Town.

DOORS OPEN AT 7. ORCHESTRA 7.10 LECTURE AT 8.

A LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL INFORMATION.

THE NEW

American Cyclopædia.

Complete in 16 Volumes.

This important work presents a panoramic view of all human knowledge, as it exists at the present moment. It embraces and popularizes every subject that can be thought of, and contains an inexhaustible fund of accurate and practical information. No topic, in brief, is omitted, upon which information can be desired. The work is a library in itself; it is a complete universal instructor, and opens to the student and general reader the whole field of knowledge.

should be owned by every intelligent family in the country.

PRICE AND STYLE OF BINDING.

In extra Cloth, per vol.,	$5.00
In Library Leather, per vol.,	6.00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol.,	6.50

THE

ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA.

Commenced in 1861.

TWELVE VOLUMES NOW OUT.

The same price per volume, and uniform with the NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

PUBLISHED ONE VOLUME ANNUALLY.

REGISTERING ALL THE IMPORTANT EVENTS OF EACH YEAR—VALUABLE AS A WORK OF REFERENCE.

OPINIONS OF

DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS.

"No. 17 Arlington St., London, England. *Jan. 6, 1870.*

"I thank you for the opportunity of expressing my opinion of the great value of the 'NEW AMERICAN' and 'ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA.' I own the work and have it with me here, and am in the habit of consulting it every day to my very great advantage. It is most admirable. J. L. MOTLEY,
"U. S. Minister to the Court of St. James."

"Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1869.

I consider the New American Cyclopædia, published by D. Appleton & Co., vastly superior for the American reader to any other Cyclopædia now before the public. REV. BISHOP SIMPSON."

"Boston, Oct. 25, 1869.

I own Appletons' Cyclopædia, and use it constantly. It should be in every library, public and private—I would say in every house, within reach of every family. The young should use it.
CHARLES SUMNER."

"I use the 'New American Cyclopædia' every day, generally many times a day. I think it the best work of the kind in existence. It is singularly well suited to families. The children who grow up in a house where there is a copy of it within reach, can hardly escape becoming well-informed persons. I value it very highly, and am glad of this opportunity of testifying my gratitude.
JAMES PARTON."

"Tribune Office, N. Y. City, Oct. 30, 1869.

MY DEAR SIR: I have used the 'New American Cyclopædia' since the first volume came into existence, and deem it the best work of the kind in print. Yours, &c., HORACE GREELEY."

"North Shore, S. I., N. Y., Oct. 19, 1869.

Appletons' Cyclopædia is unquestionably the best popular manual of general reference for an American. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

"Washington, Nov. 12, 1869.

DEAR SIR: I quite agree with Mr. Curtis, that the 'New American Cyclopædia' is 'the best manual of general reference for an American.' The annual continuations are also of great value.
S. P. CHASE.

ANY VOLUME SOLD SEPARATELY.

SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
549 & 551 Broadway, New York.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

COUGHS, SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and every affection of the THROAT, LUNGS and CHEST are speedily and permanently cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received. The *genuine* is signed "*I. Butts*" on the wrapper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, PROPRIETORS, Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally.

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye

is splendid, never fails. Established 37 years.—Properly applied at Batchelor's celebrated Wig and Toupee Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York.

W. A. Batchelor's Alaska Seal Oil

for the Hair. The best Hair Oil in use.

W. A. Batchelor's Dentrifrice

for beautifying and preserving the Teeth and Gums and deodorizing the Breath.

W. A. Batchelor's New Cosmetique

Black or Brown for fixing the Hair, Whiskers or Moustachois without greasing them. Sold wholesale and retail at factory, 16 Bond Street, New York, and by all druggists. Ask for them. Jan5w4

ONE HUNDRED PIECE

French China Dinner Set

FOR $22.

French China Given Away (almost). Tea, Toilet Sets and everything else same way. Call or send for Catalogues.

WASHINGTON HADLEY'S,
6th Ave. and 12th St., N. Y.
(Late Cooper Institute.) Nov12w12

Wentworth's Key-ring and Check combined. Circulars free. Stafford Manufacturing Co., 66 Fulton St., D10w4

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen.—Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt-st., New York, J5w4

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR

Prof. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK

On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual Inter-Relations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc. Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies of this work a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc., NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co., Phila., Pa. J30w4

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN

LARGEST PAPER IN THE STATE.

40 IMMENSE COLUMNS!

Ten Columns of Local News Every Week, besides Twenty-Two Columns of Miscellaneous News.

Latest Telegraphic News up to Time of Going to Press!

PRICE REDUCED!!

Only $1.50 Per Annum!

COMPARE THE WEEKLY FREEMAN WITH OTHER PAPERS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

CHEAPEST & BEST.

TERMS, $1.50 PER ANNUM!

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

☞ No subscriptions received unless accompanied with the cash, and papers promptly discontinued at expiration of subscription. Send $1.50 to

The Freeman Printing & Publishing Association,

RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

THE

WEEKLY FREEMAN.

Largest Paper in the State

FORTY IMMENSE COLUMNS.

Ten Columns of Local News Every Week, besides Twenty-Two Columns of Miscellaneous News.

Latest Telegraphic News up to Time of Going to Press

PRICE REDUCED!!

Only $1.50 Per Annum!

Compare the WEEKLY FREEMAN with Other Papers!!

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST!

TERMS, $1.50 PER ANNUM!

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

☞ No subscriptions received unless accompanied with the cash, and papers promptly discontinued at expiration of subscription. Send $1.50 to

FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

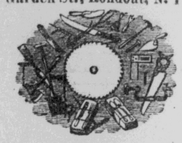
HARDWARE!

To Builders, Farmers & Others!

If you want bargains call and examine the stock of

A. DODGE,

Harden St., Rondout, N. Y.



Great Inducements to Buyers!

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL,

Nails, Spikes, Builders' Hardware, Carpenters', Blacksmiths', Wagon-Makers' and Coopers Tools.

Axles, Springs, Horse-Shoe Nails, Nail-Rods, Wagon Woodwork, such as Spokes, Felloes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, &c.,

Bolts, Screws, Axle-Clips, Felloe-Plates, Thimble-Screws, and a general assortment of

Shelf Hardware.

Plated Forks, Spoons, &c., Table and Pocket Cutlery, Axes, Knives, etc., etc.

Always on hand the cheapest and best CLOTHES WRINGER in use—COLBY'S—the Ladies' Favorite.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Agricultural Implements of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Forks, &c., of every description.

CARPENTERS and BUILDERS will obtain Great Bargains in buying what they want in their line at Dodge's, Rondout.

Rondout, April 1, 1873. A. DODGE.

BOATS, BARGES, SCHOONERS, SLOOPS,

AND VESSELS OF ALL KINDS

BUILT AND REPAIRED

AT THE YARD OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

Columbus Avenue, Ponckhockie.

WM. GOKEY

The Magic Comb Sent by mail to any one for $1. Will change any colored hair to a permanent black or brown, and contains no poison. Trade supplied at low rates. Address, MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass. Dec10w4

N. Y., K. & S. R. R. TIME-TABLE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.
TRAINS GOING WEST

STATIONS.	1 A. M.	3 P. M.
Rondout,	leave 7 00	3 15
W. V. R. W. Junction,	7 12	3 27
Kingston,	7 22	3 36
Stony Hollow,	*7 38	3 46
West Hurley,	7 48	3 56
Beaverkill,	8 00	4 03
Brooks' Crossing,

The Daily Freeman.

Kingston, Friday Morning, Jan. 23.

☞ Correspondents will please direct their letters to Rondout Post Office, N. Y.

☞ The uptown office of THE FREEMAN can be found on John street, in the law office of Mr D. VanWagoner, where our agents can be found at any time. All business of the paper will be attended to there or at the General office.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

To-Night—Common Council at Fireman's Hall. Minnehaha Division, S. of T., in Odd Fellows' Hall.

CITY NOTES.

—The only place where the ice men can find comfort is in the dictionary.

—The snow disappeared on Thursday about as rapidly as it accumulated on Wednesday.

—Mike Madden has been hunting deer in Tennessee, and was nearly killed by a buck. It wasn't our Alderman, though.

—The office of the American Express in the lower part of this city is now in the O'Reilly building on Mill street, opposite The Freeman office.

—Now doth the sportive hoodlum admonish his fellow, and eke older persons, with the missive made of snow, and when inquired of why is this thus he answereth, "The snow packs so nice."

—We estimate we have heard of about "a hundred men or more" who are just aching to take up "Hipe" Van Steenburgh's wager of $100 that before the 15th of February the ice in the Hudson at Catskill and north of it will be ten inches thick, but none of them have shown any stamps.

—The new billiard rooms uptown were opened Wednesday evening, and the rush of visitors was immense. These rooms are handsomely furnished with a Brussels carpet and the finest tables the market affords. Everything is neat and tidy, and as no liquors are sold on the premises, those who wish a quiet game can try their skill at this place without fear of being disturbed by the orgies of some Bacchanalian crew, that can always be found where stimulant abounds.

—One of the peculiar rules of the schools uptown is, that if a teacher makes a mistake she must apologize to the parent. A few days ago one of the students in No. 8 school, a small boy, in some manner broke over the rules of the school, and the teacher suspended him. It seems, however, there is a new law, which says a teacher must not suspend a scholar without first informing the parent of the child's disobedience, and that teacher was actually forced to write a letter to the boy's mother, stating that she had done wrong and was very sorry for it, etc., etc. We say forced, because she must either write the letter or lose her situation. What a farce is this, to force a teacher to lie in black and white!

Personal.

Mr. James O. Merritt and wife will probably make a trip to Florida soon. Mr. Merritt is not fully restored, but is recovering, and the physicians think a change of air will be productive of good.

The Lumber Market.

The Troy Times says the year 1873 was an unprofitable one to lumber dealers in all sections of the country, and dealers in Troy and West Troy have been no exception to the rule. The amount of lumber purchased by them during the year was $3,877,881, and the sales $3,797,955. Amount of lumber on hand 325,589 feet. The Times says the prospects for the coming season are good, stocks are lighter, and a fair demand is anticipated at home and abroad.

The Overlook.

People who want a splendid view can get it now by going to the Overlook. The air is much clearer than in summer, and the range of vision far greater. Mr. Lasher tells us the White Mountains can now be seen, and if the Fishkill Mountains were out of the way he thinks he could look into New York. By a little stretch of imagination a man may also look into the middle of next week, which in these panic times is a great blessing.

Another Attempt at Robbery.

The following communication was found on our desk on Thursday morning, and for the purpose of endeavoring to prevent more such daring attempts to rob our solid citizens while on business cares intent, we copy it verbatim:

"On the morning of the 21th, Boyd and salif was going to the post office with the male and on our return we met 3 young men coming down the side walk on the right hand Side as we were coming and one of them said what are you plouting along about at that minute they caught hold of us and they said give us your money and the other said give us your watch we told them we had no watch and the wanted us to give them whatever we had and I looked at one of the fellows and I thought I knowed him and I said let loose of me Joseph Higgins and with that he let me go.

BOYD & SALIF,
Daily Freeman carrier."

Accident.

On Thursday forenoon Mr. John Hutton, who resides on Division street in the lower portion of this city, went to Wiltwyck for the purpose of requesting his daughter to come home to assist in nursing her mother, who was severely injured by a fall on Wednesday. On Mr. Hutton's return home, and while alighting from a sleigh, he fell to the ground, injuring himself very severely. The wife and husband are now both injured by falls, and as they are old people the accidents are serious ones to say the least.

Temperance Rally.

It will be seen by the advertisement in another column that a grand temperance rally will be held at Music Hall on Sunday evening under the auspices of St. Joseph's Temperance Society. The meeting will be addressed by Robert A. Wilson of New York and Edward Caffrey of Greenpoint. Both gentlemen are well known temperance speakers, and Mr. Wilson is a fine singer, and will during the meeting sing a couple of fine songs, entitled "The Drunkard's Dream" and "Trotting Decay." The Society invites all temperance men to participate with them in the meeting, and we hope there will be a large meeting.

The New Train.

The Newburgh Journal of Wednesday evening contains the following: "For several days the new Ulster County and Newburgh Express has been behind the time, the engine not being powerful enough to do the work of hauling so large a train over the steep grades on time. Through the efforts of Special Agent John Baldwin, a more powerful engine—No. 20, Beattie, engineer, formerly of the Wallkill Valley road—has been assigned to the work, going on to-day. It is expected that with this change the train will be run to the minute on the time table. The displaced engine takes the place of No. 20 on the Wallkill Valley.

Pecunious Printers.

Now we do rejoice in the prosperity of any member of the craft to which Benjamin Franklin belonged, and as it is rare that we have cause to rejoice we copy the following from the Poughkeepsie Eagle, and remark there are two chaps to whom the term "poor devil of a printer" cannot be applied: "Mr. George A. Graham, of this office, is building himself a fine residence in Carroll street, alongside of his present residence. Jacob Monfort has the contract. Mr. Dewitt C. De Golier, also of this office, is building a fine French roof residence in Lent street. U. P. Eshleman is the builder." Bully for you, George and Dewitt! May you do so some more.

Quite the Style—and not.

It has become quite the style for ladies who during the summer and autumn months drove pony phaetons to now, in sleighing times, sport a Portland; and it is by no means an unusual sight when on the road to see two ladies in a sleigh, one of them driving, giving some good stepping nag, driven by a man, a right lively brush. Occasionally an establishment driven by a female, accompanied by another, will pull up at some "wayside hotel," get out, give orders about the care of their horse, and then go to the public parlor, where, soon after, goes a server on which are two goblets containing a light colored mixture which is hot, for it smokes. It must be hot lemonade, because it has a small piece of lemon peel, a cracker, and some grated nutmeg floating on its surface. We *have* known the server to also carry at the same time two segars, but *that* must have been when there were men up-stairs somewhere.

During one of the sleighing spells this fall or winter, there drove up in front of a certain hotel some miles from this city a fancy establishment in which were two handsome young women, *very* fashionably dressed, who alighted and after attending to giving instructions, and something else from a port monnaie, to the holster, they entered the house and public parlor, whence proceeded the landlord to blandly enquire "What would the ladies wish?" "Can we have a private room, with fire, for about an hour?" "Oh, certainly." "Show us, and then send up two hot——lemonades and some segars." "How many segars, Miss?" "Oh, a handful, and charge us for what we use." The landlord obeyed orders literally. After the hot lemonades and segars had been consumed "a bottle o'wine" was ordered and disposed of, and some while after two hours had elapsed the horse was ordered to the door and the bill paid (it included *all* the segars.) While descending the steps leading from the porch to the ground, one of the young women slipped, fell, and rolled to the bottom like a bundle of dry-goods. Picking herself up and giving an indignant stamp with one foot, she exclaimed, "——that ice; why don't they pour hot Scotch on in an'thaw out?" She then seated herself in the sleigh, gathered up the reins crossed, which the holster rectified, and said to her companion "Come on now——, but go easy or you'll slip on that ice, too." Number two got seated in the sleigh without accident, when the pair drove off. We would remark that there wasn't a particle of ice on the steps or porch. Further comment, beyond saying this is not quite the proper style, is unnecessary.

The Erie Short Cut.

It has heretofore been announced that the Erie Railway Company has been contemplating a re-survey of some portions of their road in order to see if certain heavy grades in the vicinity of Port Jervis could not, in a measure, be done away with, and distances at the same time reduced. The result of surveys recently made by the engineers show that a short cut can be made which will effect both the desired results, and it is probable the road will be shortened twenty miles by the adoption of a new route. On leaving Port Jervis the engineers passed around the Shawangunk mountains, near Halcesville, crossed Big Flat Brook and located a tunnel through the Blue mountain 5,000 feet long, with a maximum grade of only 35 feet. They passed thence to Deckertown, and northward crossing the Walkill three miles below Unionville. The line was then run through the town of Warwick to Bellevale mountain, where they located another tunnel a mile long, coming out at the head of Greenwood lake. The heaviest grade encountered in this survey was only fifty feet Another route was also surveyed by the same party, as follows: Commencing at the west side of Bellevale mountain, they ran to a point a quarter of a mile west of Hampton. They intersect the Midland at Crawford Junction and thence parallel with that road to Bloomingburgh, at a maximum grade of fifty feet. At Bloomingburgh they located a tunnel two miles long through the Shawangunk mountain, running southwest at two hundred feet less elevation than the Midland tunnel, the direction of which is northwest. The route thence extended to Ellenville, and down the Neversink valley to Port Jervis. One of these proposed routes will no doubt be adopted by the road and will constitute what is to be called the "Erie Short Cut."

Inhuman Treatment of a Child—Another Verdict against the Palmers.

The readers will remember that at a term of court held in Newburgh a few months ago a little girl named Rachael Ann Gardiner, by her guardian, instituted proceedings against Spencer Palmer, formerly of the town of Wawayanda, and with whom she lived, to recover damages for cruel treatment. The testimony showed that the little girl had been subjected to terrible suffering caused by the inhuman treatment she had received at the hands of Palmer and his wife. The case was tried before a jury and the jury rendered a verdict in favor of the little girl for two hundred and fifty dollars.

This, it seems, did not satisfy the little girl and her friends. Another suit was brought against Palmer's wife and it came on at the term of the Supreme Court of Oyer and Terminer held in Goshen this week. It was tried on Wednesday and, as in the first trial, the testimony plainly exhibited the heathenish treatment the girl had received while in the Palmer family. It was tried before a jury and the defendant was beaten, the jury rendering this time a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for one thousand dollars.—*Newburgh Telegraph.*

Exit Sleighing.

The mild temperature of Wednesday night, accompanied by some rain, and the fogs of Thursday used up the late snow-fall, so far as sleighing purposes are concerned, most effectually. During the forenoon of Thursday most persons who used vehicles rode in sleighs, although a few very sensible people brought out their wagons. Afternoon wagons were the rule and sleighs the exception, particularly for carrying heavy loads. Many light sleighs were dodging about until far into the evening, though the sleighing was but little better than it was last August. There was an almost total lack of pleasure parties on the road on Thursday afternoon, which was proof positive that the snow on the roads had become among the things that were. One party we wot of started out in search of sleighing in the suburbs of the city, but finding it not, and coming within the one hundredth part of an inch of a most dire mishap, they scratched their way homeward before the light of the young moon permitted the girls to lean upon the boy's arms and whisper soft nothings in their ears. And so the sleighing carnival so fondly anticipated on Wednesday is closed on Thursday—and it was a weak carnival while it lasted.

Somnambulism Extraordinary.

The Middletown Press says: "A singular freak of somnambulism occurred in Goshen, Sunday night. A Mr. James Madden, a cattle drover and butcher from Jersey City, was stopping at the Erie House, kept by Mr. Jas. Thompsen, and had retired to bed at a seasonable hour in his usual good health. At about three o'clock A. M. Mr. Madden, in a fit of somnambulism, thinking he was driving some sheep at the time, arose, dressed himself and sprang out of the third-story window to the ground in the back yard. As he lescended past the second-story window his boot-heel struck the window sill and tore the heel off the boot. He struck the ground and was unable to give any alarm save a groan, which was heard by the people in the hotel, who came to his aid and carried him inside. Dr. J. H. Thompson was called in and prescribed for Mr. Madden, and was surprised to find no bones broken, but still is somewhat apprehensive of internal injuries."

OUR ALBANY CORRESPONDENCE.

ALBANY, January 22, 1874.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—A legislature is like a heavy steamboat, it takes quite a number of strokes, considerable steam and a good many orders before the machine gets in motion. Now that committees are organizing and at work; now that the last "swearing train" has left Albany and the minor officials of the House are sworn in, and now that a good feeling exists generally among members, we may hope for a pleasant session. The sharp address of the Speaker to officials on Tuesday was ostensibly intended to make them all walk the crack this winter, and unless the Speaker slips round quietly and undoes his work, we may hope for good order and courteous attention, which four and five dollar a day men should extend toward the people, toward members and others. I believe about the only man along the river counties who remains here to secure a crumb is the irresistible would-be-member from Woodstock. As a slayer Brinckerhoff is a decided success, and if he be as fortunate this session as he was last he will get the position of messenger on some committee—whose double-headed duties shall require a man late in the term. His case is decidedly worse than many others, although young Atkyns secured a position through Senator Lowery and will hold it pending good behavior—he must not be heard to swear. The trouble with Mr. Brinckerhoff is that he "goes for" too big cabbage early in the session, and failing, stands ready to accept anything that's "loose" when he finds he is beaten. And he don't find out that he's whipped until all the little holes in the bagatelle board are filled. Men around the capital are like the sand dogs you read of. They all have a little mound with a hole in it. If they get to the mound first they claim it as their own and always guard the hole like a mastiff until they get leave to go in

I've been looking round the chamber to find out who would be most likely to be the clown of the House this winter, but can't point him out as yet. I reckon we've got a pretty sensible lot of men this winter. Last winter we had "Prof." Clark, and fun from "Denny" Burns and others. The year previous we had I. D. Brown from Ki-yu-ga, but where, O! where is the man or men who shall say "I am the man?" The oilers have gone below to grease the machinery and I reckon by next week we shall commence work in earnest. This week has been skirmish week. The disappointed place-hunters about all went home on Tuesday morning, and I learn that the engineer who run the "swearing train" down kept brakes on the entire run, the power of sulphurous propulsion in the rear of the engine being enough to draw the train.

Among the list of appointments I find the name of DeWitt Griffin, son of Hon. Matthew Griffin, of Delaware county. The Hon "Matt" was inclined to storm a little because he wasn't better cared for on committees, and talked so long and earnestly about it that the Speaker whispered words of consolation to him, and out pops DeWitt—a full fledged assistant Sergeant-at-Arms. DeWitt, as I have already learned to call him—we all get familiar in a day or two here—is about six feet two inches, good looking and well made, and I reckon Fiske and he will run the machine on about as high keys as the darned old boiler permit will allow. It's business with them—and they know how to transact it. If any of your people have a hankering to hear the subject of "canals" discussed at any time, come up and I'll pilot them round to a room in the Delavan where Fiske, Canal Commissioner Stroud, and "Gov." Alvord love to sit at times. Don't come up on Thursday, that being what is known as "cheese" night.

By the way, "Old Salt's" speech on the Governor's message took our straight-laced Republican friends by surprise. The "Gov." has evidently tied up his old clothes and sent them off with instructions to bestow them as a gift upon the poor. He then ordered a new suit off the same pattern purchased by Governor Dix. I'm sorry Jefferson, Marcy and Silas Wright are dead—for the "Gov.'s" sake. He'd be so happy in their company just now. However I guess the Dix Canal Superintendent string being pulled by the "Gov." will hold him for a while—at least until the people shall say what they will do with the proposed amendments to our state constitution. Alvord's bills relative to County Treasurers paying over monies as fast as collected to the State Controller is a good one. It will prevent defalcations. If it pass, all we shall have to do is to watch the State Controller. Watching one man is easier than keeping your eye on fifty or sixty, you know. A general bill to extend the time for the collection of taxes has passed the House. We are expecting Lillie Blake & Co., the female suffragists, up to-day, and I doubt not Mr. Prince will serve them—in every honorable way. I'm in favor of allowing every woman who is twenty years old and pays taxes to vote—and I won't take it back e-i-t-h-e-r.

There seems to be a hitch in the passage of those concurrent resolutions or proposed amendments to the Constitution, so much so that the Attorney General is requested to furnish his opinion. By the way, wonder what pressure secured the retention of that "Black River Canal" in that proposed amendment to article VII? Tweed is'nt here, nor has he been here recently.

Holden of Warren has introduced a bill to repeal the excise law of 1857, but as yet the temperance interest remains quiet. Perhaps "quiet" was the consideration Clerk O'Donnell paid for his position. And then too we have a compulsory education bill here which requires parents to send all children over seven and under twenty-one to school. Had it been limited to children over seven and under fourteen it would be more practical.

Mr. Connelly has introduced a bill for the election of but one Overseer of the Poor for the town of Kingston, whose salary shall be but $300, and who shall not be interested in any contract for supplies. The committee took it up on Tuesday last, thought it was special legislation, and laid it over for future action.

The meeting of the alumni of the Albany Medical college on Tuesday brought Dr. Loughran up here, and he was one of the active members in forming an organization of the Union University or Albany Medical College. Mr. Hermance of Ellenville and Supervisor Myers have also been here, and "Dan." Elting sticks well. The State Aricultural Society met here yesterday, and I reckon "Jakey" Cuyler & Co., on behalf of Albany, would like to run the machine. Among the graduates at the Medical College on Tuesday evening were Mr. O. Quentel of Kingston, and G. L. Van Allen of Blooming Grove delivered the essay in true sophomore style. Mr. C. D. Hasbrouck of Alligerville was also a graduate.

CYRUS.

Sent Back.

The locomotive E. C. Litchfield on the N. Y., K. & S. Railroad was last week shipped back to Paterson by Superintendent Hecker, in compliance with the request of the manufacturers. The engine was purchased by the late managers of the road and only a small amount paid upon it, over $14,000 remaining due.

Sociable.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Rondout M. E. Church will hold a sociable on Wednesday evening, January 28. As this society relieves whatever poor come within their reach it should be abundantly remembered.

—The Port Jervis chief of police had to decide between two women who each claimed the child as her own. He happily hit upon the right one.

—Eli Perkins is still lecturing in the vicinity. It is a marvel that in this age of violence nobody has ever attempted to shoot or strangle or poison Perkins.

Circuit Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer.

JUDGE CHARLES R. INGALLS, Presiding.

[For some cause unknown to us the first part of yesterday's court report failed to reach us, and we are unable to give it this morning.]

No. 32, *Clifford Coddington vs. Robert Hood*, was then tried. The attorneys are Bernard & Fiero for plaintiff, M. Schoonmaker for defendant. The plaintiff complains that defendant, claiming to be an engineer in the employment of the New York & Chicago West Shore Railroad Company, came upon his property situated on the west bank of the Hudson River, in 1872, and cut down and destroyed a number of shade trees that were growing there. Hood, the defendant, acted as counsel in his own case and examined the witnesses.

The defendant claims he was authorized to make the survey, and do the acts complained of, by an act of the Legislature in regard to the said railroad. That if unnecessary damage was done the company and not the agent is liable.

After the case had been closed the court adjourned until nine o'clock Friday morning.

VICINITY.

—Port Jervis has two brass bands.

—Real estate is lively in Goshen.

—A new colored church has been organized in Goshen.

—The Masons of Middletown propose to put up a new hall.

—A Cuban concert troupe is performing along the Harlem Railroad.

—The steamer Boardman is being furnished with new boilers.

—The Chief Engineer of the Port Jervis Fire Department is paid $100 per annum.

—The Troy soup-house gives out 230 quarts of soup daily.

—A farmer in Otselic has raised 102 bushels of potatoes from a quarter of an acre.

—West Troy wants to be a city, embracing Green Island in its limits.

—A Jeffersonville farmer took advantage of the mild weather to dig his potatoes. He found four bushels of them in good condition.

—Peter Shields has been appointed resident agent at Poughkeepsie of the Commissioners of Emigration.

—The Orange County Musical Convention holds its next session at Port Jervis on the 4th of February.

—We begin to suspect Davids of the Eagle has political aspirations. Bless us! what is this world coming to?

—The American Paper Car-Wheel Co. of Hudson has made another call of ten per cent. upon its stockholders. It has $192,762.75 paid in so far.

—Judge Bush, a Democrat, charged the grand jury of Sullivan county to inquire into the recent throwing out of two election districts in the interest of Abbott.

—The temperance men in Luzerne county are having a hard time enforcing the law. A temperance justice has had his house sprinkled with kerosene, and an attempt was made to set it on fire. Another was dragged from his doorstep, but he broke away and three shots were fired at him.

—The Mendelssohn Society gave a concert at Poughkeepsie on Wednesday night on a novel plan. They sent free tickets to whomsoever would receive them, selling no admission tickets. Then they announced that whoever didn't want to run the risk of the rush could buy reserved seats. They made a good thing.

—Most of our readers will remember A. B. Morrison, a former prominent business man of Oneonta, who left that place rather unexpectedly some two years ago. Morrison's life since that period has been an eventful one. While he was traveling in foreign lands his wife obtained a divorce and married again. In the meantime Morrison lost his entire fortune, some $25,000, by the failure of a bank, and was compelled to pawn his watch to obtain means with which to return to this country. Suffice it to say that he came back, courted and married a widow with $75,000, and is now living in peace and plenty in the old Bay State. The story reads like fiction, but it is nevertheless true.—*Saturday Review.*

Mr. Fanning's Private Dancing Academy, Voorhees' Hall, Kingston. Pupils having taken lessons will be received for the LAST HALF TERM on Friday at 7 P. M. No beginners received, and no visitors admitted. Terms Five Dollars. The German will be a specialty. *Pupils and Parents must present cards for admission.* School not open to the public.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is "a combination and a form indeed" for healing and curing diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. It cures a cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation; thus removing the cause, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the disease behind.

Grapes.

A fine stock of Grapes at the Huguenot saloon.

Soreness of the flesh, tenderness of the scalp, are cured by using Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil. This is excellent also for sore throat, pain in the joints, and people say "It works like a charm."

Sold by R. Deyo and all other druggists in Rondout and Kingston.

Kingston Coal Depot.

All those wishing nice, clean, dry coal will save money by calling at D. C. Overbaugh's Coal Yard, at the railroad junction, Union avenue. Special inducements are offered to those who draw it themselves. A man will always be found in attendance to help load up.

D. C. OVERBAUGH,
KINGSTON COAL DEPOT, Jan. 1st, 1874.

DIED.

KEATOR—In Rondout (City of Kingston), on Thursday, January 22d, 1874, of inflammation of the lungs, Rosa, infant daughter of Jacob and Jennie Keator, aged 1 year, 1 month and 2 days.

TO LET.—THE TWO STORY and basement house on Green St., head of Main, containing nine rooms, also wash-house and coal-house. Possession given first of March. Apply on the premises to M. TRUMPBOUR.
Kingston, January 22nd, 1874.

BLACKSMITHING.—D. L. DECKER respectfully informs the public that he has opened a Blacksmith Shop on Columbus Avenue near Cedar St., Ponchockie, where he is prepared to shoe horses and do all kinds in the best style of the art. Jobbing done in all its branches, boat work, &c. Wagons and sleighs ironed.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that all the relations heretofore existing between the undersigned by virtue of any agreement between them as co-partners or otherwise, have been this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business in which they have been interested will hereafter be conducted by Stephen M. Hyatt and Martin J. Hyatt, under the name of S. M. Hyatt & Co. Dated Dec. 22, 1873.

S. M. HYATT,
M. J. HYATT,
E. DREYFUS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the New York Cement Company for the election of Four (4) Trustees will be held on Monday, the second day of February, 1874, at their office, No. 5 Dey Street, New York. Polls open from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.
By order ALEXANDER McGUIRE, Treasurer.

SALE.—THE POSTPONED SALE to the highest bidder of FIVE SHEEP, in the bankruptcy sale of the Ostrander Bros., will be held on Friday, January 23rd, 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., in front of their market on Garden street, in the city of Kingston, N. Y. By order of
EGBERT WHITAKER, Register.
January 22, 1874.

ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, St. James street, Kingston, N. Y. The first term will open Tuesday, February 3, and close Friday, June 26. Boys prepared either for business or College. For terms and full information apply at the school-room, St. James Street, (between Fair and Pine,) from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., daily.
FREDERICK THOMPSON, Principal.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a new dwelling 2 stories and basement, good cellar, water in the kitchen, a small barn and a small or large lot to suit the purchaser, situated in the town of Kingston, one and a quarter miles north of the Plank Road. Address HENRY A. STONE, Box No. 2 Rondout P. O., or call at my residence opposite the above described property.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXchange.—A farm located at West Park, Ulster county, is offered for sale or for exchange for property in the city of Kingston. Inquire of A. M. CROSBY, on the premises, or of A. A. CROSBY, Rondout, N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—ONE 12x24 STEAM ENGINE, NEW.
HERMANCE, NEWTON & CO.,
Upper Kingston.

VALUABLE
HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.
At Lafayetteville, Dutchess County. If not sold before the First of April it will be let, or would exchange for city property. The hotel is 40 x 60, and has a splendid Barn, Stables, Shed &c.
D. C. REID.

WANTED.—PUPILS TO RECEIVE lessons in
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.
Lessons will be given at the residence of the Misses Tootill, No. 35 North Front street.
Applications made at R. Tootill's, No. 18 Wall street will be promptly attended to.

O. HERMANCE HAS JUST RECEIVED at his saloon in Music Hall a cargo of sauces, jellies and canned fruits. It would be impossible for us to describe the different kinds, for they are even superior to the fresh ones; green peas canned that will make one think of the gardens of spring time; strawberries large and luscious, and so natural; cherries that taste as fresh as when just ripened on the tree, and pickles that will suit the taste of the most capricious gourmand.

TO LET.—A LARGE AND COMmodious store with MARBLE FRONT and PLATE GLASS WINDOWS, No. 15 Lackawanna street. Inquire on the premises.

NOW READY.—NEW HALL.—The undersigned has just finished a handsome new Hall that will seat five hundred people. This Hall is well calculated for concerts, minstrels or other shows, lectures, public meetings, &c., and will be let for such purposes at reasonable rates.
ABRAM SAMMONS, Rosendale.

FOR SALE—BY H. F. LEAK, IN the village of New Salem, town of Esopus, a house one story and a half, and barn with half an acre of land, for $550, part cash the balance to remain on bond and mortgage if required to suit the purchaser. Any mechanic or laboring man can obtain a comfortable home by this purchase within a short distance of two ship yards and two cement mills, where abundance of labor is always obtainable. For further information inquire at the ship yard of H. F. LEAK, Eddyville.

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale a house and two acres of land situated on Flatbush avenue in the city of Kingston, N. Y. The house has lately been remodeled by a first-class builder and of the best materials. It contains six bed-rooms, a large parlor, dining-room kitchen, &c. The lot has a young bearing apple orchard, pear, cherry and plum trees, asparagus, strawberry and antwerp beds. There is a well of good soft water and a cistern on the premises. Call and examine. Terms to suit. W. B. ASKAM.

TO LET.—A STORE & DWELLing on Wall Street. Dwelling consists of six rooms attached to the store. Also a barn and half a large garden connected with the dwelling. Inquire of HIRAM YOUNG,
At the State of N. Y. Bank.

DENTISTRY.—DR. V. SHERWOOD, having recovered from his recent illness and having resumed his practice, most respectfully invites his friends and the public to call at his rooms in Newkirk building, on Division street, nearly opposite the Mansion House, and over A. Dunn's Watch and Jewelry Store, Rondout.

TO LET.—A DESIRABLE STORE on Garden street. Enquire at this office.

TO LET.—TWO STORES IN Hirch's new building now occupied by G. N. Stoddard and two offices on the first floor.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—I would state that there are three heirs of Dr. John Neamans of the town of Olive still living; that Clara N. Neamans, one of them, is residing in the city of Kingston. Any one wishing to know of her whereabouts will please call at Mr. Charles Wurtz's, Van Buren street.
Ulster County papers please copy.

HOUSE FOR SALE.—THE SUBscriber offers for sale the House and Lot occupied by him and situated on Adams street.
G. N. STODDARD.

HOUSE TO LET.—MY RESIdence, a two-story and basement brick building, with a large garden and barn, on Chester street, near from the new City Hall. For further particulars address ADOLPH EICHLER,
Kingston, N. Y.

AUGUSTUS SCHEPMOES,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
OFFICE IN JOHN ST., OPPOSITE MUSIC HALL.
☞ Special attention paid to the collection of accounts

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—A first class modern house, with barn, situated in Fair street. The house contains ten rooms with plenty of closets, is built in the best manner and is in thorough repair throughout. The building is warmed by an improved heater and supplied with gas. Price low and terms to suit. For further particulars inquire of M. M. FRISSELLE or WM. H. FREDENBERGH,
Kingston, Jan. 9th, 1874.

FOR SALE.—A SMALL NEW House and Lot (25x100—price $600) situated in Jacob's Valley. The lot is level and pleasantly located. Also a cottage house and 4½ acres of land in a high state of cultivation, good soil, pasture and meadow lands, fruit, grapes, apples, &c., (in the city.)
ABIJAH SMITH.
Kingston, January 21, 1874.

TO LET.—THE COTTAGE House opposite the W. V. Railway on Union avenue, containing a large basement. Rooms suitable for offices or a small genteel family. Also a two-story house adjoining the above, five rooms and a shed attached, 10x50, on Greenkill avenue.
Kingston, January 21, 1874. ABIJAH SMITH.

STORE TO LET.—ON UNION Ave., corner of Flatbush avenue, with stock.—A first-class place for business. Dwelling connected. Inquire of JOSEPH GASSEN,
On opposite corner.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS INdebted to the New York, Kingston & Syracuse Railroad Company are hereby notified to pay such indebtedness to Elisha M. Brigham, who is duly authorized and empowered to collect and receive the same by authority from the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, who are the Trustees of the bondholders of the bonds issued and secured by the First Mortgage of the Rondout & Oswego Railroad Company, and that payment to any other person or persons will not be recognized as valid.
Dated Kingston, Nov. 25th, 1873.
ELISHA M. BRIGHAM,
For Farmers' Loan & Trust Company.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of Gasson & Ellsworth, heretofore carrying on the grocery and dry goods business at Wiltwyck, City of Kingston, is hereby dissolved. All persons owing said firm will please call promptly and settle their accounts with the undersigned. And all persons having claims against said firm will please present their bills to the undersigned. JOSEPH GASSON.
Dated December 18th, 1873.
I, James Ellsworth, of the co-partnership of Gasson & Ellsworth, hereby approve and ratify the above notice of dissolution.
December 20th, 1873. JAMES ELLSWORTH.

WANTED.—TWENTY-FIVE barrels of nice CAKE TALLOW. The highest cash price will be paid for the same in large or small lots at the store of D. & A. McMILLAN, on the dock, near the Coal Company's Office.

CASH PAID FOR
OLD GOLD
AND SILVER JEWELRY,
AT
A. RICE'S,
Division St., Rondout.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of VAN VORIS & KNAPP, carrying on the stone business in upper Kingston, on Fair street, near the Wilbur road, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
WM. F. VAN VORIS,
JEROME B. KNAPP.

All persons indebted to the above firm will pay the same to the undersigned, and all parties having claims against said firm will please present the same to the undersigned, who contemplates carrying on the business as usual at the old stand until further notice, where he will be most happy to wait upon any who may desire anything in his line, such as curbing, flagging, or stone cutting in all its branches. Liberal terms, and satisfaction guaranteed to all. WM. F. VAN VORIS.
Dated Kingston, Jan. 10, 1874.

HAIR SWITCHES, FRONTS, CURLS, FRISSETTS, MOUSTACHES, Wigs, Whiskers, etc. Combings made up to the best advantage at A. PEREZ' old stand; Mansion House building.

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS.—Fastest selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents. J. BRIDE, 767 Broadway, N. Y. Jewe

GRAND
TEMPERANCE RALLY
AT
MUSIC HALL,
Sunday Ev'g, Jan. 25th,
Under the auspices of
ST. JOSEPH'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.
The meeting will be addressed by
Robert A. Wilson of N. Y. City,
Ex-Vice President of the Catholic Temperance Union of America, a celebrated advocate of Temperance, and character singer,
AND
Edward Caffrey of Greenpoint.
ADMISSION FREE. DOORS OPEN at 7 o'clock.
A cordial invitation to participate is extended to all temperance organizations, and to the Public generally.
By order of Committee.

UNION SUNDAY SCHOOL.
HOME LECTURE COURSE,
1873 & 1874.
AT THE
CHILDREN'S CHURCH,
PONCKHOCKIE.

ORGAN CONCERT every night by Prof. JOHN HUBER and others. Proceeds for the benefit of the School, to all interested in the Sabbath School cause give us their hearty support.

LECTURERS.
6. REV. J. J. DEAN.
7. REV. W. H. MICKLE.

ADMISSION.....25
SEASON TICKETS.....$1.00

Doors open at 7. Concert 7.15. Lecture at 8. Season Tickets for sale at Winter's. Due notice of each Lecture, Speaker and Subject will be given through the Press.

D. B. ABBEY, Superintendent.
E. A. JAQUES, Secretary.

THE RONDOUT
LECTURE ASSOCIATION,
—AT—
WASHINGTON HALL.
THE FOLLOWING ENGAGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR THE COMING SEASON.

6. Rev. Geo. H. Hepworth,
FRIDAY, JANUARY 30.
Subject—"Our American Homes."

7. Hon. Daniel Dougherty,
FEBRUARY, 13.
Subject—"The People and Politics."

8. HAMPTON SINGERS,
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY—

TICKETS - - - - - 50 CENTS.
For sale at Winter's. No reserved seats.
F. H. GRIFFITHS, Sec'y.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—Special Assessments.—The City Assessors having delivered their corrected certificates (and duplicates thereof) of the special assessments of seventy-five per centum of the expense of grading that part of St. Mary's street lying between Hasbrouck Avenue and Chambers street; of grading Pierpont street between Wurts street and Division street; of paving that part of Hasbrouck avenue lying between the northerly side of the bridge which crosses the railroad track at the junction of the Kingston Point road and Hasbrouck avenue and Prince street, respectively, to the Common Council, at the last regular meeting thereof, and the same having been laid over until the next regular meeting of the Common Council, to be held at Fireman's Hall, Friday evening, January 23d, 1874, notice is therefore hereby given, that at said meeting, which will be the first regular meeting after the delivery of said certificates as aforesaid, any person considering himself aggrieved by any or either of said assessments, shall have an opportunity to be heard in relation thereto before the Common Council, either orally or in writing.
Date l January 13th, 1874.
JAMES G. LINDSLEY, Mayor.
AUG. SCHEPMOES, City Clerk.

DENTISTRY.
DR. V. SHERWOOD
Has removed his dental establishment from his old stand in Garden Street to
The Newkirk Building,
DIVISION STREET,
Nearly opposite the Mansion House, over Andrew Dunn's extensive Watch and Jewelry Store.

LEWIS I. PATCHIN,
MILL ST., RONDOUT, N. Y.
LIVERY STABLE,
☞ Good Horses and Rigs of every description constantly on hand.

A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS
FOR SALE
PROPERTY FOR SALE
VALUABLE
The subscriber offers for sale
FOR SALE.
AN ELEGANT BUILDING LOT,
Situated on the corner of Hunter and West Ravine Street, formerly occupied by the German Lutheran Church, recently burned. The lot is very desirably located. It will be sold in one or several parcels. Also, the very fine
BRICK PARSONAGE,
which is one of the best constructed buildings in the city. It is of two stories, with good basement and garret, with rooms. The lot is extra large, and is located on the northeast corner of Hunter and Ravine streets.
No more desirable property than this has been offered for many years.
Apply to any of the following Trustees: George L. Wachmeyer, George Drautz, Jacob Freileweh, John M. Mayer, Wm. Seitz, Wm. Thomas, F. Allen.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.
JOHN T. BOND,
Formerly with J. Cottier, N. Y.
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
DIVISION ST., ABOVE UNION, RONDOUT.
Special attention given to the repairing of fine American, English and Swiss watches.
All kinds of Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the best manner.

A NEW LOT OF
GERMAN ACCORDEONS,
Just Received. The best out.
A. RICE.

MARKS JACOBS,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Garden St., Rondout.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
DON'T FAIL TO CALL ON
NEWWITTER'S
Fancy Dry Good Store
IF YOU WISH TO BUY

SHAWLS worth	$7.00	at	$5.00
BLACK ALPACAS worth	75	at	50
COLORED ALPACAS "	60	at	40
All Wool Empress cloth worth	75	at	50
" " "	60	at	40

FINE LOT OF
KID GLOVES
Single Button, black and colored, a good article for 50 cents a pair, 2 button, the best, at 1.00.
FANCY BOXES
For CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS AT HALF PRICE and other goods too numerous to mention at a
GREAT SACRIFICE.
WHITE SHIRTS

THE TRIBUNE FOR 1874.

A year ago the editor of The Tribune promised to make this journal during 1873 a much more valuable and complete newspaper than it had ever been before. Its facilities for the collection and transmission of intelligence from all parts of the world had been largely increased; its staff of editors, correspondents, and reporters had been strengthened by the engagement of some of the ablest men in the profession; and the editor was resolved to spare neither pains nor money in the effort to make The Tribune the very first newspaper in the world.

It points to the achievements of the past twelve months with pardonable pride. While The Tribune has retained all the excellent features that made it such a favorite in its former days, it has exhibited an enterprise and acuteness in its news department which have been the wonder of all its old friends. Remembering that the chief function of a daily journal is to give its readers the fullest, the best arranged, the most attractive, and the most readable history of the occurrences of the time, it has devoted its best energies to the business, and its success has been universally recognized and applauded. The year has been fruitful of startling events, and every incident has found in The Tribune its promptest, most accurate, and most perfectly equipped historian. A Tribune correspondent was the only civilian who witnessed the surrender of the Virginius, and his picturesque description of that transaction, transmitted by telegraph, is the only account the public has yet seen of an incident upon which depended for many weeks the question of peace or war. The Tribune published the only full and exhaustive account by Atlantic telegraph of the terrible Ville du Havre disaster, giving all the incidents of that catastrophe ten days before other journals received them by the slow course of mails. It distanced all competitors in its thrilling story by cable of the adventures of the Polaris castaways. It anticipated every other paper in the country and even the Government itself, by its graphic narratives of Custer's battles on the Yellowstone. The elaborate and deeply interesting letters of its special correspondent in the West gave the only complete account of the Farmers' Movement ever published in an Eastern paper. The reports of The Tribune presented the important proceedings of the Evangelical Alliance in this city with a fullness and accuracy everywhere the subject of enthusiastic praise. During the panic its daily history of Wall street made it absolutely indispensable to business men; and its special correspondents afterward described the condition of affairs in the manufacturing districts with an ability which no other paper seriously rivaled.

These are mere instances of the uniform success in the most important branch of journalism which has steadily attended The Tribune throughout the year, and may therefore be fairly taken as an earnest of what The Tribune is likely to do hereafter. Its purpose in 1874 is to surpass its previous record, constantly increasing the efficiency of its organization, adding to its resources, and keeping up its ancient celebrity as an organ of cultivated and thoughtful men, and a high authority in literature, science, and the arts. It will continue to devote especial attention to the proceedings of learned bodies, to education, to scientific discoveries and explorations, to new inventions, to agriculture, to the promotion of American industry, and to books, pictures, music, and the drama. Its financial articles have won a peculiarly high reputation, and will still be a prominent feature in its columns. Its reports of the markets have long been distinguished for fullness and accuracy, and its quotations have been accepted as standards in the cattle, produce, and provision trades for many years. Its reports of local affairs are acknowledged to be the most accurate, intelligent and complete; its domestic correspondence is always fresh and valuable; and abroad it is served by the ablest writers and keenest observers engaged upon any American periodical.

While it never can be a neutral in politics, The Tribune is entirely independent of all parties and all partisans. It believes that the mere organ of a clique cannot be a thoroughly good newspaper, and cannot be trusted for impartial and just comment upon current events. It maintains with the old fervor and will always defend the Republican principles of equality and justice with which, under the control of its illustrious founder, Horace Greeley, it was for over thirty years identified. But it values parties solely as means for procuring honest government on sound principles. For the partisans who deplore exposures of corruption or imbecility in high places as likely to hurt the party and hinder their success in holding on to the offices—who insist that a journal of their faith must follow their lead, execute their plans, and defend their acts, it has no feeling save contempt. Standing by its old landmarks, it defends the constitutional guarantees to the liberty of the citizen and the sacredness of the nation's faith with its creditors, insists on the duty of Protection to American Industry, champions all proper measures for developing the material resources of the country, urges wise mean for restricting the evils of intemperance, seeks sedulously to foster the commanding interests of Manufactures and Agriculture. But it holds itself aloof from all entangling alliances, waits on no Caucus or Convention for its opinions, aims to judge every political act of whatever party, separately as it arises, on its own merits, and maintains the liberty of candid and impartial criticism. During the present session of Congress its telegraphic reports from Washington, where it maintains the strongest force of experienced correspondents ever assembled there in the interests of a single journal, will be found incomparably more valuable and more interesting than those of any of its contemporaries. And finally, in the editorial discussion of public affairs, The Tribune endeavors to combine the utmost frankness of expression and independence of thought with a strict impartiality of judgment and that dignity and refinement of language which befit a family newspaper. It wastes no space in wrangling with other papers, pays no attention to personal abuse, and reserves its columns for its readers' interests, not the editor's grievances.

That there is a popular appreciation of that sort of independent, vigorous, enterprising, and high-toned journalism of which The Tribune is now the chief representative in this or any other country, is sufficiently proved by the results of the past twelve months. The close of 1873 finds this paper more prosperous than it has been at any previous period of its history, and the new year opens for it with the most brilliant prospects. In a short time its mechanical facilities will surpass those of any other journal in the world; and on the completion of its new and magnificent building it will be enabled to introduce various improvements of the most important character.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune has grown very rapidly in public favor of late. In addition to a careful summary of the news it contains all the best of the foreign and domestic correspondence and leading articles of the Daily;—it gives specially the scientific intelligence (including the proceedings of all American scientific societies), with the best of the book reviews, and the miscellaneous matter relating to education, the arts, religion, &c. It has all the commercial news and market reports; all the agricultural articles of the Weekly; and gives, moreover, regularly a serial work of fiction, presenting in the course of the year three or four of the latest productions of the most popular novelists. As it takes only a few select advertisements, it is enabled to give an unusually large proportion of reading matter, and may be called, considering the extent and variety of its contents, the cheapest newspaper in the world. It is published every Tuesday and Friday, and reaches nearly every post office east of the Mississippi within one or two days of its issue.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

The Weekly Tribune has been for the space of a generation the Farmer's favorite paper. Besides a complete condensation of the news of the week, a selection of literary and miscellaneous reading, and a full page of the best editorials from the Daily, it contains in every number a greater amount of agricultural matter than is furnished by any distinctively agricultural paper. This is prepared expressly for its columns by the best agricultural writers and practical farmers in the United States; and as its contributors are in every part of the country it will be found equally valuable in New England, in the South, on the Pacific slope, or in the Mississippi Valley. Great attention is paid to all subjects connected with the Farm, the Garden, and the Household, and some of the original articles every week are illustrated with wood-cuts. The market quotations of farm produce, cattle, provisions, breadstuffs, dry goods, and all kinds of merchandise, are exceedingly full and scrupulously accurate. The utmost care is bestowed on the typographical arrangement of the paper, and the print is always clear and legible, and generally larger than that of any other New York paper

THE TRIBUNE EXTRAS.

A new feature has been added to American journalism by the valuable Tribune Extra sheets, which have attained such an extraordinary popularity during the past year. They present the fresh fruit of the best intellects of this and other countries, the most remarkable lectures, the most valuable scientific and geographical researches, at a merely nominal price. In the series of 14 Extras already published will be found, reprinted for the most part from the columns of the Daily Tribune, some of the latest lectures of Agassiz, Tyndall and Beecher; the explorations of Prof. Hayden, the full history and description of the Farmers' Movement, the best lessons of the great Vienna Exposition, and the complete report of the proceedings of the Evangelical Alliance. Half a million of the Extras have already been sold, and the demand for them is steadily increasing.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

Daily (by mail) 1 year	$10 00
Semi-Weekly, 1 year	3 00
Five copies, 1 year	12 50
Ten copies (and one extra), 1 year	25 00
Weekly, 1 year	2 00
Five copies, 1 year	7 50
Ten copies, 1 year	12 50
Twenty copies, 1 year	22 00
Thirty copies, 1 year	30 00

Each person procuring a club of ten or more subscribers is entitled to one extra Weekly, and of fifty or more to a Semi-Weekly.

Papers addressed separately to each member of Clubs will be charged ten cents additional to the above rates.

☞ Specimen copies of either edition of The Tribune, and circulars giving full details of the contents of each Extra sheet, sent free to any address in the United States.

☞ All remittances at sender's risk, unless by draft on New York, postal order, or in registered letter.

Address THE TRIBUNE, New York.

DRY GOODS IN EVERY VARIETY, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATS, FEATHERS, &C., &C.

FRANK LESLIE'S CUT PAPER PATTERNS A SPECIALTY.

HEAVY WOOLENS, DOMESTICS OF ALL KINDS,

J. R. STEBBINS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—In the matter of the application of George Bruyn, the Administrator of the goods &c., of Cornelius T. Bruyn, late of the town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, deceased, intestate, for authority to mortgage, lease or sell the real estate of the said deceased, for the payment of his debts,

WHEREAS, At a Surrogate's Court, held in and for the County of Ulster, at the Surrogate's office in the City of Kingston, on the 22d day of December, 1873, before Peter Cantine, Surrogate of said County, an order was duly made by said Surrogate in the above matter or proceeding, giving authority to the said Administrator to sell at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, the real estate in said order described, and hereinafter mentioned, for the purpose of paying the debts of the said deceased: Now, therefore, by virtue of said order, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given, that the lands and premises in said order mentioned, and hereinafter described, and of which the said Cornelius T. Bruyn died seized and possessed at the time of his decease, will be sold to the highest bidder therefor, at the Hotel of James Green, in the Town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, on the TWELFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Said real estate and premises to be sold are described as follows, viz:

"All that certain piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the Town of Shawangunk, Ulster County, and is bounded and described as follows, viz: On the northeast by lands of Robert Lewis and Daniel McKibone, on the east by lands of Charles L. Marten, on the south by the Shawangunk Kill and the lands of George Bruyn, and on the southwest by lands of William Little, and on the northwest by lands of Theron Miller and Robert Lewis, containing about one hundred and twenty-eight acres of land, be the same more or less."

Dated December 22d, 1873.

GEORGE BRUYN, Administrator.

USE

Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.

"It Works Like a Charm."

Why swallow "Humbugs" as young birds do food, When something's offered "said to be as good?"

Look out for Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Look out or you'll get cheated with something else.
Look out for counterfeit Magic Oil.
Look out for imitation of Renne's Magic Oil.
Look out for and buy genuine Magic Oil.
Look out for and buy clean and safe Magic Oil.
Look out for "It works like a charm."

Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.
Use Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil.

Its use will make you hear better.
Its use will make you see better.
Its use will make you taste better.
Its use will make you smell better.
Its use will make you feel better.
Its use will make you look better.
Its use will make you act better.

Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil is put up in three sizes, and called Trial, Medium and Family Size Bottles. WM. RENNE & SONS, Pittsfield, Mass., Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers. Reader, call for it where you trade. Sold by all our druggists.

EVERYBODY'S OWN PHYSICIAN.

By C. W. GLEASON, M. D. A magnificent volume. Over 250 Engravings. Low PRICE. One Agent took 100 ORDERS IN ONE WEEK. Agents wanted. Circulars free. H. N. McKINNEY & Co., D23w4 16 N. 7th Street, Phila.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA — EUREKA — VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

TEETH!

Colton Dental Association

Originated the use of LAUGHING GAS for painless extraction of teeth in 1863, and have given it to over 67,500 patients without a failure or accident.—Do not judge us by the failure of others.

COME TO HEAD-QUARTERS!
N12w12 19 Cooper Institute, New York.

$3 BRINGS YOU FREE BY mail the very best

"ELASTIC TRUSS"

Write at once to POMEROY & Co., 744 Broadway, N. Y. Dec10w4

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA
FACTS SWORN TO

DR. J. P. FITLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn'a in 1835, and after 30 years' experience, perfected **Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup.** I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 26th April, 1871.
F. A. OSBOURN, *Notary Public, Phila.*

We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will satisfy any one writing us. Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Pa. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. S. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Rogers, Falls Church, Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fitler, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantee, gratis. $50 Reward for an incurable case. No cure no charge, a reality. Sold by druggists. J20w4

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness,

AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Put up only in BLUE Boxes.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists. J20w4

$1,500 Made yearly by agents in their spare moments, selling our 12 new articles.—samples for 25c. Catalogues free. Nettinger & Co., 302 Broadway, N. Y. D10w4

R. H. MACY & CO.

MERRY CHRISTMAS
—AND—
HAPPY NEW YEAR.

WE ARE NOW READY.

FIFTEENTH GRAND ANNUAL OPENING OF HOLIDAY GOODS.
AT THE GRAND CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW YORK CITY FOR

TOYS, DOLLS AND FANCY GOODS.

R. H. MACY & CO.,

The Largest Toy and Fancy Goods House in the World.

It will pay you to go there every day, and stay all day. It is a day's entertainment to look thro' the stocks of this immense establishment. There is not its equal, of its kind, in the world. For the extent and variety of Fancy Goods, Toys and Dolls it stands unrivalled. Shopping at Macy's, you have the advantage of

SIXTEEN COMPLETE STOCKS TO SELECT FROM,

which consumes infinitely less time than looking over the whole city for the goods which are here brought together in one establishment. This fact, added to the certainty of the price being lower than the same goods can be purchased elsewhere, accounts for the daily throng which no panic can turn from R. H. Macy & Co.

The Departments Contain as Follows:

Department 1—Toys, Dolls, Bon Bon Boxes, Games and Dolls' Furnishing Goods.
Department 2—Toilet Articles, Leather, Bronze and China Goods, Fans, Silverware and Jewelry.
Department 3—Small Wares, Notions, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Scotch Goods, Belts, &c.
Department 4—Laces, Embroideries, Handkerch'fs Corsets, Bustles and Hoop-skirts.
Department 5—Housekeeping Linen and White Goods, Curtains, Flannels, Woolen Skirts, &c.
Department 6—Kid Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies', Gents' and Children's Furnishing Goods.
Department 7—Ladies' Ties and Neck Ruffings, Cravats, &c.
Department 8—Ribbons and Millinery Goods of every description.
Department 9—Books, Magazines, Stationery, Velvet Frames, Medallions and Gold Pens.
Department 10—Trimmings, Fringes, Buttons, Worsteds and Worsted Embroidery Patterns.
Department 11—Ladies', Gents' and Children's, Furs.
Department 12—Trimmed Hats and made-up Millinery.
Department 13—Made-up Underclothing.
Department 14—Wooden, Tin, Iron and Glass Ware, Table Cutlery, Blacking and Polishing Compounds.
Department 15—Canned Meats and Fruits, Pickles, Oils, Spices, Fancy Groceries, Chocolates, &c.
Department 16—Confectionery and Soda Water.

Also, attractive lines of

Opera Glasses, Carved Wood Goods, Inlaid Tables and Stands, China and Parian Vases, and Glove, Handkerchief and Jewel Boxes.

Owing to the unsettled state of business, this firm has decided to continue the

CASH DISCOUNT OF TEN PER CENT.

On all sales of goods in Department 1, consisting of

Toys, Dolls, Bon Bon Boxes and Doll Furnishing Goods.

Also, on the BRONZE, CHINA and LEATHER GOODS in Department 2. The prices are marked in plain figures, and any one purchasing to the extent of 50 cents or more, will have ten per cent. of the value returned in cash. To country merchants and parties buying to sell again, committees purchasing for Sunday Schools and Fairs, or Patriotic Celebrations, special and extra discounts will be made on all purchases of Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods, and our prices will be found the Lowest in the City.

TRY THEIR LAST SPECIALTY, THE 'LA FORGE' GLOVE.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED. D10w4

R. H. MACY & CO.,
Fourteenth St. and Sixth Ave., N. Y.

IN THE SUPREME COURT.—THIRD JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Pursuant to the requirements of the 7th section of chapter 480 of the Laws of 1870, the undersigned, Justices of the Supreme Court, resident in the Third Judicial Department, do hereby appoint the times and places of holding Circuit Courts and Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and Special Terms within said Third Judicial Department, for two years, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and assign Justices to hold said Courts as follows:

CIRCUIT COURTS AND COURTS OF OYER AND TERMINER.

ALBANY.

Fourth Monday in January,	Learned.
First Monday in May,	Westbrook.
First Monday in October,	Westbrook.
First Monday in December,	Ingalls.

COLUMBIA.

Fourth Monday in January,	Westbrook.
Fourth Monday in March,	Learned.
First Monday in October,	Ingalls.

GREENE.

Third Monday in February,	Westbrook.
First Monday in June,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in December,	Learned.

SCHOHARIE.

Second Monday in January,	Westbrook.
Third Monday in April,	Ingalls.
Third Monday in October,	Learned.

SULLIVAN.

Fourth Monday in May,	Learned.
Fourth Monday in October,	Ingalls.

RENSSELAER.

Second Monday in February,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in May,	Learned.
Second Monday in November,	Westbrook.

ULSTER.

Second Monday in January,	Ingalls.
Second Monday in April,	Westbrook.
First Monday in October,	Learned.

Special Term for Motions only, at City Hall, Albany.

Last Tuesday of January,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of February,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of March,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of April,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of May,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of June,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of July,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of August,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of September,	Ingalls.
Last Tuesday of October,	Westbrook.
Last Tuesday of November,	Learned.
Last Tuesday of December,	Ingalls.

Special Terms for Motions and Argument of Demurrers and Chambers.

First Tuesday of every month, at Troy—Ingalls.
Second Tuesday of every month, at Albany—Learned.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Hudson—Miller.
Third Tuesday of every month, at Kingston—Westbrook.

When Judges are not otherwise engaged such terms are only for motions in the Third Judicial District and always open for *ex parte* business.

C. R. INGALLS,
W. L. LEARNED,
T. R. WESTBROOK,
Justices of the Supreme Court.

200 PIANOS & ORGANS

New and Second-hand, of First-class Makers, will be sold at lower prices for cash, or on instalments, in city or country, during this financial crisis and the holidays, by Horace Waters & Son, No. 481 Broadway, than ever offered in New York. Agents wanted for the sale of Waters's celebrated Pianos, Concerto and Orchestral Organs. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Great inducements to the Trade. A large discount to ministers, churches, sunday-schools, etc. D10w4

"CAMPHORINE"

The Greatest Discovery of the Age for the relief and cure of Rheumatism, chronic and acute, Sprains, Bruises, Pain in Chest, Back, or Limbs, Stiff Joints, Strains, Glandular Swellings, Inflammation, Neuralgia, Bunions, Catarrh, &c. Will not grease or stain the most delicate fabric, which makes it a luxury in every family. Try it and be convinced of its great merit. Price per bottle, 25 cents. REUBEN HOYT, Prop'r, 203 Greenwich St., N. Y. J5w4

$2,500 A YEAR

made with our splendid COMBINATION PROSPECTUS. It represents Sample Pages and Style of Binding of 50 intensely interesting and useful books, that SELL in every Family. Best things ever tried by Canvassers. **Agents Wanted** to make a permanent business on these works. Send $1.50 for Prospectus, the only outfit needed, choose territory and commence at once. For Illustrated Circulars and Liberal Terms, address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa. Jan5w4

"PSYCHOMANCY, or Soul Charming," How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding-Night Shirt, &c. A queer book.—Address T. WILLIAM & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia. J20w4

Thompson's Business College,

18 AND 20 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY.

Bookkeeping, Writing, English Branches and Languages, Instruction day and evening; terms low; Ladies department separate. Telegraphy taught to men, womens', boys and girls practically; a great demand for operators, J5w12

THE HOLIDAYS

ARE OVER

AND THE

USUAL DULLNESS IN TRADE

WILL PREVAIL

FOR A SHORT SEASON

UNLESS SOME IMPETUS

MERCHANTS

Should consider whether it is better to convert their stock into cash and bridge over this period, or remain idle.

THE DAILY FREEMAN

OFFERS THE

VERY BEST ADVANTAGES

For Building up a

LARGE AND LIVELY TRADE

TRY IT

AND

BE CONVINCED.

AMUSEMENTS.

MUSIC HALL.

CRANE'S
LYCEUM ENTERTAINMENTS.

—14th YEAR.—

MR. H. M. CRANE

ANNOUNCES THE FOLLOWING ATTRACTIONS:

CONCERT EVERY NIGHT

BY THE ORCHESTRA UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

Mr. Albert Burger

This interval of 45 minutes of musical and social enjoyment has come to be an attractive and popular feature.

EXTRA!

THE HAMPTON SINGERS

Will give one of their unique concerts on

Wednesday Ev'g, Feb. 11,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW PROGRAMME.

ADMISSION, - - - - - 50 CENTS.

No half prices. No Free List. Tickets may be secured at Winter's, Down Town and Up-Town.

DOORS OPEN AT 7. ORCHESTRA 7.10 LECTURE AT 8.

A LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL INFORMATION.

THE NEW

American Cyclopædia.

Complete in 16 Volumes.

This important work presents a panoramic view of all human knowledge, as it exists at the present moment. It embraces and popularizes every subject that can be thought of, and contains an inexhaustible fund of accurate and practical information. No topic, in brief, is omitted, upon which information can be desired. The work is a library in itself; it is a complete universal instructor, and opens to the student and general reader the whole field of knowledge.

should be owned by every intelligent family in the country.

PRICE AND STYLE OF BINDING.

In extra Cloth, per vol.,	$5.00
In Library Leather, per vol.,	6.00
In Half Turkey Morocco, per vol.,	6.50

THE

ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA.

Commenced in 1861.

TWELVE VOLUMES NOW OUT.

The same price per volume, and uniform with the NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA.

PUBLISHED ONE VOLUME ANNUALLY.

REGISTERING ALL THE IMPORTANT EVENTS OF EACH YEAR—VALUABLE AS A WORK OF REFERENCE.

OPINIONS OF

DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS.

"No. 17 Arlington St., London, England. *Jan. 6, 1870.*

"I thank you for the opportunity of expressing my opinion of the great value of the 'NEW AMERICAN' and 'ANNUAL CYCLOPÆDIA.' I own the work and have it with me here, and am in the habit of consulting it every day to my very great advantage. It is most admirable. J. L. MOTLEY,
"U. S. Minister to the Court of St. James."

"Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1869.

I consider the New American Cyclopædia, published by D. Appleton & Co., vastly superior for the American reader to any other Cyclopædia now before the public. REV. BISHOP SIMPSON."

"Boston, Oct. 25, 1869.

I own Appletons' Cyclopædia, and use it constantly. It should be in every library, public and private—I would say in every house, within reach of every family. The young should use it.
CHARLES SUMNER."

"I use the 'New American Cyclopaedia' every day, generally many times a day. I think it the best work of the kind in existence. It is singularly well suited to families. The children who grow up in a house where there is a copy of it within reach, can hardly escape becoming well-informed persons. I value it very highly, and am glad of this opportunity of testifying my gratitude.
JAMES PARTON."

"Tribune Office, N. Y. City, Oct. 30, 1869.
MY DEAR SIR: I have used the 'New American Cyclopaedia' since the first volume came into existence, and deem it the best work of the kind in print. Yours, &c., HORACE GREELEY."

"North Shore, S. I., N. Y., Oct. 19, 1869.
Appletons' Cyclopaedia is unquestionably the best popular manual of general reference for an American. GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS."

"Washington, Nov. 12, 1869.
DEAR SIR: I quite agree with Mr. Curtis, that the 'New American Cyclopaedia' is 'the best manual of general reference for an American.' The annual continuations are also of great value.
S. P. CHASE.

ANY VOLUME SOLD SEPARATELY.

SOLD BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
549 & 551 Broadway, New York.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

COUGHS, SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and every affection of the THROAT, LUNGS and CHEST, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials it has received. The *genuine* is signed "I. *Butts*" on the wrapper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, PROPRIETORS, Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally.

W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye

is splendid, never fails. Established 27 years.—Properly applied at Batchelor's celebrated Wig and Toupee Factory, 16 Bond Street, New York.

W. A. Batchelor's Alaska Seal Oil

for the Hair. The best Hair Oil in use.

W. A. Batchelor's Dentrifrice

for beautifying and preserving the Teeth and Gums and deodorizing the Breath.

W. A. Batchelor's New Cosmetique

Black or Brown for fixing the Hair, Whiskers or Moustachois without greasing them. Sold wholesale and retail at factory, 16 Bond Street, New York, and by all druggists. Ask for them. Jan5w4

ONE HUNDRED PIECE

French China Dinner Set

FOR $22.

French China Given Away (almost). Tea, Toilet Sets and everything else same way. Call or send for Catalogues.

WASHINGTON HADLEY'S,
6th Ave. and 12th St., N. Y.
(Late Cooper Institute.) Nov12w12

Wentworth's Key-ring and Check combined. Circulars free. Stafford Manufacturing Co., 66 Fulton St., D10w4

The Highest Medical Authorities of Europe say the strongest Tonic, Purifier and Deobstruent known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen.—Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt-st., New York, J5w4

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR

Prof. FOWLER'S GREAT WORK

On Manhood, Womanhood and their Mutual Inter-Relations; Love, Its Laws, Power, etc. Agents are selling from 15 to 25 copies of this work a day, and we send a canvassing book free to any book agent. Address, stating experience, etc., NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Phila., Pa. J20w4

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN

LARGEST PAPER IN THE STATE.

40 IMMENSE COLUMNS!

Ten Columns of Local News Every Week, besides Twenty-Two Columns of Miscellaneous News.

Latest Telegraphic News up to Time of Going to Press!

PRICE REDUCED!!

Only $1.50 Per Annum!

COMPARE THE WEEKLY FREEMAN WITH OTHER PAPERS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

CHEAPEST & BEST.

TERMS, $1.50 PER ANNUM!

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

☞ No subscriptions received unless accompanied with the cash, and papers promptly discontinued at expiration of subscription. Send $1.50 to

The Freeman Printing & Publishing Association,

RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

THE WEEKLY FREEMAN.

Largest Paper in the State

FORTY IMMENSE COLUMNS.

Ten Columns of Local News Every Week, besides Twenty-Two Columns of Miscellaneous News.

Latest Telegraphic News up to Time of Going to Press

PRICE REDUCED!!

Only $1.50 Per Annum!

Compare the WEEKLY FREEMAN with Other Papers!!

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

CHEAPEST AND BEST!

TERMS, $1.50 PER ANNUM!

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

☞ No subscriptions received unless accompanied with the cash, and papers promptly discontinued at expiration of subscription. Send $1.50 to

FREEMAN PRINTING & PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

RONDOUT P. O., N. Y.

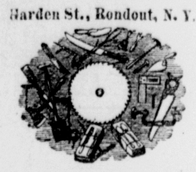
HARDWARE!

To Builders, Farmers & Others!

If you want bargains call and examine the stock of

A. DODGE,

Barden St., Rondout, N. Y.



Great Inducements to Buyers!

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL,

Nails, Spikes, Builders' Hardware, Carpenters', Blacksmiths', Wagon-Makers' and Coopers Tools.

Axles, Springs, Horse-Shoe Nails, Nail-Rods, Wagon Woodwork, such as Spokes, Felloes, Hubs, Shafts, Poles, &c.,

Bolts, Screws, Axle-Clips, Felloe-Plates, Thimble-Screws, and a general assortment of

Shelf Hardware

Plated Forks, Spoons, &c., Table and Pocket Cutlery, Axes, Knives, etc., etc.

Always on hand the cheapest and best CLOTHES WRINGER in use—COLBY'S—the Ladies' Favorite.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Agricultural Implements of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Forks, &c., of every description.

CARPENTERS and BUILDERS will obtain Great Bargains in buying what they want in their line at Dodge's, Rondout.

Rondout, April 1, 1873. A. DODGE.

BOATS, BARGES, SCHOONERS, SLOOPS,

AND VESSELS OF ALL KINDS

BUILT AND REPAIRED

AT THE YARD OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

Columbus Avenue, Ponckhockie.

WM. GOKEY

The Magic Comb Sent by mail to any one for $1. Will change any colored hair to a permanent black or brown, and contains no poison. Trade supplied at low rates. Address, MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass. Dec15w4

N. Y., K. & S. R. R. TIME-TABLE.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS GOING WEST

STATIONS.	1 A. M.	3 P. M.
Rondout,	leave 7 00	3 15
W. V. R. W. Junction,	" 7 12	3 27
Kingston,	" 7 22	3 50
Stony Hollow,	" 7 39	4 06
West Hurley,	" 7 48	4 15
Beaverkill,	" 8 00	4 32
Brooks' Crossing